The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIX.—NO. 268. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1900—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MOB MOVES ON WORKING MINE.

Strikers from McAdoo March to Derringer, With Sheriff Harvey and Deputies in Hot Pursuit.

BATTLE MAY BE RESULT.

Monday Shows Gain for Union, Few Men Entering Shafts, Despite Fact Soldiers Are on Guard.

LITTLE COAL TAKEN OUT.

Trouble May Spread to Bituminous Workings if Stock Is Used to Aid in the Struggle with Anthracite Diggers.

ARCHBISHOP RYAN IS HOPEFUL.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 25, 8 a. m.—[Special.]—At 1:30 o'clock this (Tuesday) morning a force of strikers, 300 strong, started from McAdoo for the Coxe Bros. & Co. collieries at Derringer, where a number of men had remained at work. Twenty minutes later Sheriff Harvey and a force of deputies were in pursuit.

The men from McAdoo are being reinforced at every mining village they pass, and their force probably will number 1,000 before Derringer is reached at 6 a. m.

The plants in the Tomhicken Valley are guarded, and if the marchers elude Sheriff Harvey and his force they can easily prevent the miners from going to work this morning.

It was the most elaborately planned and closely guarded march the strikers have made thus far. The men from McAdoo went to the rendezvous, two miles south of Hazleton, in small squads. There they met the men from other mining districts.

Sheriff Harvey, when he left Hazleton at 1:30 o'clock, hoped to intercept the column near its starting point and induce the men to return home. He has not returned to Hazleton at this hour, and it is supposed the strikers started before he appeared and that he and his deputies are following them to Derringer.

The Sheriff's force is numerically too small to cope with the miners, if they make a determined stand in the Hazleton region. However, the men have thus far respected the command of the local authorities and may do so now.

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Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—[To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.]—Fully 90 per cent of the anthracite coal miners are now on strike. Between Mahanoy City and Ashland only two collieries are working, and these two are shorthanded. The men are patient and determined. They will not go back to work till their demands are granted. Our prospects are brighter tonight than ever.

JOHN MITCHELL,
President United Mine Workers' association.

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Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—[To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.]—The operators in the Scranton district were rash enough today to try to resume work at one colliery. I not only prevented that, but closed down the washery as well. The men of my district are standing firm. No change will come till our demands are granted.

FRED DILCHER,
National Organizer, Scranton District.

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Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—[To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune.]—Nearly 1,000 more men are idle in the Hazleton district today than on Saturday. Lattimer is badly crippled. Markle's Jeddo collieries are in the same fix. We are going to gain men and strength daily. BENJAMIN JAMES,
National Organizer, Hazleton District.

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[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Bloody Monday in the anthracite region has come and gone without disorder, but it has been a great day for the strikers. In the Schuylkill region, where 2,200 troops are on duty, 20,000 men refused to go to work. There was an abundance of protection, but few to protect.

From Mahanoy City to Ashland only two collieries mined any coal today. These were at Cambridge and Keeley's Run, where several hundred men reported for work at 7 a. m. The miners' boast that there would be fewer men at work today than on Saturday has proven true. The operators had everything they desired, except men. There were hundreds of coal cars to be filled and a small army to guard the men who filled them, but there were no men.

President Mitchell stated tonight that 90 per cent of the anthracite miners were idle. The strike leaders feel now there is nothing to be done but to hold their men in line and they will win.

At dawn the first move in the day's test of strength was made. Nearly all Brigadier General Gobin's little army broke camp at 8 a. m. and scattered over the country in every direction. Four companies were hurried to Audenried and McAdoo, but were withdrawn when Burgess McGeehan protested against their presence.

Too Few Men to Resume Work.

Two hours after the troops had awakened the colliery doors were thrown open. Then it was that the great strength of the miners was demonstrated, for so few men were on hand that the effort to resume work was abandoned.

The presence of troops so close to Hazleton would induce many men to quit the strikers' ranks, the operators here believed, but the shut-down was nearly as complete as in the Shenandoah district.

At Lattimer, of blood memory, not more than 400 men donned their working clothes, where a few days ago 1,400 were at work. At Markle & Co.'s Jeddo mines only one colliery was producing coal. Eckley was closed, and Beaver Meadow was struggling with a reduced force.

Reports from the Scranton district show the shut-down there to be complete.

(Continued on third page.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

CHINA.

Charles Williams, London war expert, thinks withdrawal of United States from allies' concert will lead to trouble. Reported in Russia that powers are working to induce Germany to modify note. Berlin correspondent of London Express says Germany is formulating new note suggesting international court to try Chinese leaders. Vienna paper regards American reply to German note as result of political consideration.

J. H. Roberts and four other American missionaries, who escaped from Kalgan, reached London after being chased across Gobi Desert.

Murder of boat load of native Christian women reported from Canton.

Russians captured forts at Su-Tai, twenty miles north of Taku.

FOREIGN.

In honor of new Queen's birthday King Alexander of Servia released condemned Radicals from prison.

Argentine press urges South American republics to combine against aggressive policy of Chile.

Official of Paris pronounced Yerkes' plan to give city rapid transit to be impossible.

Dr. Nansen and Duke d'Abruzzi will head a joint expedition in search of north pole.

Gabriel Vaucaire, French poet, is dead.

LOCAL.

Council devoted session to gas. Mayor was instructed to use discretion in paying for city gas bills, object being to get as low rate as other consumers. Eleven resolutions and orders introduced; most of them referred to Judiciary committee by vote of 38 to 26.

Mrs. Eva Bott and Dr. Thomas W. Wallace found unconscious in latter's apartments, 178 East Seventy-ninth street; woman died, man recovered and his arrest ordered. Police say something is being hidden.

William C. Lyon, former member of Board of Trade, and prominent club man, died of heart disease. Lewis P. Hastings, old resident of Chicago, died of apoplexy in Nebraska.

Postoffice official said removal of mail boxes in vicinity of Polk street and Ashland avenue was on account of delay in repairing streets.

Three girls ran away from their homes in Fifty-fifth street; Hyde Park police looking for them.

Drainage board will withdraw offer to build bridges unless city soon indorses its plans.

John Ryan surrendered to police and confessed to killing of George Fetner four years ago.

Superintendent Healy and County Commissioners in dispute over Dunning coal bill.

J. R. Thornton, accused of selling short-weight coal, held blameless by City Sealer.

Mayor assumed burden of irregularities charged to Commissioner McGann.

Porchclimbers stole $800 worth of jewelry from George Prussing's house.

Alleged water theft cases to be taken up by grand jury on Wednesday.

Camil Eckhart held to grand jury for death of fellow-workman.

School children gave $4,330 for Galveston relief fund.

State closed its evidence against Lloyd J. Smith.

DOMESTIC.

Morris Sternfelt, retired merchant, killed and twelve persons injured in trolley car collision on Third avenue line, New York.

Baroness von Schutzbar, formerly of Chicago, mysteriously robbed of $2,000 worth of jewelry in New York.

Sidewalk collapsed at Woolley meeting at Huron, S. D. Seven women and two children injured.

Three-inch gun burst while being tested at Sandy Hook proving grounds.

Official trip of battleship Wisconsin will be made on Oct. 1.

Forest fire near Occidental, Cal., assumed vast proportions.

Colorado River threatens to flood Texas Valley towns.

Eight persons killed in cyclone at Morristown, Minn.

Torpedo boat O'Brien launched at Elizabeth, N. J.

Two more Dowie elders driven from Mansfield, O.

Illinois State fair opened at Springfield.

POLITICAL.

One thousand employés in wholesale store of Marshall Field & Co. took test vote, giving McKinley 851 and Bryan 140 votes.

President McKinley's Chinese policy indorsed by Congregational Ministers' association.

Chicago Business-Men's Sound Money association will meet tomorrow to reorganize.

Illinois Methodist Conference at Hoopeston approved McKinley's course in China.

Bryan will put his hope of election on chance of carrying New York State.

Bryan and Croker denied that latter was promised Cabinet position.

Reported that poll of Indiana shows Republican gains.

Roosevelt cheered by women voters of Wyoming.

Senator Hanna arrived in New York to stay a week.

Yates is stumping in Ohio River counties.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

At 1:30 this morning 300 strikers started from McAdoo for collieries at Derringer, where men returned to work, followed by Sheriff and deputies. Strikers won first test in anthracite region, smaller number of men working than on Saturday; 5,000 miners at Shenandoah victims' funeral swear never to yield. No disturbances reported. Chicago Methodist ministers requested arbitration of strike. Local dealers in soft coal met and discussed advance in price to take effect on Oct. 1. Advance of 50 cents a ton on hard coal predicted for tomorrow.

Members of Plumbers' union made unsuccessful attempt to withdraw their organization from Building Trades council.

Chicago Board of Trade grain quotations case taken under advisement by Judge Seaman at Milwaukee.

South Side citizens organized to fight People's Gas company. Stock declined 2¾ points in Wall street.

Railroad officers say reduction in steel rails from $35 to $26 a ton is not enough.

Steel mills in various sections started up, following agreement on wage scale.

James R. Keene arrived in New York from Europe and stocks took a tumble.

Egbert Mills & Co., brokers, New York, failed. Liabilities, $250,000.

Rail grain rates likely to go up in October.

SPORTING.

Entries for Northwestern amateur golf championship over Onwentsia course not up to expectations.

Taylor and Vardon expected to take part in Chicago Golf club's open championship tournament.

Horse owners and trainers organized to secure suitable racing dates.

Five drivers fined at opening of trotting meeting, Terre Haute, Ind.

CHICAGO PUPILS GIVE $4,330.48.

Children in the City's Public Schools Contribute a Generous Fund for Aid of Galveston.

MORE IS STILL TO COME.

Plan First Suggested in "The Tribune" by Ethel Donelson of the Grant School.

REPAY DEBT TO TEXAS CITY

Pupils in the public schools of Chicago yesterday contributed a total fund of $4,330.48 for the aid of the Galveston flood sufferers. The fund is not yet complete. In some schools no collections could be taken, owing to the Jewish holidays, and in others the attendance was light on this same account. For this reason the time for receiving donations from the school children has been extended by Superintendent of Schools Cooley until Wednesday evening. The fund reported yesterday was by 184 out of 247 schools. Others are yet to be heard from. Forty-eight of these schools have already sent their collections to Secretary Legner.

The plan for a general subscription on the part of the school children was first suggested in the columns of THE TRIBUNE. Ethel Donelson, a pupil in the Grant School, wrote a letter to THE TRIBUNE ten days ago asking for the authority for a school children's donation. Her suggestion was supported the next day by Postoffice Inspector Walter S. Mayer, also in a letter to THE TRIBUNE. Mr. Mayer stated, as an additional reason, that the Galveston school children had contributed to the relief of Chicago after the fire. The consent of the members of the Board of Education was obtained informally by THE TRIBUNE and it was ratified last Wednesday night at the meeting of the board.

Letter Which Started It.

The letter which was the origin of the fund follows:

"Chicago, Sept. 13.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I wish to ask through your paper that action be taken by the school children of Chicago to aid the suffering children of Galveston. Many who cannot subscribe to the citizens' fund can give something, and the blessing it would give to these suddenly homeless dear ones would be great. We would not miss a few pennies, so let each central school take a daily collection for thirty days only, to be placed in the hands of some responsible persons—yourselves, if agreeable. Will you kindly give space to this? Yours, truly, ETHEL DONELSON,
"927 Monroe and Oakley, member Grant School."

Repay a Good Deed.

In the raising of the fund the Chicago school children have repaid, in a measure, a debt to Galveston which was incurred after the Chicago fire, when the Galveston schools were dismissed and the pupils solicited aid for this city. The manner in which the Chicago pupils repaid the debt was told to Governor Sayers last night in the following telegram:

"Governor Sayers, Austin, Tex.: Chicago school children today raised $4,330 for the aid of Galveston in return for the aid of Galveston school children after the Chicago fire. CHICAGO TRIBUNE."

Reports of the amounts collected in 184 schools were made to THE TRIBUNE last night by principals in answer to telegrams sent to the schools during the day. Some principals reported that collections would be taken today and tomorrow on account of the Jewish holidays. Others were unable to get reports from their scattered branch schools. The total will receive additions today and tomorrow.

One Victim Tells the Story.

While the collections were being made in the Graham School, Union and Forty-fifth streets, Charity Rowell, 13 years old, who had spent the night of the storm on the roof of her father's farmhouse on Galveston Bay, went from room to room telling of her experiences in the flood. She is just now the guest of Miss Benson, an eighth grade teacher in the Graham School. She told how everything on her father's farm had been swept away, and how her father barricaded the house with unused doors and how the family had escaped by spending the night on the roof.

The following is a report by schools of the amounts collected:

HIGH SCHOOLS.

Austin	$30.00
Englewood High	41.38
English High and Manual Training	25.00
Calumet	5.00
Hyde Park	43.00
Jefferson	16.75
North Division	26.00
Northwest Division	22.10
South Division	24.00
West Division	10.45
Normal Practice School	18.00

GRADE SCHOOLS.

A.

Adams	$15.30	Andrew Jackson	$ 9.00
Agassiz	32.49	Armour Street	18.00
A. H. Burley	20.00	Arnold	15.00
Alcott	50.00	Auburn Park	3.25
Alice L. Barnard	18.12	Audubon	19.00
Anderson	10.00		

B.

Bancroft	$20.50	Brainard	$10.00
Bass	25.00	Brentano	94.11
Beale	35.00	Brighton	20.00
Belle Plaine	9.15	Bryant	11.00
Bernhard Moos	11.00	Burnside	18.00
Bismarck	18.00	Burr	8.00
Bowmanville	11.10	Burroughs	12.94
Blaine	22.00		

C.

Calhoun	$32.00	Chase	$11.55
Cameron	10.28	Chicago Lawn	14.00
Carpenter	39.00	Clarke	18.85
Carter	19.66	Cooper	8.75
Chalmers	28.00	Cornell	10.56
Charles Kozminski	22.49	Curtis	18.00
Charles W. Earle	8.70		

D.

David Swing	$ 9.50	D. R. Cameron	$16.25
D. J. Corkery	8.00	Drummond	12.75
Dore	9.91	D. S. Wentworth	21.60

E.

Eighty-third St.	$ 4.00	Emerson	$12.00
Ellen Mitchell	20.00	Eugene Field	37.50

F.

Fallon	$11.50	Frank J. Jirka	$16.62
Farragut	11.00	Fuller	16.41
Farren	11.53	Fulton	6.00
Fernwood	5.00	Froebel	15.00
Frances Willard	33.00		

G.

George Howland	$37.00	Graham	$30.00
George H. Thomas	6.30	Grant	20.49
Gladstone	17.29	Greenwood Av.	01.00
Goethe	12.00	Gresham	10.00

H.

Hammond	$ 7.72	Healy	$12.00
Hancock	10.79	Hendricks	15.23
Hartigan	8.00	Henry Clay	9.00
Harvard	12.00	Henry Nash	10.60
Hawthorne	26.00	Holden	11.50
Hayne	10.00	Horace Greeley	32.00
Headley	15.98	Horace Mann	14.00
Hedges	4.25	Huron Street	6.00

(Continued on third page.)

MAYOR TAKES THE BLAME

DECLARES HIMSELF RESPONSIBLE FOR M'GANN'S COURSE.

Tells Civil Service Commission He Ordered Certain Contracts Given to Four Men and Revoked the Instruction When Harm Came of It—Letter Concerning Conduct of Inquiry on Board of Local Improvements—Hearing Resumed and Evidence Heard.

Mayor Harrison yesterday took the burden of undenied charges of irregularities off the shoulders of his Commissioner of Public Works, Lawrence E. McGann, who, it was expected, would have to bear them for the administration as a scapegoat. The Mayor admitted "mistakes," but said that the blame rested with him. He said that he had followed the ways of his predecessors and had fallen into errors which led to abuses.

In a communication addressed to the Civil Service commission and read by President Lindblom when the trial of the Board of Local Improvements was resumed, the Mayor took the responsibility for an order which resulted in the formation of a contractors' combine. In addition to lifting the burden from Commissioner McGann, who signed the order, the Mayor gave the Civil Service commission an idea of how he thought the trial should be conducted. It is expected that his advice will be followed.

Mayor's Suggestion for the Inquiry.

"If this investigation is being carried on for other than political purposes," said the Mayor in his advice, "public interests would be protected better, at least so it seems to me, by examining methods in vogue in the transaction of business by the Board of Local Improvements, rather than by an investigation of matters which the members of the board as well as myself admit to have been abuses, and which they recognized as abuses two years ago, and which were put at an end at that time, once and for all, by the adoption of proper and effective measures."

Mayor Harrison assumed responsibility for the order which gave all house drain work to four contractors. This, he admitted, was a "mistake," but he stated that as soon as it was discovered his order, being misconstrued by his subordinates, was bringing about abuses the order was revoked.

During the trial an order signed by Commissioner McGann had been presented. It instructed F. E. Davidson, former Superintendent of Sewers, to give all house drain work to certain contractors. Mr. Davidson had testified that he called the commissioners' attention to the fact that the "boys" had combined, to the detriment of the taxpayers, he believed. He said Mr. McGann's answer was that "his was an administrative office and had nothing to do with politics."

Declares McGann Not Responsible.

Of this order the Mayor said:

"In justice to Mr. McGann I feel it my duty publicly to state that I accept full responsibility for the writing of this letter, as in the month of September, 1897, I addressed a letter to him covering the same subject matter and in substantially the same language, and about the same time probably gave him instructions of a similar character relative to other local improvement work whereof the cost did not exceed $500.

"This letter was written in good faith and duly transmitted in the regular order of business. It was not intended in writing this letter or giving these instructions to direct, to authorize, or to sanction the violation of any charter provision, law, or ordinance applicable to contract work, but merely to indicate that, all other things being equal, work should be assigned to the contractors named. I thought only to follow the example of preceding administrations, and in doing so to award the work to contractors whom I knew as good men, providing always they performed good work at the lowest price."

In the continuation of the trial Superintendent John A. May admitted facts tending to prove that the methods used in sending copies of the specifications for improvements to property-owners had nullified the object for which they were sent. Mr. May admitted that the specifications had not reached the property-owners until after the work had been completed. The notices had been sent in the order in which the improvements were decided upon and that they had not caught up with the work.

The Civic federation sent Attorney J. F. Holland to the hearing to represent it.

EARLY MORNING DUEL RESULTS IN DEATH FOR ONE OF THE CONTESTANTS.

Amazari Edwardo Alzari Stabs Another Italian in the Heart During a Fight in Clark Street, Near Polk—Victim Expires in an Ambulance.

Amzari Edwardo Alzari engaged in a duel with stilettos early this morning on Clark street, between Harrison and Polk streets, with a fellow-countryman, whose identity has not yet been established.

Alzari stabbed his opponent in the heart, causing his death in an ambulance as he was being taken to the County Hospital. The body was left at the County Morgue.

Alzari received a deep cut over the left eye and another on the chin.

Alzari was taken to the Samaritan Hospital, where his wounds were dressed, and then to the Harrison Street Police Station. He said he resided at 384 Clark street and that he became engaged in a quarrel with his antagonist, whom he met on the street shortly after 2 o'clock. He said he never saw the victim before.

LOSES $4,000 IN THE THEATER, AND FINDS MONEY UNDER A SEAT.

George Max Esterly, Returned Klondike Miner, Drops His Wallet While Attending Performance at Powers'—Recovers Property with Aid of Police.

George Max Esterly, a returned Klondike miner whose home is at Whitewater, Wis., lost his wallet, containing $4,000 in currency and negotionable papers, while attending the performance of "Brother Officers" at Powers' Theater with his wife last evening. Mr. and Mrs. Esterly are stopping at the Great Northern Hotel.

After their return from the theater Mr. Esterly discovered his loss, and wasted no time reporting it to Lieutenant Rohan of police headquarters. Detective McLean was put on the case, and, accompanied Mr. Esterly to the theater, where, with the assistance of the watchman, the wallet, with its valuable contents untouched, was found lying under the seat in the orchestra circle occupied by Mr. Esterly during the performance.

FLOODS SWEEP TEXAS VALLEYS.

Town of San Saba on River of Same Name Above Austin Is Reported Partly Destroyed.

STREAMS ARE RAGING.

People Along the Colorado and Its Tributaries Are Warned to Flee from the Lowlands.

HIGHEST WATER RECORDED.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Word was received here from Llano saying that San Saba, forty miles north of there, with a population of about 1,000, was partly destroyed by the flood in the San Saba River.

The news came by telephone, and it was said that all bridges on the San Saba were carried away. The San Saba is still rising.

No news could be had from San Saba people tonight, the wires all being down. It is feared there has been great loss of life in the bottoms, as the rise was in the night and came without warning.

Marble Falls Destroyed.

It is reported here at a late hour tonight that the town of Marble Falls has been washed away by the Colorado River, and that there is a fifty-foot rise at Kingsland. Efforts to reach Marble Falls are without avail. It is a small town of 800 people twenty-five miles above Austin, on the Colorado River, and is the terminus of a branch of the Austin and Northwestern road.

Colorado Still Rising.

The Colorado River here at 10 p. m. was rising rapidly and people in the lowlands have prepared to move out, having been warned by the police.

Telegrams were received here tonight from Kingsland, 100 miles north of here, urging that the people along the valley of the Colorado River be warned that a terrific flood is coming down, and that the river is higher than ever before known in that stream.

The Colorado River has already risen fifteen feet at Austin within the last few hours, and this additional flood, if the startling reports from above are correct, will inundate the whole valley and do great destruction to property.

The section west and north of here, along the Perdenales River, was visited by a terrific rain and wind storm last night. Meager reports were received here today, showing that the storm did much damage. Many cattle were swept away by the Perdenales overflowing its banks. Ranch buildings were also destroyed. It is reported that a number of people were caught in the flood and drowned.

Northern Sections Flooded.

Denton, Tex., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Heavy rains fell over north Texas again last night and all creeks and rivers are higher than in months. All trains are running late and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas track between here and Dallas is submerged by the overflow of the Elm Fork of the Trinity.

Heavy Damage at Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Tex., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—County Commissioner William Baird said today that the damage to county roads, bridges, and culverts in this, No. 1, precinct by the storm will reach $25,000. It is estimated that the losses in the county will exceed $100,000.

Trinity River Raging.

Dallas, Tex., Sept. 24.—The Trinity River is higher tonight than it has been since 1890, when it broke all records. The water tonight lacks only six feet of reaching the 1890 mark and is still rising. Owing to heavy rains last night and yesterday on the Elm Fork, the West Fork, and the Clear Fork, all of them emptying into the Trinity above Dallas, the prospect is that the stream is going past the 1890 mark some time tonight.

The Weather bureau ordered storm signals up for a northeast gale on Lake Superior and a southeast gale on Lake Michigan and Lake Huron last night. On Lake Michigan the wind will be high and dangerous for small craft, but it is thought large loaded steamers may go along without trouble. The barometer at Minneapolis last night registered 29.12 and at Duluth 29.54, showing a trough of low pressure, which may bring a heavy storm on the lakes. The wind on Lake Michigan last night reached a velocity of twenty-five miles an hour and was constantly increasing. Sailing vessels were reported as seeking shelter along the west shore.

PORCH CLIMBERS LOOT GEORGE PRUSSING'S HOME AND GET $800 IN JEWELRY.

Robbery Committed While Members of the Family Are in the House—Entrance May Have Been Through Front Door.

The residence of George Prussing, a wealthy builder contractor at 558 Dearborn avenue, was entered by porch climbers last evening and $800 worth of jewelry and clothing was stolen. Several rooms in which plunder might have been secured were not visited. Members of the family were in the lower part of the house during the entire evening and there is a difference of opinion as to whether the thieves gained entrance through the front door, which may have been left open, or through a window in the front room of the second story.

The robbery was effected without attracting a single member of the household. It were seen standing near the edge of the sidewalk in front of the house about 8:30 o'clock, were either the principals or their assistants in the robbery.

Two members of the family heard noises at different times in the rooms of the second floor of the house, but supposed that other members of the family were moving about in their apartments and gave no further heed to the matter until the discovery was made at 9 o'clock that the house had been looted.

Among the articles of jewelry taken were three gold watches worth $450; three pins, with settings of diamonds, worth $200; other small pieces of jewelry and articles of wearing apparel worth $100, and Mrs. Prussing's purse, containing $50

SECRET IN WOMAN'S DEATH

MRS. EVA BOSS AND DR. T. W. WALLACE FOUND UNCONSCIOUS.

She Succumbs but Man Recovers—Escaping Gas in Latter's Apartments, at 178 East Seventy-ninth Street Thought Insufficient to Be Cause of the Trouble—After Man Is Able to Walk Patrol Wagon Goes to Take Him to Station.

Dr. Thomas W. Wallace, 178 East Seventy-ninth street, and Mrs. Eva Boss, 7846 Coles avenue, were found unconscious by Mrs. J. K. Dick in the doctor's apartments last night. Mrs. Dick lives in the same building. A gas jet was turned partly on and the fluid had filled the room, although an open window had so diluted it that the police believe some other agent caused the unconsciousness of the couple.

There are two gas jets in the room. One was burning and from the other gas was escaping. The police maintain that there was not enough gas in the room to overcome the couple. If sufficient gas had accumulated, they say, it would have been ignited by the flame of the other jet.

Mrs. Boss was taken to her home, where she died at 1 o'clock this morning without regaining consciousness. Her body was taken to Kreb's undertaking rooms, 9040 Erie avenue.

Dr. Wallace, more able to stand the experience, rallied slowly under treatment, and finally was able to sit up. Efforts to learn from him what caused the unconsciousness met with failure. This awakened the curiosity of Lieutenant Melaniphy of the South Chicago police. He sent the patrol wagon for Dr. Wallace when he had recovered early this morning.

Doctors Work Over the Patients.

Drs. John Staneff and Charles F. Swan were called when the couple were found. They worked over the patients for several hours. It was seen that Mrs. Boss was likely to die. At midnight the final collapse began. Drs. J. A. Anderson and H. Veatch were called into consultation. Dr. Anderson declared that the woman was dying then.

The physicians were asked for an opinion as to the cause of the condition of the couple. They were reticent about discussing the case.

Policeman Calls on Dr. Wallace.

At the apartments of Dr. Wallace a guard was placed to keep the curious away. Every one who asked information was refused it. After the death of Mrs. Boss a policeman went to talk with Dr. Wallace. He alone was admitted. He found the doctor sitting up and in the care of an attendant. The attendant told him not to answer questions. He remained silent.

Seeking to Conceal Something.

"I did not think much about this case," said Lieutenant Melanipper, "until the reticence of the physicians led me to make an investigation. Now, while I am not in a position to make any charges, I have ordered Detectives McNamara and O'Donnell to keep the physician under surveillance till he recovers and then arrest him. The gas story is not plausible. It is not clear to me how two persons would be overcome in a room with a window open and one gas jet burning, for there was another jet beside the one from which the gas poured. It seems to be the intention, of some of the physicians at any rate, to cover up something, and that something is just what I want to know about. Why Wallace should be told not to talk, if everything is all right, is more than I can understand, but we will know all about it before the matter is dropped."

Send for the Patrol Wagon.

At 2:15 o'clock this morning Detective O'Donnell sent word to the station for the patrol wagon. He said Dr. Wallace was able to walk and that he had placed him under arrest. The wagon was dispatched for the doctor.

It is intended to hold Dr. Wallace at station till after the inquest. Further action will depend on the verdict of the Coroner's jury.

Boss asserted last night that he was at a loss to understand the cause of his wife going to the doctor's office a second time on Sunday evening. He said she had been taking treatment for some time, but he thought she was improving in health and would recover.

Before going to South Chicago Dr. Wallace had an office at Forty-seventh street and Wentworth avenue. He was formerly married, but his wife died some time ago.

BULLETIN OF
The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, TUESDAY, SEPT. 25, 1900.

Weather predictions for the next 24 hours:

Showers, with high southerly winds Tuesday; probably fair and colder Wednesday.

Sun rises at 5:40; sets at 5:53.

Moon sets at 6:29 p. m.

IMPORTANT NEWS AND FEATURES

Pages.

1 Miners Advance, Posse Follows. School Children's Texas Fund. Mayor Takes Blame from McGann. Texas Valleys Flood Swept. Mystery in Woman's Death. Council Takes Up Gas War.

2 South-Siders Organize for Gas War. General News of New York. Mystery in Bursting of Gun. War Vessels in Mimic Contest.

3 Plumbers Try to Leave Council. John Ryan Confesses to Murder. Death of William C. Lyon. State Case Against Smith Closed. McKinley Defeats Bryan on Poll.

4 Yates at Work Along Ohio River. Breaking of Pavement Injures Nine. Roosevelt Wins Women's Votes. Call to Sound Money Men. Bryan to Try for New York.

5 Says Allies Are Not in Accord. Board of Trade Plea Is Heard.

7 To Change Study Courses.

8 Horse Owners Organize. Hard Practice for Maroons. Entries for Onwentsia Tournament.

Pages.
5 Lake Marine.
6 Editorial.
6 Literature.
7 Amusements.
7 Society.
7 Pontenoy.
8 Courts.
9 Insurance.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOSTON		Peruvian.
BREMEN	Trave	
CHERBOURG		Gr. Kurfurst.
GIBRALTAR		Etna.
INIS. HEAD		Numidian.
LIVERPOOL	Etruria	
LIVERPOOL	Roman	
NEW YORK	Aller	
NEW YORK	Menominee	

COUNCIL GIVES SESSION TO GAS.

Questions Raised by Existing Fight Take Up Nearly All of Opening Fall Meeting.

OFFER ELEVEN MEASURES

Aldermen Bring in Flood of Resolutions, but Only Two Pass, Others Being Referred.

DEMAND BENEFIT OF WAR.

Mayor Instructed to Investigate and Then Use His Discretion in Paying City's Lighting Bills.

TESTS OF QUALITY ORDERED

WORK OF THE COUNCIL.

The City Council last evening passed two orders bearing on the gas situation as follows:

By Alderman Smulski—Directing the Mayor to investigate the gas war and use his discretion in paying the city's bills.

By Alderman Goldzier—Ordering the Gas Inspector to test the quality of gas sold in the city.

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The following ordinances, orders, and resolutions bearing on the same subject were introduced and referred to the Judiciary committee:

By Alderman Coughlin—Asking the Legislature to repeal the frontage law and permit the city to establish a municipal plant.

By Alderman Keena—Refusing any permits to Municipal company for street and alley openings.

By Alderman Dixon—Providing for a committee of three to ask the Legislature for authority to erect a municipal gas plant.

By Alderman Brenner—Instructing the Corporation Counsel to begin proceedings seeking to void the consolidation act.

By Alderman Novak (Eighth)—Instructing the Corporation Counsel to investigate the right of the Municipal company to do business in Chicago.

By Alderman Patterson—Fixing the price of gas throughout the city at 75 cents.

By Alderman Bialek—[Twenty-sixth]—Refusing permits to the People's Gas company until a uniform rate of 75 cents a 1,000 is established throughout the city.

By Alderman Bennett—Seeking the appointment of a committee of twenty-five to organize a gas company, of which the stockholders shall be the gas consumers.

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Other work was done by the Council as follows:

Passed—An amended ordinance for the Chicago Terminal company.

Received—The Controller's report as to necessary reductions in city expenditures.

Referred—Bids for the Thirty-ninth street sewer to the Finance committee.

Postponed—Opening of bids for the West Side High School property for sixty days.

Granted—Sam Moy permission to erect an electric sign.

Referred — A resolution to build "recreation piers" on the lake front.

Changed—Name of Fake street to Harrison avenue.

Authorized—A committee of five to investigate a plan for garbage incineration in connection with electric light plants.

Voted for—A public playground in West Polk street, 563 to 573.

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Gas and the questions raised by the existing gas war on the North Side took up all the time, and was formed the theme of all the speeches in the City Council last evening at its first meeting after the summer vacation.

"If you want cheap gas this Council is the place to listen to it," exclaimed Alderman Brenner at the end of a long, rambling argument, and then wondered at the uproarious laughter which followed.

Demand Benefit of War for City.

The only thing of importance which was done, however, was the passage of the following resolution, presented by Alderman Smulski:

"The Mayor is hereby directed to investigate the gas situation in this city and report to this body at its next regular meeting his findings, so that this Council can act intelligently in the premises; and in the meantime

"The Mayor shall give such directions to the Controller as to the payment of any bills claimed to be due from the city to the People's Gaslight and Coke company as he may deem proper and just."

This last paragraph is intended as instruction to the Mayor not to pay, on account of the city, more than other consumers are paying in the same territory, where the city may have police and fire stations using gas, or street lamps are established.

Great Waste of Eloquence.

It was over the resolutions, ordinances, and orders which were referred to the Judiciary committee that all the eloquence was wasted. Alderman Coughlin started the ball with a long lot of preambles, winding up with a resolution asking the State Legislature to repeal the recent frontage law, as well as to give the City of Chicago permission to establish a municipal gas plant. He made a long speech and asked the rules be suspended for the passage of his resolution.

Alderman Jackson suggested that inasmuch as a lot more of similar resolutions were on the clerk's desk they ought all to be sent to a committee so that something intelligent might come out of the whole, and asked for a reference to the Judiciary. The vote by which this order was made was 38 to 26, and was the test vote of the meeting. The roll call follows:

FOR COMMITTEE.

Pike,	Maypole,	Butler,
Thompson,	Beifuss,	Williston,
Dixon,	Hallstrom,	Blake [26th],
Foreman,	Kunz,	Kuester,
Jackson,	Johnson,	Hackley,
Novak [10th],	Oberndorf,	Russell,
Brennan [10th],	Brennan [18th],	Carey,
Duddleston,	Werno,	Zeman,
Finn,	Herrmann,	Boyd,
Patterson,	Smith,	Eidmann,
Gary,	Peterson,	Sadenech,
Fowler,	Helm,	Nelson,
Race,	Hunter—38.	

AGAINST COMMITTEE.

Kenna,	Geary,	Powers,
Coughlin,	Novak [8th],	Bielfeld,
Alling,	Hurt,	Goldzier,
Blake [5th],	Byrne,	Minnewegan,
McCormick,	Bos,	Wulff,
Brenner,	Smulski,	Mayor,
Martin,	Conlon,	Watsika,
Pick,	Morris,	Jones,
Bennett,	Corkery—36.	

Municipal Plant Scheme Referred.

Alderman Kenna followed with an order on the Commissioner of Public Works, instructing him to issue no permits to the Municipal company for the opening of streets or alleys, and Alderman Dixon providing for

a committee of five Aldermen and four citizens to go to Springfield and ask the Legislature for permission to the city to erect and maintain a municipal gas plant. They both went to the committee without debate, along with some resolutions adopted by a meeting in the Third Ward, which were sent in by Alderman Alling.

Then Alderman Brenner started the ball rolling again by the introduction of the resolution instructing the Corporation Counsel at once to bring proceedings seeking to void the act of the Legislature whereby the various gas companies of Chicago were consolidated under the charter of the People's company. He asked that the rules be suspended for the passage of this resolution, and made a long speech, in which he had much to say about the iniquity of trusts and the enormity of allowing gas companies to consolidate.

Alderman Kunz, however, rather shattered the effect of his eloquence by calling attention to the fact that at a recent meeting of the Council Alderman Brenner had voted for the ordinance by which the People's and the Ogden companies expected to consolidate. The resolution was sent to committee by practically the same vote as Alderman Coughlin's.

Seek to Stop Municipal Company.

Alderman Novak (Eighth) then offered a resolution instructing the Corporation Counsel to take such legal steps as would stop the Municipal company from doing business without a franchise, and Alderman Kunz opposed it on the ground that it would stop the gas war. The resolution went to committee along with an amendment by Alderman Patterson asking for a report from the Corporation Counsel as to the right of the city to compel the People's company to furnish gas all over the city at the same rates the Municipal company is now giving on the North Side. It was also agreed that the committee make a report next Monday evening.

Alderman Patterson then introduced his ordinance, which seeks to fix the price of gas furnished by any company in Chicago at 75 cents a 1,000 cubic feet. Alderman Elsfeldt also had one on the same lines, and both were sent to the committee.

Alderman Goldsier had an order instructing the Gas Inspector to test the quality of all gas sold in the city, which was passed without comment.

Alderman Blake (Twenty-sixth) then struck a new lead with a resolution instructing the Mayor to issue no more permits for street and alley openings to the People's Gaslight and Coke company until a uniform price of 75 cents is established throughout the city. It went to the committee, along with a final resolution by Alderman Bennett. This resolution provided for a committee of twenty-five citizens which would consider the gas question and report on the advisability of forming a new gas company, all the stockholders of which were to be residents of Chicago, and, as far as possible, consumers of gas. The limit of the amount of stock to be sold to any one person was to be the par value of $1,000.

Terminal Ordinance Passed.

The ordinance of the Chicago Terminal company was amended so as to provide for a subway at Forty-seventh avenue, and that the company keep all viaducts in repair, and then was passed.

Controller Kerfoot sent in a recommendation that the appropriations be reduced to $3,419,200, as already published, and it was sent to the Finance committee over the protest of Alderman Duddleston, who wanted to know whether "the Controller or the Council was running this city."

Bids for the completion of the Thirty-ninth street sewer were referred to the Finance committee. John P. Agnew & Co. had the lowest bid, at $118 a foot, and Gahan & Byrne were next at $128.38.

Alderman Coughlin had referred an ordinance providing for "recreation piers." His plan is to build piers from the lake front into the lake 500 feet long and 100 feet wide, which can be used for promenades in the summer time.

Electric Sign for a Chinaman.

Alderman Kenna procured permission for Sam Moy, the Chinese merchant, to put an electric sign in front of his place of business in Clark street. It is said to be the first time a Chinaman ever followed so closely in the ways of Americans.

Alderman Blake (Fifth) had the name of Fake street changed to Harrison avenue on the ground that "its name is the laughing stock of the ward."

Alderman Patterson had passed a resolution asking the Board of Education not to change text books except when actually necessary.

Alderman Werno reported that the Committee on Redistricting the City was not ready to report formally, but was making progress.

SUES "L" FOR BREAKING LAW.

City Asks $26,400 for 122 Alleged Violations of Ordinances by Lake Street Trains.

Suit for $26,400 damages was filed in Justice Gibbons' court yesterday by Assistant Corporation Counsel Fyffe against the Lake Street Elevated railway company. Detectives have been at work for ten days securing evidence of violations of the ordinance prohibiting the company from coasting trains down the Fifty-second avenue incline at Austin without having the train under control of the motorman; from running at a speed of more than ten miles an hour, and for failure to stop the trains at crossings having stations. The detectives discovered 122 alleged violations of the ordinance in two days.

Several lives have been lost at the crossings and a large number of persons have been injured. The company has failed to place flagmen at Willow, Waller, Franklin, and Austin avenues. The city has put policemen at those crossings at the expense of the company.

Alderman Frank L. Race of the Thirty-fifth Ward stood guard Sunday night for several hours at the Fifty-second avenue crossing.

Judge Chetlain has entered an order releasing Fire Escape Inspector Michael J. Sayspis from the custody of the Sheriff. Sayspis was held on the finding of the Coroner's jury for not enforcing the fire escape law, resulting in deaths at the burning of the Henning & Speed Building.

THREE COURTS WANT WILLIAMS

Realty Dealer at 218 La Salle Street Sought by Sheriffs of Two States and by Government.

Government officers, Deputy Sheriffs, and police are searching for Charles J. Williams, a real estate dealer at 218 La Salle street, who has forfeited his bonds in an Indiana justice court and disappeared. The bail was $500, but there are pending against Williams three indictments, under which his bonds aggregate $30,000. His absence was discovered last week, when deputies went to Indiana to serve capiases. Then it was learned that government officers had been searching for Williams on charges connected with his management of the post-office at Glen Park, Lake County, Ind., of which he had charge until his sudden disappearance. The indictments held by the State's Attorney charge Williams with assault.

COURT MAY LET VANCE WORK.

Holds Writ Restraining Him from Seeking Employment Except with Donker & Williams Too Broad.

Judge Dunne listened yesterday to arguments on a motion to dissolve an injunction restraining H. G. Vance from engaging in business except as the foreman of the leather goods department of the Donker & Williams company. Last July Vance contracted to work for Donker & Williams as foreman for a year. Some weeks ago he left his position, and an injunction was issued to restrain him from seeking other employment. Judge Dunne gave no final decision, but said: "As the injunction now stands this man must resume his old position or starve. Such a broad order is beyond the spirit of the law."

JOIN THE FIGHT ON GAS.

SOUTH-SIDERS URGE COUNCIL TO WORK FOR LOWER PRICE.

Five Hundred Citizens, Said to Represent 1,700, Organize a Consumers' Protective Association at 274 Thirty-first Street and Criticise the People's Company—More Assemblages for Other Sections of the City—Injunction Case Set for Saturday.

Five hundred citizens of the South Side organized themselves into the South Side Gas Consumers' Protective association last night at 274 Thirty-first street, denounced the People's Gaslight and Coke company for extortion, demanded the same rates enjoyed by citizens in other sections, and urged the City council to pass such legislation as will reduce and regulate the price of gas in the city. They characterized the gas frontage bill as a twin measure of the Allen law and called upon the holdover Senators and candidates for the Legislature to pledge themselves to use their best efforts and their votes to relieve the citizens from the burden under which they have been suffering. The condemnatory resolutions were given to Alderman Alling for presentation to the City Council.

While only 500 citizens were present, 1,700 consumers of gas on the South Side are said to have signed the roll of membership and pledged themselves to assist in securing an equitable rate. Charles J. Jones was elected President; William Manzer, Vice President; A. E. Perrigo, Treasurer; and Louis J. Behan, Secretary. Committees on legislation and organization were appointed.

Strong speeches condemning the course of the People's Gaslight and Coke company were made by Perry A. Hull, Robert E. Cantwell, and Louis J. Behan. Regardless of politics, the citizens are banding themselves together, they said, and unless relief is afforded them from the extortionate rates they are compelled to pay they will make their influence felt at the polls, to the sorrow of certain candidates who have thought lightly of organized non-partisan opposition.

There will be a meeting of North Side citizens tomorrow night at the Star Theater, North Clark and Kinzie streets, under the auspices of the North Side Business-Men's association.

The Chicago Gas Consumers' Protective association will meet tomorrow evening at 1608 West Harrison street.

Mathew Hibbeler, President of the Twentieth Ward Improvement club, has called a meeting for tonight at 8 o'clock at Aldine Hall, 169 Center street, for the consideration of the gas question.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the mass meeting to be held Thursday evening at Central Music Hall for the formal protest against the gas rates. Frank H. Cooper will act as chairman of the meeting, which is to be addressed by Mayor Harrison and other prominent speakers.

Judge Baker's call for Saturday morning will contain a motion for a temporary injunction restraining the People's Gaslight and Coke company from cutting off the gas from the property of J. Frank Allen or from charging more than 40 cents per 1,000 cubic feet for gas.

EIGHT DIE IN A STORM WHICH SWEEPS ACROSS A MINNESOTA VILLAGE.

Many Buildings Destroyed, One a Brick Saloon, in Which Several Men Had Sought Shelter, Being Picked Up by Cloud and Crushed.

Faribault, Minn., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Eight persons were killed and several seriously injured by a storm which struck the Village of Morristown, twelve miles west of here, this evening. A number of buildings were demolished, one of them being a brick saloon, in which several persons had sought shelter.

The dead are:

BROOKS, ELMER.
GATZKE, OTTO.
MILLER, JACOB.
PITMAN, FRANK.
ROHRER, JOHN JR.
WAITE, H. S.
WEAVER, JACOB JR.
PETERSON, ——

Those injured are:

Gatzke, Paul.
Pitman, Lewis.
White, Porter.
Wilder, Frank.

Seven of the men killed and all the injured were in the saloon, a brick building. This was lifted into the air, falling a heap of debris. Three persons in the structure escaped as the walls left the foundation.

A barn was picked up and carried a block, two horses being left standing in their stalls. Another barn on the outskirts of the town was demolished, Peterson, a hired man, being killed.

The funnel-shaped cloud struck the town from the southwest, its path in the village being half a mile in length. The storm made jumps of a block, passing over many buildings without harming them, but whenever it came down everything was crushed.

H. S. Waite, one of the dead, was a Republican nominee for Representative.

YOUNG MEN ARE ARRESTED BY POLICEMAN ON WAY HOME FROM A CALL.

William Waller and Edward Lahl Attempt to Joke with Patrolman Wallace and Are Lodged in Jail for a Short Time.

William Waller, 361 North Lincoln street, and Edward Lahl, 316 Hastings street, called on their sweethearts, sisters, living at 683 Ashland avenue, on Sunday evening. They started for home at a late hour, but instead of reaching their destinations they landed in the Maxwell Street Police Station, where they spent several hours.

The young men were waiting for a street car when Patrolman Wallace approached. The policeman was smiling good-naturedly and the young men felt no alarm. When he wanted to know where they lived Waller smiled and said "anywhere." Then he discovered how serious it was to joke with a policeman.

The patrolman immediately raised his fist, it is charged, and struck the young man in the face. When he protested against that sort of "joking," the young men say, the policeman, followed up the attack by using his club. Then he called a patrol wagon and both young men were locked up. They managed to communicate with friends and were released on bonds.

The policeman was unable to offer any evidence against the prisoners yesterday morning, and stated that he arrested the young men because they were hanging around the corner. Justice Dooley discharged them after hearing the facts.

DOCTORS MEET AT A DINNER.

Fifty Members of the Physicians' Club Discuss Professional Subjects at a Banquet.

Fifty members of the Physicians' club of Chicago attended the regular meeting and dinner held at the Sherman House last evening. Professor Albion W. Small of the University of Chicago was toastmaster, and directed the discussion of the general subject, "The Requirements for Admission to the Medical School."

Dr. Frank S. Johnson advocated a high standard of general education, both classical and scientific, for the medical school candidate.

"How Best Raise the Standard" was discussed by Dr. Bayard Holmes. Dr. E. Fletcher Ingals said that the requirements of medical schools in South American countries were much higher than here.

Professor George E. Fellows of the University of Chicago suggested means for bringing the medical schools and the institutions of general learning into closer union.

KILLED AND HURT IN A COLLISION.

Morris Sternfelt Meets Death and Many Others Are Injured by Accident.

CAR RUNS INTO WAGON.

James R. Keene's Return Causes Stocks to Tumble; Big Bear Coup Expected.

GENERAL NEWS OF GOTHAM.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE,
New York, Sept. 24.

An accident to a Third avenue trolley car tonight was followed by a collision in which one man was killed and a dozen passengers injured. A disabled car with lights extinguished, crowded with passengers, was being pushed along at a high rate of speed by a second car, the motorman of which was unable to see the track ahead. The two cars dashed into a heavily loaded brewery wagon between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets with a crash, followed an instant later by screams of injured and panic-stricken passengers.

One Killed and Many Injured in a Collision.

Imprisoned in the wreckage were the injured, many of them women, and although rescuers worked heroically it was many minutes before the sufferers could be released and taken to a drug store nearby, which was converted into a temporary hospital.

Morris Sternfelt, a wealthy retired commission merchant, 133 East Seventy-fourth street, was instantly killed. His head was almost severed from his body and one leg was cut through as with a knife.

Among the more seriously injured who gave their names to ambulance surgeons were John A. Lubey, 325 East Fifty-ninth street, cut about the head and suffering from internal injuries; Mrs. Corwin, cut about the face and head; Edward G. Leggett, scalp wounds, and Mr. Marion, contusions about the head and body. Many others injured refused their names and were taken to their homes.

Motormen Bauman and Dwyer and Edward Frank, driver of the brewery wagon, were arrested.

Coincident with the arrival of James R. Keene from Europe stocks have taken a tumble, and the wonder in Wall street is what move the great Bear will make next. He came in on the Umbria yesterday after a five months' absence, benefited in health and full of vigor, his good condition promising lively times in the street. The fact that he expressed himself bullish in Liverpool before sailing has made his intention all the more mysterious, and those who intimately know his methods think that the wonderful old operator contemplates some great coup.

James R. Keene Home; Stocks Tumble.

One conclusion is that Mr. Keene is getting ready to take advantage of the rise that will follow the election of McKinley, which the street thinks is certain.

The other is that he will try to put Brooklyn Rapid Transit to 35. The lowest point it ever reached after Flower had taken hold of it was 49, on June 25 last. The lowest in its history was 18. That was before Flower started to bull it. It opened at 50¼ today, and its lowest point was 48¾.

Early in the day Mr. Keene announced that he would not be interviewed until tomorrow. He is too busy to talk and wants time to look about him before expressing opinions.

Money continues to come in for the relief of the Galveston sufferers, and up to tonight the aggregate totals of the funds organized by the Merchants' association, Chamber of Commerce, and Mayor Van Wyck amounted to $192,217, which does not include many other similar funds nor the contributions of supplies.

There were two surprising developments today in the fight between the old and the new benevolent associations in the Fire department. The first was a report that an alleged shortage of $2,000 had been discovered in the accounts of Commissioner Scannell as treasurer of the Fire Department Life Insurance fund. The other was that Chief Croker had told Captain James D. Clifford, President of the old association, that he would not transfer him again if he would quit talking for publication. These two reports were the sole topic of discussion today in the fire houses, and the one of the shortage created some excitement among Tammany people.

Shortage Charged Against Fire Commissioner Scannel.

Politicians did not know which report to consider the more remarkable. Friends of the old benevolent association said today that after Commissioner Scannell was through "breaking" Captain Clifford and others, as he has threatened to do, perhaps he would explain the apparent shortage.

Mme. Eugénie Mantelli, the contralto, was married this evening to Ferdinand de Angelis at St. Agnes' Roman Cahtolic Church. The Rev. Thomas J. Donlon officiated. Henry Weiman was best man and Miss Adelaide Haagen bridesmaid. Only a few persons witnessed the ceremony, which was followed by a wedding supper at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Lower Broadway, in the vicinity of Chambers street, was shaken by an explosion this afternoon. Rumor of a great disaster was passed along, and strength was added to it when the fire engines and hook and ladder trucks dashed up. The explosion was among some fireworks brought over from Newark for delivery. The driver had loosened the ropes preparatory to taking off the boxes, which contained a lot of Japanese torpedoes, when one of the boxes, about four by two feet in size, fell to the pavement. The concussion caused the torpedoes to explode, and they went off with a crash that shook the houses in the street and shattered panes of glass for doors away. The driver was knocked off his feet and rendered senseless. He was badly burned about the face, and may lose his eyesight. John Rendinlo, a messenger boy, of 156 Cherry street, who was standing near the wagon at the time, was also knocked down. Young Rendinlo's face was burned, and the explosion tore parts of his trousers away and injured his legs.

Fireworks Explosion Startles Broadway.

John William Mollenhauer of the Mollenhauer Sugar Refining company, Brooklyn, has brought suit against his wife, Julia M. Mollenhauer, in the Supreme Court for absolute divorce upon statutory grounds. Justice Herrick allowed the defendant $10 a week alimony and $250 counsel fees, the counsel to agree upon a referee. Mrs. Mollenhauer recently attracted publicity by visiting a negro cake walk with her negro maid, being escorted home by friends of the latter, all of the party, it was charged, being in an intoxicated condition.

The Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes Jr., the young millionaire who has devoted his life to the church, was today of the means of helping a wayward girl along the path of reformation. The girl is Clara F. Marks of New Haven. Her parents are respectable people in comfortable circumstances. Many times the girl's conduct has caused her parents great distress and humiliation. They brought their troubles to the attention of the young minister, and he promised to do all in his power to reclaim the girl. The first step in this work was taken today, when the girl, who is 18 years old, was committed in the Adams street court, Brooklyn, to the Wayside Home. The commitment was made by Magistrate Bristow at the telegraphed request of the Rev. Mr. Stokes.

The Rev. Mr. Stokes Helps Reclaim a Wayward Girl.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States District Court today by George N. Bissell of White Plains, who, prior to 1889, was a partner in the firm of Amos Bissell & Son, doing business at Milford, N. Y., in live stock. The firm was dissolved in 1889 by the death of Amos Bissell, the only other partner, who was the petitioner's father. The petitioner was Amos Bissell's sole heir, and became sole owner of all the accounts of the said firm, including liabilities of $1,079,785, and assets of $25,832, of which $25,359 is a claim against the Second National Bank of Cooperstown, N. Y. The liabilities are divided as follows: Taxes due, $4,507; debts, preferred by law, $383,585; secured claims, $116,209; unsecured claims, $443,811; notes and bills which ought to be paid by other parties thereto, $56,742, and accommodation paper, $74,929.

Million Dollar Bankruptcy Petition.

Frank A. Vanderlip, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, conferred with bankers in this city today with reference to supplying the extraordinary demand for small currency. While what is known as "hand-to-hand" money is always rather scarce at this season, the supply of $1, $2, and $5 bills is now wholly inadequate. The Subtreasury had great piles of soiled or mutilated currency turned in for redemption today. After conferring with the bankers this afternoon Mr. Vanderlip said that he had ordered $500,000 in $20 gold certificates to be shipped to New York from Washington at once. That, he thought, would relieve the situation and supply the banks with a class of money that they did not have. He added that he thought the next step would be to supply small denominations at the Subtreasury.

Supply of Small Currency Inadequate.

News of the death at Yokohama of Walter Ewen Townsend of the British Legation in Pekin was received in this city today. Mr. Townsend was a son of A. M. Townsend, the agent in this city of the Hongkong and Shanghai banking corporation. He was born in England in 1879 and was educated in one of the English universities. A little over a year ago he was appointed as one of the student interpreters at the British Legation at Pekin. He was in the British Legation throughout its siege by the Chinese, and was severely wounded. When the city was relieved he was one of the first to make the trip to Tien Tsin by boat. His constitution being weakened by his wound, he contracted typhoid fever before reaching the coast. He was taken at once to the naval hospital at Yokohama, where he died yesterday.

Death of One of the Pekin Legationers.

Some railroad officers say that the reduction in the price of steel rails from $35 to $26 a ton is not enough and that the new price is still too high to induce the railroads to become large purchasers. Others, however, are inclined to accept the new rate without much quibbling. President Fink of the Norfolk and Western said: "We will buy our rails as we need them, independent of the price. We bought last year at $35 and we will buy this year at $26 without waiting for lower prices. The truth is, we don't object to paying reasonably high prices for steel, though of course we don't want to pay too high, for the steel and iron business is the best barometer of the country's business that we have. If these products command good prices you may rest assured that general business is good."

Various Opinions Regarding Price of Steel Rails.

Men who have made and lost fortunes may soon have a home in Poughkeepsie. Richard B. Ferris, who for fifty years has been Vice President of the Bank of New York, and who manages the $250,000 fund established by the late Samuel M. Pringle for a Pringle memorial home for aged men, has been negotiating for a week for the purchase of the mansion on Academy street, Poughkeepsie, which was built by the late Oliver T. Beard. A lawyer from this city representing Mr. Ferris says that the arrangements for the purchase of the mansion and for the maintenance of the home for men, once wealthy, now poor, are practically completed. The late Samuel M. Pringle was register and teller of the Bank of New York for forty-one years, having succeeded his father, who had been teller of that bank for forty years.

Establishing Home for Old Men, Once Wealthy.

Louis Bell, a Wall street broker, offered to wager today $100,000 to $50,000 that McKinley would be elected. There was an abundance of 2 to 1 McKinley money in sight today. Mr. Bell's offer involves more money than any single bet during the present campaign.

The failure of Egbert Mills & Co. of 2 Wall street was announced on the floor of the Stock Exchange shortly after noon today. The firm consisted of Egbert Mills, the board member, and S. K. Mitchell. The copartnership was formed on May 11 last year. Mr. Mills said that the liabilities of the firm were about $250,000. It was a suspension, he said, not an assignment. He said he expected to resume business in a short time. The cause of the suspension, he said, was that he was "long" in the market and his customers did not respond promptly to calls for margins. The sales under the rule for the account of the failed firm were about 4,000 shares.

Another Stock Brokerage Firm Goes Under.

With all the guns of its main battery aboard, the massive steel battleship Kentucky crossed the bar at Sandy Hook today, and is now at the Brooklyn navy yard. As soon as the greatest fighting machine in the American navy has been completely fitted out it will sail for China to join the United States fleet, the most formidable ever collected in Oriental waters. The Kentucky will carry a full complement of officers and men.

Kentucky Being Fitted for Service in Chinese Waters.

First of the United States naval vessels to bear an Irish name, the torpedo boat O'Brien, resplendent in a coat of green, was launched today at the Nixon ship yard in Elizabeth, N. J. Miss Myra Lincoln O'Brien of Philadelphia, a direct descendant of the revolutionary hero for whom the boat was named, christened the new vessel. The launching of the O'Brien marks another step in the consummation of the government plan of perpetuating the names of the more prominent figures in the American revolution. The new torpedo boat is 175 feet long, 17 feet beam, and is of 165 tons displacement. It will carry a crew of sixty officers and men.

First O'Brien, in Torpedo Boats, Launched.

ARE RESCUED BY LIFE-SAVERS.

Robert Meihle and Fred Gensmer Have an Exciting Experience on Lake Michigan.

Robert Meihle, 1408 Addison avenue, and Fred Gensmer, a Rogers Park fisherman, were caught in a strong breeze while in a sailboat on Lake Michigan yesterday, which came near costing their lives. When out several miles the strong wind with the shifting of ballast caused the vessel to become unmanageable. In addition to this both men became seasick.

After drifting about for an hour, Meihle took off his shirt and hoisted it to the top of the mast as a signal of distress. The signal was noticed by a lookout at the United States Life Saving Station at Evanston and the crew was immediately sent out. The two men were taken aboard the lifeboat and the crew returned to shore with The sailboat in tow.

It was some time before Meihle and Gensmer recovered from their attack of seasickness and were able to return home. The sailboat which they used is an old vessel and was at one time used as a steam launch.

Kaiser Decorates a New-Yorker.

BERLIN, Sept. 24.—Emperor William has conferred on George G. Ward of New York the Order of the Crown of the second class. Mr. Ward was present at the banquet given here yesterday by the German Atlantic Cable company to commemorate the opening of the new cable to the United States.

GUN BURSTS UNDER TEST.

MYSTERY IN ACCIDENT AT SANDY HOOK PROVING GROUNDS.

Blank Charge Is Used When the Six-Inch Field Piece Is Wrecked—Officers Suggest Deterioration of the Powder as the Reason and Hint at the Probability of Serious Disaster from the Same Cause—Details of the Report Are Not Given to the Public.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE,
Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.

A gun burst in a test at the army proving grounds at Sandy Hook, N. J., Sept. 12, but of the incident nothing has been disclosed by the ordnance officers stationed at that place or those on duty in the army ordnance office in this city. There need not be so much mystery about the event, say other army officers, especially as the circumstance is in every way remarkable. Under ordinary conditions the destruction of a gun at the proving ground would be the subject of some kind of report, the gist of which would be divulged by the military authorities here, but in the present instance nothing appears to be vouchsafed.

Mystery in Bursting of Gun Under Test.

The gun was a three-inch fifteen-pounder field piece of the Bridge-Seabury pattern, fitted with Tompkins mechanism. It probably was being proof-fired. A blank charge was used, when the gun burst beyond repair. It is unusual, say ordnance officers, for a gun to be injured under such circumstances. If a projectile had been in the gun it might have been impossible for gases to escape, but with a blank charge the gases have a chance to emerge through the muzzle. For this reason the bursting of the gun perplexes the ordnance experts.

The reports received in Washington are evidently of such a nature as to warrant their contents being regarded as confidential. It is suggested by some of the artillery officers that the powder used was of deteriorated character, such as is discovered in army ammunition. If this be the case it is a serious matter, since it hints at greater disasters in actual firing of the guns. It is likely there will be an investigation into the incident.

Naval ordnance officers are prepared to make experiments with a six-inch gun. It is proposed to bore holes through the tube of the gun and affix pressure gauges, which shall record the pressure and velocity of a projectile in transit through the gun. This will furnish some valuable information regarding the shell before it leaves the gun and after it has been fired. The facts are now matters of theory, and it will serve an important technical end if the conditions of the shell can be ascertained while it is still in the gun tube. The tests are awaited with much interest, as they are the first of the kind to be conducted by ordnance experts anywhere.

Novel Experiment to Learn Speed of Projectiles.

Arrangements are being made by the Navy department for the equipment of a big coaling station in Narragansett Bay. The station will have facilities for handling and storing about 30,000 tons of fuel. The complaint is made that at most of the temporary stations along the coast there are no adequate methods of coaling ships of war. It is a serious problem confronting the naval officers who have to do with the coaling of ships. There is much delay in handling coal and the apparatus at most places is of the old type.

Big Stock of Coal to Be Kept at Narragansett.

It is likely the Secretary of the Navy will give his consideration to a plan for coaling at sea, a scheme which has been tested with some of the naval ships. The plan contemplates using colliers, under steam, which shall tow the ships being coaled and save the fuel of the latter without interfering with their progress. The constructors have a device which may be attached to colliers so as to admit of supplying fuel to naval vessels while they are under way.

The plans for the coaling station at Frenchman's Bay, on the coast of Maine, are being altered. The bids for the work recently received have been rejected on account of the excessive cost involved.

On Oct. 1 the official trial trip of the battleship Wisconsin will occur. The ship, which was recently completed at the Union iron works in San Francisco, has left the Mare Island Navy Yard for the Puget Sound, where it will be docked.

WARSHIP PLATE FAILS IN TEST.

Sample of Lot Made for Two Vessels Proves Defective—Retrial to Be Allowed.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—A sample plate of a series of plates for the protective decks of the cruisers Chattanooga and Cleveland failed to stand the required test at Indian Head today. It was subjected to the fire of a six-inch gun at an angle of nine degrees, and was completely shattered. About 120 tons of steel were in the lot of which the plate was a sample, and ordinarily the collapse of the plate would mean the rejection of the lot. But as the sample selected was the worst plate to be found in the lot another trial may be allowed. The breaking up of the plate, it is said, indicates that the treatment of the plate was not uniform.

WILL SEND DUNTON TO CHICAGO

United States Marshal Decides Preliminary Hearing Unnecessary—Union National Bank Sues for $15,000.

Newport News, Va., Sept. 24.—William B. Dunton did not have a preliminary hearing today before United States Commissioner Garrett. Morgan Treat, United States Marshal for the Eastern District of Virginia, decided a hearing unnecessary, and the alleged defaulter will be sent to Chicago for trial in a day or two, as soon as the papers necessary for his removal are received. Dunton is a physical and mental wreck, and it is feared by some that his mind may give way before he is placed on trial.

Suit for the recovery of $15,000 has been brought in the Circuit Court against William B. Dunton by the Union National Bank, where he was formerly employed. The papers filed in the court and signed by the chief clerk of the bank, Moses D. Witkowski, declare that Dunton is indebted to the bank in the sum of $11,000 for money belonging to the bank, embezzled and taken by him.

FROM WHEEL INTO HOT WATER.

Murray Meere, Aged 3, Meets Death in Evanston by Running Into a Tub with His Velocipede.

Murray Meere, the 3-year-old son of Mrs. Hattie Meere, 1815 Ridge avenue, Evanston, died last night at the Evanston Hospital from falling into a tub of scalding water. He ran against the tub while riding a velocipede in the house. The impact threw him into the tub. The mother was washing and had the tub on the floor in a back room. She stepped out for a moment, when she heard the boy scream. She rushed back into the room and found him climbing out of the tub. He died about five hours after the accident.

CONVICTS IN JOLIET CENSUS.

Prison Town Finds Its Total Increased by Penal Institution Outside the Corporate Limits.

Joliet, Ill., Sept. 24.—The citizens of Joliet were disappointed today to learn that the census figures included 1,367 prisoners in the penitentiary, although that institution is not within the city limits. This cuts Joliet's population from 30,720 to 29,353. The prison figures appear in the total for the Sixth Ward, which is a mile from the prison. An investigation is under way.

BATTLESHIPS IN MIMIC WARFARE.

Squadron Attacks Defending Fleet, Supported by Land Batteries, and Loses.

CONTEST RAGES FIERCELY

But One of Offensive Vessels, Torpedo Boat, Active When Time Is Called.

SMALLER CRAFT EFFECTIVE

Newport, R. I., Sept. 25, 1 a. m.—Cloaked by darkness, a hostile squadron, made up of the battleships Kearsarge and Indiana and the gunboats Eagle and Scorpion, together with six torpedo boats, attacked a fleet made up of the Massachusetts, the New York, the Vicksburg, and Leydan, supported by the land batteries, off Newport last night. From what can be seen at this hour (Tuesday morning), through the smoke that overhangs the bay after the battle, the defending squadron was triumphant.

Captain Folger of the Kearsarge commanded the attacking craft, and Admiral N. M. Farquhar directed the defenders. The maneuvers, all of which commenced at 9:45, and lasted nearly three hours, was in reality a night battle, to test the effectiveness of an attacking squadron, aided by torpedo boats, against a naval force aided by shore batteries, in which the searchlights for the time being were used in place of shells.

Searchlight in Place of Shells.

If a torpedo boat could come within range of the searchlight of one of the hostile ships without discovery it would fire a red rocket, putting the man-of-war out of service, as the rocket signified the opportunity of blowing it up.

If, on the other hand, a battleship got an opposing craft within range of its light and was able to keep that vessel under its rays for the required time, the battleship's victory was shown by a blue rocket.

The preparations for the mock sea fight were carried out in detail to the extreme, with as much attention almost as if a real fight were impending. Every man was at his post, the guns ashore and afloat were manned, and there was great anxiety on the part of the defenders as the first faint trace of the dawn was discerned coming out of the darkness.

The defenders had watched for several hours when the roar of an attacking gun awoke the echoes which rolled back from the Jamestown shore, and in quick succession came the heavy boom of a large caliber gun, and then the short metallic ring of light ordnance, the flashes and thunder telling the hundreds of civilian spectators on shore that the attacks had begun and that the port defenders were ready to repel the enemy.

Two Torpedo Boats Sneak Through.

The incoming squadron attempted to pass Fort Adams and Fort Wetherill, which defend the east channel, and Fort Preble on the west. The torpedo boats Gwynn and Rodgers did succeed in passing Fort Preble in safety under cover of darkness. The Gwynn got within the range of the Massachusetts' searchlight and had signaled that the battleship was out of action, when the Vicksburg in turn rendered useless the smaller craft. Then the Rodgers figuratively blew the Vicksburg out of the water.

Only the Rodgers Afloat.

Thus for over two hours the battle raged, and, owing to the vigilance of the defending force, only the torpedo boat Rodgers remained in action.

The decision as to the victor will come from a Board of Arbitration appointed to judge the battle by the points scored by each individual ship. The defending squadron is generally believed to be successful, for the reason that the shore batteries and assisting squadron repelled the attack and left only one of the hostile boats afloat.

BARONESS VON SCHUTZBAR, CHICAGO GIRL, THE VICTIM OF MYSTERIOUS ROBBERY.

Wife of Chamberlain to German Emperor Reports Loss of $2,000 Worth of Jewelry—Strange Story of Her Trip to America.

New York, Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Police are investigating what they declare to be one of the most mysterious diamond robberies ever committed in this city. The victim is the Baroness Rosita von Schutzbar, wife of Baron Rudolph Edward von Schutzbar, chamberlain to the Emperor of Germany.

The Baroness, who is an attractive young woman, was married to the Baron in Chicago in June, 1896. She is the daughter of Colonel C. H. Marston of Chicago.

The Baroness von Schutzbar arrived in this city from Germany on Sept. 1. She went to the Murray Hill Hotel, where she was joined by her father and her sister, Mrs. Maude Asay of Grand Rapids, Mich. They remained there a few days and then took an apartment at 51 East Fifty-ninth street. Three days after their arrival there Colonel Marston and Mrs. Asay left for the West.

The Baroness reported to the police last Friday that she had been robbed of a diamond studded gold watch, a gold purse, and other jewelry valued at $2,000.

"I will not remain at this place any longer," said the Baroness. The same day an employé of the Murray Hill Hotel called at the Fifty-ninth street apartments and took the Baroness and her trunks to the hotel.

The police have since conducted an investigation, but have failed to throw any light on the mystery. Meyer, the apartment janitor, informed the police that the Baroness had told him that she came to this country because her husband was about to fight a duel with a well known German nobleman.

MAY NOT BUILD THE BRIDGES.

Drainage Board to Withdraw Its Offer if City Does Not Soon Indorse the Plans.

Unless the City Engineering department promptly approves the plans for the new bascule bridge at Canal street the Drainage board will rescind its offer to build five modern lift bridges over the Chicago River for the benefit of navigation. Thus far every plan prepared has been objected to, or if tacitly agreed to has been loaded down with conditions which the board declares would be impossible to accept. As a result, no progress in the construction of bridges has been made since last March.

The first bridge selected to be rebuilt was the one at Canal street. The Drainage board, in order to expend its funds for bridges and come within the law, found it necessary to design the structures so as to increase the capacity of the river. With this end in view it was decided to build bypasses in the rear of each of the end abutments. The plans for the bridge were prepared and forwarded to the city for approval. In a few days they were returned with word that the bypass feature of the side abutments was objectionable. It was suggested that the Drainage board guarantee the end piers of the foundations for a period of years.

Low Rate to Indianapolis.

The Big Four will on Oct. 1 and 2 sell round-trip tickets to Indianapolis at $5; good returning until Oct. 5. City Ticket Office, 234 Clark street.

Cancer There are never any external signs of Cancer until the blood is polluted and the system thoroughly contaminated by this deadly virulent poison.

Then a sore or ulcer appears on some part of the body; it may be small and harmless looking at first, but as the cancerous cells form and are deposited by the blood near the sore, it increases in size and severity, with sharp shooting pains. No matter how often the sore is removed by the surgeon's knife or flesh destroying plasters, another comes and is worse. The real disease is in the blood, and the treatment must begin there. The poisoned blood must be invigorated and purified, and when this is done cancerous cells can no longer form and the sore will heal naturally and permanently.

Mrs. Sarah M. Keesling, 221 Windsor Ave., Bristol, Tenn., writes: "I am 42 years old, and for three years had suffered with a severe form of Cancer on my jaw, which the doctors said was incurable, and that I could not live more than six months. I accepted their statement as true, and had given up all hope of ever being well again, when my druggist, knowing of my condition, recommended S. S. S. After taking a few bottles the sore began to heal, to the surprise of the physician and in a short time made a complete cure. I have gained in flesh, my appetite is splendid, sleep is refreshing—in fact, am enjoying perfect health."

SSS overcomes this destructive poison and removes every vestige of it from the system, makes new, rich blood, strengthens the body and builds up the general health.

If you have a suspicious sore, or have inherited any blood taint, send for our free book on Cancer, and write to our medical department for any information or advice wanted; we make no charge for this service. Your letter will receive prompt and careful attention, and will be held in strictest confidence.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Popular Excursions to Kansas and Oklahoma.

On Tuesdays, October 2 and 16. Round trip only $15, Chicago to any point in Kansas; $17 to any point in Oklahoma, via Santa Fe Route. Ample return limits.

These are very low rates, much cheaper than usually made for homeseekers' excursions, and afford a fine opportunity to visit the most prosperous sections of the great Southwest.

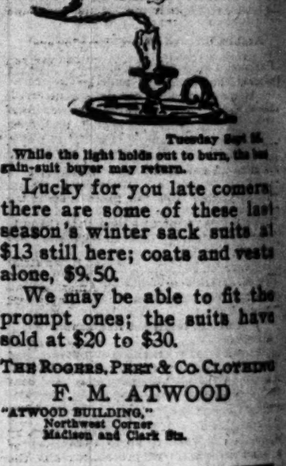
Kansas products this year are valued at $325,000,000; Oklahoma products $75,000,000. Go out and see the country for yourself.

On same days round-trip tickets on sale to Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and Texas at one fare, plus $2.

SANTA FE ROUTE.

Illustrated descriptive pamphlets.

J. M. Connell, Gen. Agt., Pass. Dept., The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, 109 Adams-st., Chicago.



Tuesday Sept 28.

While the light holds out to burn, the last gain-suit buyer may return.

Lucky for you late comers, there are some of these last season's winter sack suits at $13 still here; coats and vests alone, $9.50.

We may be able to fit the prompt ones; the suits have sold at $20 to $30.

THE RO

MOB MOVES ON WORKING MINE.

Strikers from McAdoo March to Derringer with Sheriff's Posse in Pursuit.

BATTLE MAY BE RESULT.

Monday Shows Gain for Union, Few Men Entering Shafts Despite Militia Guard.

LITTLE COAL TAKEN OUT

(Continued from first page.)

It is reported tonight that there is a possibility of the strike spreading to the soft coal fields. An agent of the bituminous mine workers reached Shenandoah today to investigate the report that soft coal was being sent into this region to supply the shortage caused by the anthracite strike. Labor men declare if it is found soft coal has been sent here every union miner in the offending bituminous field will go on strike.

Thousands Mourn Riot Victim.

Five thousand miners today attended the funeral of John Choyenski, the Shenandoah striker killed in Friday's riot, and over his open grave swore not to return to work till their cause had triumphed. The little Polish cemetery, that seemed to cling to the mountain side, was crowded with men. They had marched for an hour through the town, four abreast, with the precision of soldiers. Then they had followed the hearse and robed priest to the graveyard. The ceremonies were simple, but the scene impressive. In groups of 100 they crowded bareheaded around the grave, while the earth was being thrown, vowing to remain steadfast till the operators surrendered.

Father Matulaitis and Father Kronstankiewicz, the Polish priests of Shenandoah, called on General Gobin today and urged that the troops be withdrawn. They pledged themselves to restrain their countrymen from all disorder. General Gobin told them the troops would remain till the Sheriff said they were needed no longer.

Local Authorities Oust Soldiers.

At McAdoo, however, the military bowed to the will of the authorities. When Lieutenant Colonel Hutchison led three companies into that town early this morning he encountered Burgess McGeehan. Mr. McGeehan declared the Lieutenant Colonel must withdraw and withdraw he did. Thereafter McAdoo, the turbulent, enjoyed a day of peace.

Shenandoah is to be shorn of a part of its glory by the troops. Because of the scarcity of water, General Gobin has found it impossible to secure good camping ground for all his men, and a regiment will be sent to Mahanoy City. There are several large collieries there whose owners are pleased with the idea. As soon as the camp is established another effort will be made to resume mining operations.

Today and tonight miners' meetings were held at Lattimer, Beaver Meadow, and wherever the strike leaders think men are at work. They declare that within a day or two these last strongholds of the operators will be taken and 140,000 miners will be idle in Pennsylvania. Today's gain they estimate at 1,800.

National Organizer George Harris addressed a crowd of 2,500 strikers at Mount Carmel this morning, and 5,000 more heard him talk at Shenandoah in the afternoon.

Operator Arms His Employes.

Considerable excitement was caused at Shenandoah this morning when a crowd of 200 strikers surrounded a miner on his way to work and ordered him to go home. The guard was called out and the crowd dispersed. The incident, however, caused much anxiety. J. C. McGinnis, the Keely Run Captain, at once armed all their employes. "We will fight if necessary," the mine boss told his men. "When I fire you fire, and fire to kill."

An hour later word came from Gerrardville that a riot was in progress there. The cavalry troop started at a gallop that took them to the village in quick time, but found no disturbance there.

Archbishop to Meet Employers.

In regard to the efforts of Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia to bring about a settlement through arbitration, Mr. Mitchell said:

"Archbishop Ryan will call upon the Presidents of the various railroads which have mining interests in this region, at the request of the United Mine Workers, and will tender his good offices in the struggle. If the officials refuse to meet his grace, it will certainly demonstrate their insincerity in publicly declaring their willingness to treat with their men, and will place them in the same position as that once occupied by Mr. Vanderbilt, who forcibly said that the public had no interests which a corporation was bound to respect."

When Mr. Mitchell was asked if the striking miners had received any benefits from the United Mine Workers of America since the strike was inaugurated, he simply said "No."

Two Collieries Abandoned.

Shamokin, Pa., Sept. 24.—Three hundred mules were taken from the Reliance and Alaska mines of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company today, and sent to the Schuylkill County corral. The company gave notice to 2,500 men and boys employed at the operations previous to the strike that unless they returned to work by Saturday the collieries will be abandoned for a lengthy period. The strikers claim the order was given out with the view of scaring them into the mines before the termination of the strike. They say they will remain idle, regardless of the order.

Gompers Predicts Victory.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 24.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, was here tonight to deliver an address on labor at the fall festival, which is now in progress at Music Hall. He was pronounced in his opinion that the anthracite strikers will win.

GOTHAM PRICE AGAIN RAISED.

Small Sizes of Coal Advanced $1 a Ton and Higher Figure May Continue All Winter.

New York, Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The most striking feature of the local coal situation today was the advance of $1 per ton on pea and buckwheat coal. This advance was general, and affects the steam trade, which hitherto has been supplied by the large retailers at prices prevailing previous to the strike. The prices quoted today were $4.50 a ton for pea coal and $4 a ton for buckwheat.

"In my opinion, even with the strike over, the price of coal will not be greatly reduced," said J. Samuel Smoot today. "I doubt whether it will get much lower than $5.75 or $6 per ton all winter."

GOVERNOR CANNOT INTERFERE.

Pleas for Arbitration in Miners' Strike Sent to Executive Find Him Unable to Act.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 24.—Governor Stone received telegrams today from Chicago, Boston, Cincinnati, Cleveland, and numerous other cities urging him to use his good offices in the interest of adjusting the difference between the mine operators and their employés in the anthracite region. There is no provision of the State constitution authorizing the Executive to exercise any such power and Governor Stone is without a remedy to bring the results desired by the senders of the telegrams.

WILLIAM C. LYON, WHO DIED YESTERDAY.

TRY TO LEAVE COUNCIL.

PLUMBERS SEEK WITHDRAWAL FROM CENTRAL BODY.

Members of Union Meet Defeat in Attempt to Leave Building Trades—Labor Leaders Concede Edward Carroll's Deposition from Plasterers' Delegation — Steamfitters Appoint New Business Agent—Ornamental Glassworkers Go on Strike.

Members of the Plumbers' union sought last night to withdraw from the Building Trades council and try their fortunes as an independent organization. A delegate who wished to return to work without being assailed by the doubts of the master plumbers that he would not retain his position made the motion to withdraw. His action was assailed by a volley of protests, but received a second. Another delegate promptly arose to lay the motion on the table, and when President Clinch put the question it was carried by a strong majority.

The attempt of the plumbers to pull out of the central body was a surprise. The conflict, which has cut short operations in the building market for almost a year, was caused by differences between the plumbers and their employers, and this fact has kept them loyal to President Carroll throughout the fight.

Carroll's Withdrawal Conceded.

The withdrawal of Edward Carroll from the delegation appointed to represent the Plasters' union by President Irons is now conceded, and his prospective successor at the head of the central body is being discussed. William C. Schardt of the Carpenters' union is expected to be the new President. Mr. Schardt was a candidate for the Presidency when Mr. Carroll was elected in July, and his defeat is said to have been due entirely to expediency.

Elect New Business Agent.

Charles Rau was elected business agent of the Steamfitters' union last night, to succeed James Daley, who declined to stand for reëlection because of his candidacy for County Commissioner. The union authorized the new business agent to visit the employers and arrange for the members to return to work under union conditions without an agreement. This action is expected to give many of the men work for a few months before the season closes.

Glassworkers Strike.

Two hundred ornamental glass workers went on a strike yesterday because of the refusal of the manufacturers to sign the union agreement. The manufacturers contend they are willing to sign the agreement, provided other firms within a radius of 500 miles of Chicago recognize the union in a similar manner. The union men did not seem to be inclined to ask employers outside of Chicago to unionize their shops, and the proposition fell through. Some of the firms signed the union agreement and the men went to work as usual today. The firms which continued work are: The Clinton Glass company, Mandel Bros., Hugo Eberhardt, Gianini & Hilgart, Misch & Artmaier, John Langa, Mitchell & Helbash, Brandt & Co., Walter Helmerich, Adolph Leindecker, and W. O. Ebert. Among the large firms who refused to sign are: Flanagan & Biedenweg, Hooker & Co., Kinsella & Co., Ford Bros., Neuhauser & Co., Suess Ornamental Glass company, Linden Glass company, Louis Millett, and Crossman & Sturdy. At these places no work was done yesterday.

COAL MEN TO ADVANCE PRICE.

Wholesalers Discuss Increase on Rates for Soft and Smokless Fuel Going Into Effect on Oct. 1.

Representatives of several leading coal firms met yesterday afternoon at the office of the Sunday Creek Coal company in the Ellsworth Building to discuss the advance that will be made in soft and smokeless coal Oct. 1. West Virginia and Ohio coal, which is recognized as the principal substitute for hard coal in emergencies, will be advanced from $2.75 to $3 per ton wholesale. On the retail market this coal has been bringing $4 and $4.50. It is claimed that this advance is made every fall, and that it is not the intention of coal men to force the public to pay a penalty because the hard coal market is short.

"I did not attend the meeting," said W. S. Bogle, President of the Crescent Coal and Mining company, "and do not think it is the desire of the bituminous coal dealers to demand a higher price for their coal. A slight advance in soft coals is made every year, and this doubtless is the change that is in prospect."

An advance of 50 cents per ton on hard coal is predicted tomorrow. Wholesale men deny that this will take place, but the retail coal men insist that they must pay more for their supply than they did before the price was advanced to $7 per ton, and they purpose to get even in some way, even if the customer must suffer.

"I have heard of no change in the price of hard coal," said J. C. Ryan of W. P. Rend & Co., "but if the strike continues the price is bound to advance and to become practically prohibitive to the average consumer. He will have to resort to the use of smokeless coal, which he will find cheaper, if not quite so satisfactory. If the strike continues for three weeks, as I think it will, the supply of hard coal in Chicago will be exhausted before the docks can be replenished, and were it ended tomorrow there would be little coal on the Chicago market by Oct. 15."

A telegram was sent to Governor Stone last night by the members of the First Congregational Church of Evanston asking him to use all possible means to bring the coal miners' strike to a settlement by arbitration. The telegram follows:

By unanimous vote of the First Congregational Church of Evanston, Ill., you are respectfully requested to bring every proper influence to bear upon employers and employed to the end that the miners' strike may be settled by arbitration and the impending destruction of life and property averted.

A similar telegram was sent yesterday by the Oak Park Congregational Church.

DRIVEN TO ADMIT MURDER

REMORSE FORCES CONFESSION FROM JOHN RYAN.

Four and a Half Years Ago, Accompanied by Two Companions, He Threw a Cuspidor and Fatally Injured George Fetner, a Porter, During a Quarrel in a South Clark Street Resort—Gives Himself Up to Detectives at Central Police Station.

Driven by remorse which had been with him constantly during his sleeping and waking hours for almost five years, John Ryan went to the Central Police Station yesterday, and surrendered himself as a murderer. He approached Detective Sergeants Thompson and Morris in the corridors of the City Hall, and asked to be locked up.

"I can stand it no longer," he said. "I am going mad from the continual strain. Lock me up."

The man was taken to Chief of Detectives Colleran's office, and there explained that four and a half years ago during a quarrel in a resort at 443 South Clark street he hurled a cuspidor at George Fetner, a porter, which inflicted injuries that later resulted fatally.

Ever since the night of the assault Ryan says his conscience has been troubling him. At last to escape the torment he decided to give himself up.

On the night of Jan. 8, 1896, Ryan and two companions—William Jackson and Joseph Fanning, alias "Sky Red"—entered the place. Towards midnight a dispute arose, and in the quarrel that followed a cuspidor was hurled through the air and struck Fetner on the side of the head, inflicting severe gashes. At the time Ryan and his two companions made their escape and Fetner was taken to a hospital. He lingered there for some time, but finally succumbed to his injuries. The murder caused considerable excitement in the district, and every effort was made to apprehend the assailants.

At the time Fanning was arrested, but was later released.

"Three days after that night," Ryan said to Detectives Thompson and Morris, when he gave himself up, "I left for Howard, Mich. From there I went to Saginaw. Two weeks later, however, I returned to Chicago and have been here ever since. I have met Fanning on one occasion since that night, but I have never seen Jackson."

GYPSIES IN CAMP DOWN-TOWN.

Large Band Crosses Lake from St. Joe and Awaits Reinforcements Before Resuming Journey.

More than a hundred gypsies camped on Dock street, near the Graham & Morton steamboat landing last night. They arrived from St. Joseph, Mich., at 11 o'clock on the City of Louisville. At 4 o'clock this morning they were to be joined by about seventy-five more of the tribe, who were to come on the City of Milwaukee from St. Joseph.

All the women and babies were loaded on the wagons of the band, which was under the command of General Superintendent John Arondo. He lined the wagons up on the east side of the street, the forty horses were tied on the west side, and the tribe occupied the middle of the thoroughfare. Before the last wagon was off the boat several of the women were visiting businesshouses asking to read fortunes.

Arondo, the Captain, said that they were from Detroit. As soon as the rest of the tribe reaches Chicago, he said, they would proceed to the gypsy camp at Fortieth and Kedzie avenues. Soon they would begin their journey South.

Six policemen from the detail station were ordered to watch the tribe during the night.

CLERGY ASK FOR ARBITRATION.

Chicago Methodist Preachers Want Striking Miners and Operators to Get Together.

Without a dissenting vote the Chicago Methodist preachers' meeting passed the following resolution favoring arbitration as a means of settling the big Pennsylvania miners' strike yesterday morning:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Chicago Methodist preachers' meeting that the question between the operators and the coal miners in the State of Pennsylvania should be submitted to arbitration for settlement.

Secretary Mattison was directed to send copies of the resolution to President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers and Governor Stone of Pennsylvania.

The Rev. M. M. Parkhurst said: "If the operators can unite for mutual protection, why should the miners not be allowed the same privilege? The railroad companies, I understand, are pulling with the operators."

FILES STRIKE SUIT APPEAL.

City Asks Reversal of Pennsylvania Road's Judgment for Cars Burned by Mob in 1894.

Memories of the railroad strike of 1804 were revived yesterday when the appeal of the City of Chicago against the Pennsylvania railroad's judgment of $2,792 was filed in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. This is the old suit for damages which was started by the railroad company on account of the destruction of its cars at Grand Crossing on July 6, 1894.

Ald. McCormick Claims an Alibi.

Alderman J. J. McCormick, whose name was published as being present at the dogfight on Saturday in Blue Island where two men were shot by Joseph Farmer, denies he was present at the fight. "I think my name was given by some of my enemies," said the Alderman. "I was not out of my place of business Saturday."

Hahnemann College Opening Tonight.

Hahnemann Medical College will open this evening with a program of addresses and music. Among the speakers will be the President, Dr. George F. Shears, Dr. A. L. Blackwood, and Dr. E. Stillman Bailey.

WILLIAM C. LYON IS DEAD.

PROMINENT CITIZEN AND CLUBMAN EXPIRES.

Heart Disease Ends Former Board of Trade Member's Career—Joined His Father in Business When 16 Years Old—Engaged in Railroad Enterprises—Liking for Bohemian Life Manifested by Interest in Theatrical People—Joseph Jefferson's Friend.

William C. Lyon, a former member of the Board of Trade, and for twenty-five years an active member of the Chicago club, died yesterday of heart disease at his residence, 262 Michigan avenue. He had suffered with the disease for two years. His illness becoming serious during the last two months, he was confined to his home most of the time, where his death was not unexpected.

Mr. Lyon's long career with the Board of Trade and his interest in politics, club life, and actors won for him many friends. He was the son of John B. Lyon, known in commercial circles forty years ago for his corn deals.

The funeral will take place from the residence tomorrow at 2 p. m. The services, which will be private, will be conducted by the Rev. William J. Chichester. Burial will be at Graceland Cemetery.

Mr. Lyon attributed his early connection with the Board of Trade to his inability to enter a university. He was born at Conneaut, O., on Dec. 15, 1852. He came to Chicago seven years later. On completing his early education, because of his youth he was refused admission to a university. At the age of 16 years he joined his father in business in the capacity of an office boy. Several years later he was made a partner with his father, his youth winning for him the name of the "boy speculator."

Was Interested in Railroads.

In 1871 Mr. Lyon joined George J. Brine as senior partner in the firm of Lyon & Brine. He was engaged later in railroad interests. For several years he was General Manager of the Springfield, Effingham and Southeastern railroad, residing then at Sullivan, Ill. With the absorption of the road by the Illinois Central he entered extensively into the railroad business, and until ten years ago was interested in the building of roads in Illinois. Mr. Lyon had financial interest in the system of turnstiles in use at the World's Fair. While declining to hold any political office Mr. Lyon was an active worker as a Republican in the politics of the First Ward.

Liked Bohemian Life.

Mr. Lyon's interest in the stage was said by himself to be due to his liking for bohemian life. He was a friend of Joseph Jefferson, and one of his claims was that he had been a witness behind the scenes during each of Mr. Jefferson's plays. Mr. Lyon was unmarried. He once said: "A man who has as strong a liking for club life and association among stage people as I have has no right to marry."

"Mr. Lyon's death will be mourned by all those who were active in the Board of Trade twenty-five years ago," said W. S. Crosby. "He was regarded as one of the most genial business-men on 'Change."

Mr. Lyon left a brother and three sisters, John B. Lyon Jr., his brother, is located in Idaho. The sisters are Mrs. Calvin Cobb, Mrs. W. P. Conger, and Mrs. R. W. Hammill. Mr. Lyon was a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

DEATH OF VETERAN STOCKMAN.

Lewis B. Hastings Dies in Lubbock, Tex., from Apopletic Stroke Received Several Weeks Ago.

Lewis R. Hastings, a widely known stockman and old resident of Chicago, died in Lubbock, Tex., yesterday from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy received several weeks ago. He was 70 years old. Frank Hastings, a stockman of Essex, Ia., and the son of Mr. Hastings, attended his father and was at his bedside when the end came. The body will be brought to Chicago. The funeral is expected to be held from his late residence, Forty-third street and Union avenue. Burial will be at Oakwoods.

Mr. Hastings went to Texas a month ago to wind up the affairs of the stock firm of Gregory, Cooley & Hastings, which was dissolved at the time of the death of H. H. Cooley, a few weeks ago. Three members of the family survive Mr. Hastings. They are his eldest daughter, who is Mrs. John J. McRoberts, 4330 Emerald avenue; his son Frank, and an unmarried daughter, Carrie.

Lewis R. Hastings was born in Ohio in the year 1830. When still in his youth he went West, and there became known as an extensive shipper of cattle. He came to Chicago in the '60s, and received cattle here, trading at the Merrick Stock-Yards, then located on the South Side on the lake front. When the Union Stock-Yards were built he became a member of the firm of Gregory, Cooley & Hastings.

JOHN BUTLER, PIONEER, DIES.

Comes to Chicago in 1854 and Works for One Company Forty Years.

John Butler, aged 68 years, a pioneer resident of the city, died last evening at 8 o'clock at his residence, 425 West Harrison street.

Mr. Butler came to Chicago in 1854, and a few years later he entered the service of the Chicago Gaslight and Coke company. He completed forty years of service with this company about three years ago, when he was retired upon a pension. Most of the time he was foreman for the company and was known as "the man who knew every foot of pipe under ground on the South Side."

He was born in the northern part of Ireland, in 1832, and came to America when still a young man, settling first in New Jersey. He married in this city, his wife dying in 1883. He leaves three children, Thomas, Mary, and Maggie.

OBITUARY.

DR. PRESTON B. SCOTT, aged 68 years, of Louisville, Ky., a physician, and President of the Association of Physicians and Surgeons of the Confederate Army and Navy, died yesterday.

HOLDS LUNDIN TO GRAND JURY.

Court Hears Conspiracy Case and Recommends Investigation of Conduct of Lake County Officials.

Maurice Lundin, against whom the charge of conspiracy was preferred by Armin Benedek, 600 West Division street, was held to the grand jury under $500 bonds yesterday by Justice Miles Kehoe. The court also recommended that the conduct of George W. Lawrence, Sheriff of Lake County, Ind., and J. McAleer, Assistant Prosecutor of the same county, codefendants with Lundin, be investigated by the Cook County grand jury. Adolph Miller, a Chicago constable, implicated with the other defendants, was released by Justice Kehoe, who decided that Miller's connection with the case was entirely within the bounds of his official duty.

In summing up the case Justice Kehoe held that the evidence from first to last went to show that Lundin had acted with malice toward the complainant. He had secured his arrest and had had him taken to Indiana on extradition papers when both he and the accused were residents of Illinois, where the laws provide that a man can be tried wherever the property which he is supposed to have stolen is found.

Benedek was at one time in the employ of Lundin as interpreter in a business which the latter conducted in Hammond, Ind. He quit Lundin and engaged in a similar business on his own account, establishing offices in the Schiller Building. Lundin claims that Benedek carried away with him two or three dictionaries, Polish and Slavonic, and several letters which were valuable in the business in which he was engaged. The market value of the dictionaries was claimed by the complainant to be 20 cents each.

It was for the alleged theft of these articles that Benedek was arrested and taken to Indiana.

Low Rate Excursions.

Chicago and Northwestern railway, Oct. 2 and 16, to points in Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska; also to a large number of other points. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells street station.

CLOSE EVIDENCE AGAINST SMITH.

Attorneys for State Prove Grain Shipped and Smith's Knowledge of It.

OWNERSHIP THE DEFENSE

Lawyer Wing Seeking to Show Right to Sell and Remove the Grain.

LONG ARGUMENTS ARE MADE

The testimony for the State against Lloyd J. Smith was closed in Judge Holdom's court yesterday. Proof was offered that Mr. Smith knew that grain had been shipped from the elevator without the cancellation of receipts. The defense tried to show that this grain was the property of the Chicago Elevator company and that therefore the right to ship it existed. Much of the time was taken up in objections to questions and arguments between attorneys.

Smith Notified of Shipments.

W. H. Coleman, shipping clerk under Lloyd J. Smith's management of the elevator, testified that between April, 1899, and February, 1900, he had spoken repeatedly to Mr. Smith of the dangerous condition of affairs of the company, and had been told by Mr. Smith that he would have matters "fixed up." This was never done, however, said the witness.

James D. Keenan of A. O. Slaughter & Co. testified that his firm never had given a single order to the Chicago Elevator company for the shipment of No. 1 Northern spring wheat, the class alleged to have been sold illegally by Mr. Smith to I. M. Parr & Co. of Baltimore. Despite the fact, testified Mr. Keenan, that Slaughter & Co. had held the warehouse receipts for all the wheat described every bushel of it evidently had been shipped out of the possession of the Chicago Elevator company, as today Slaughter & Co. hold receipts for 140,965 bushels, of which there is not a kernel in either of the elevators of the company. The receipts, twenty-five in number, were introduced in evidence.

Grain Owned by Slaughter & Co.

Evidence was presented showing that the No. 1 Northern spring wheat stored in the elevators of the company during the summer of last year had been bought by A. O. Slaughter & Co. through a representative on the Board of Trade and had been transferred to the Chicago Elevator company's elevator. This, contended the attorneys for the State, indicated that Slaughter & Co. owned the grain, contrary to the assertion of Attorney Wing for the defense, who in his opening statement to the jury said he would prove that there never had been any wheat in the elevators of the company that had not been bought and owned by the company itself. It was also shown that on Jan. 16, 1900, Mr. Smith came into the offices of his company with Clerk Hawley of the State Registrar's office and in the presence of Shipping Clerk Coleman inquired as to the condition of the company's business. It was shown that at the time there were outstanding receipts to the amount of 700,000 bushels of wheat, while there were only 300,000 bushels in the company's possession.

Attorney Wing contended that the warehouse receipts, which were made out in the name of A. O. Slaughter & Co., were thus made out from business exigencies, Slaughter & Co. having in reality no title to the grain. The firm, alleged Attorney Wing, had acted all along as the bankers of the Chicago Elevator company, advancing money to buy wheat, and, perhaps, buying wheat for them, the title to the grain always being in the Chicago Elevator company. A. O. Slaughter & Co., said Mr. Wing, did not buy the wheat for themselves, never had bought wheat themselves for purposes of speculation, and never intended to engage in the business.

Claims Right to Ship the Grain.

"The fact of the situation was," said Attorney Wing, "that the shipments alleged to have been made illegally were shipments of grain owned by the Chicago Elevator company. Owning the grain, and having its title and custody, they had a perfect right to do whatsoever they wanted with it."

"Had those circumstances really existed," replied Judge Holdom, "I cannot conceive how Mr. Smith would ever have been brought into this court."

Attorney Wing took the position that the grain, being in reality owned by the Chicago Elevator company, their right to ship it at their pleasure was incontestable. This statement was attacked by Attorney Barnes for the State, who cited a decision of the Supreme Court to the effect that in which the holder of a warehouse receipt for grain knew at the time he accepted and advanced money upon it that the grain had been shipped from the warehouse. It was held that the holder could recover because the warehouse receipt, being negotiable, might have been sold legally to an innocent third party.

Court Rules for State.

"This case is well cited," said Judge Holdom, commenting on the position taken by the attorney for the State. "It makes no difference if the Chicago Elevator company really owned the grain and never had borrowed a cent on it, the fact that they had issued a negotiable warehouse receipt for that grain should have restrained its shipment. At any moment A. O. Slaughter & Co. might have sold those warehouse receipts to a third party, who was entitled to present them to the Chicago Elevator company and demand immediate delivery."

Near the close of the session Mr. Wing read a lengthy decision rendered by Judge Tuley in 1896 which stated that warehousemen had no right to mix grain of their own with that of patrons storing with them. Mr. McEwen then read an act of the Legislature passed in 1897, on account of Judge Tuley's decision, which gives warehousemen the right to mix the grain as described.

WRECKED IN LAKE SUPERIOR.

Steamer St. Andrews Strikes Rocks at Passage Island—Crew Rescued After Hard Struggle.

Owen Sound, Ont., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Captain Featherstonhaugh and the crew of the steamer St. Andrew, which was wrecked on Thursday night off Passage Island, Lake Superior, have arrived here en route for their homes. The steamer ran hard on the rocks at Passage Island, two miles out of its course. Three of the crew were able to jump ashore. Soon after a big sea swept over the vessel, and in the receding wave it was carried out fully a hundred feet, where it sank in deep water. There were thirteen of the crew aboard, who held on to the bulwarks, and for four hours the seas broke over them.

A fisherman on the island notified the Captain of the tug Georgina, who went to the rescue. Captain Featherstonhaugh and his crew were brought off and taken to Port Arthur.

SCHOOL OF LIFE SEEKS A HOME.

Dr. H. W. Thomas Finds It Difficult to Find Suitable Quarters for His Proposed Church Club.

A suitable location and rooms in which to establish the "School of Life" in connection with the People's Church are being sought by Dr. H. W. Thomas, the pastor. Dr. Thomas and a number of the members of his church yesterday visited a number of the down-town buildings, but could find none that would serve. The offices they inspected were either too small to accommodate a large number or did not have a lecture-room, which is needed.

PUPILS DONATE $4,330.48.

PUBLIC SCHOOL CHILDREN'S FUND FOR AID OF GALVESTON.

Plan Suggested in "The Tribune" by Ethel Donelson of the Grant School Is Carried Out with a Generous Degree of Success—Amount Not Yet Complete, Because in Many Cases the Jewish Holiday Made the Attendance Light.

(Continued from first page.)

I.			
Iowa Street	$ 5.00	Irving Park	$21.50
Irving	10.18		
J.			
Jackson	$ 9.00	John Ericsson	$32.00
Jacob Beidler	10.11	John L. Marsh	6.50
Jefferson	10.00	John McLaren	20.00
Jefferson Park	5.00	John Spry	20.00
Jenner	10.35	Jones	6.00
John Crerar	12.00	J. R. Doolittle Jr.	23.00
K.			
Kenwood	$43.50	Knickerbocker	$21.85
King	21.75	Komensky	8.50
L.			
Lafayette	$40.00	Lincoln	$46.00
Langland	10.51	Loran	10.21
La Salle	24.85	Longfellow	7.00
Laurel Avenue	8.45	Lyman Trumbull	13.25
M.			
McAllister	$14.20	Marshall	$53.00
McClellan	12.00	Medill	30.00
McPherson	22.00	Montefiore	11.00
Madison Avenue	13.52	Motley	22.00
Manierre	18.50	Mulligan	16.00
Mark Sheridan	14.50	M. W. Fuller	16.41
Marquette	25.57		
N.			
Nathaniel Greene	$30.00	Norwood Park	$ 9.00
Newberry	27.00		
O.			
Oakland	$20.52	Ogden	$16.45
Oak Ridge	30.50	O'Toole	10.51
P.			
Parkman	$15.00	Prescott	$10
Park Manor	6.00	Pullman	$30.00
Parkside	9.50		
R.			
Ravenswood	$43.30	Robert Morris	23.00
Richard Yates	18.20	Rogers	6.00
Riverdale	4.00	Rosehill	3.10
Robert Emmet	7.50	Ryerson	23.00
S.			
Scammon	$10.73	Sherwood	23.00
Scanlan	7.07	Shields	8.00
Schiller	8.71	Skinner	20.00
Sewards	10.72	Springer	13.50
Sheldon	17.06	Sumner	26.40
Sherman	18.00		
T.			
Tennyson	$ 7.48	Thomas Hoyne	$16.00
Thomas Brenan	11.25	Tilden	15.20
Thomas Chalmers	28.00		
V.			
Victor F. Lawson	$18.00	Von Humboldt	$40.00
W.			
Waubansia Ave.	$12.80	W. C. Goudy	$19.60
Walsh	12.20	Wells	10.20
Walter Scott	10.00	West Pullman	10.00
Ward	20.25	Whittier	11.00
Webster	10.77	Wicker Park	27.50
Washington	9.75	Woodlawn	48.00
Y.			
Yale	$20.85		

NEEDS OF GALVESTON PEOPLE.

Sufferers Want New Clothing, Cots, and Bedding More than Anything Else—Money Contributed.

Constant communication is kept up between the Chicago Relief committee and the Galveston Relief committee. Commissioner of Health Reynolds wired to Chairman W. A. McVitie on Saturday afternoon for additional information as to what was most needed. A few hours later a telegram was received, stating that care was being taken of 550 sick and wounded, that about 16,000 persons were needy and destitute, and that new cots, shoes, clothing, and bedding were needed.

The contributions received yesterday are as follows:

Central Church, Dr. Gunsaulus	$180
Second Baptist Church	53
John Owen, Treasurer Oakwood Union Evangelical Church	10
Church of the Redeemer	44
Burley & Tyrell	50
D. V. Samuels	1
Sixth Presbyterian Church	133
Ethel S. Drummer	25
W. F. Drummer	25
David B. Jones	50
Thomas D. Jones	50
John D. Shea and officers Third Division, Chicago police	13
Minnie F. Soby	1
Cash	50c
Eleventh Presbyterian Church	10
The Rev. W. H. Smith, for citizens of Nunda	9

Mrs. J. W. Northrop, in charge of the Wabash avenue receiving depot, is constantly receiving supplies, such as are needed, and could take care of a great deal more if they were sent to her. The amount of clothing that has passed through her hands amounts to nearly $20,000 in value.

An entertainment and ball for the benefit of the Galveston sufferers will take place tonight at Aurora Hall, Milwaukee avenue and Huron street, under the auspices of the Cracker Jack Pleasure club.

GALVESTON'S LIST STILL GROWS

Latest Compilation Places Number of Fatalities at 3,859—Close Observers Consider It Too Low.

Galveston, Tex., Sept. 24.—The list of dead from the storm of Sept. 8 now represents a total of 3,859 names. The indications are that not more than 4,000 people will be actually accounted for. It is thought that 800 or 1,000 people were lost whose names are not obtainable, which would make the total death list on Galveston Island about 5,000. Close observers, however, still insist that the complete list will be fully 7,000.

STREETS TOO ROUGH FOR MAIL.

Delay in Paving Reason for Removing Boxes on West Side—Residents Meet Tonight to Protest.

Colonel L. T. Steward, superintendent of the carrier division of the Postoffice, asserts that the removal of mail boxes from the district around Ashland boulevard and Polk street, which has met with angry protests from the residents of the vicinity, is on account of the condition of the streets. Boxes have been removed from many corners throughout the district, and employés of business houses and residents are forced to walk several blocks to deposit letters.

A meeting has been called for this evening at 716 West Polk street, to petition the postal authorities to replace the boxes.

"There is no intention of removing the boxes permanently, as asserted by the residents," said Colonel Steward. "Several streets in the district have been torn up for repaving, and are impassable to our collecting wagons. Our contracts, and the postal rules, call for a twenty-five-mile route by the wagons, and it is impossible to make collections from the boxes in that district without exceeding that distance. There is an inexplicable delay in the repairing of the roads, and as we could not increase our force of collectors, we were forced to remove the boxes. As soon as the streets are in a passable condition the boxes will be replaced."

UNIVERSITY MAY LOSE SEAL.

Princeton's President Suggests That Whisky Firm Can Charge Infringement of Its Patent Rights.

Princeton, N. J., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The fact, announced last week, that a Philadelphia distiller intends to use Princeton's seal as a trade mark for a brand of whisky, will be brought before the trustees for action. President Patton said: "Whether there is or is not a remedy I do not deem myself competent to say. The university seal will no doubt still serve to authenticate any document to which it is attached, unless, perchance, we should be sued by the whisky company for an infringement on patent rights."

Fined for Making His Children Beg.

Judge Gibbons took notice of an almost obsolete statute yesterday long enough to fine Michael Jandilllie $20 and costs for sending minor children into the streets to beg. The defendant was arrested last May by the police. His two daughters, Josephine and Camilla, aged 9 and 11 years respectively, had been seen begging, and the father was taken in custody. This is the first fine imposed under this statute for many years.

M'KINLEY BEATS BRYAN ON A POLL.

Vote by Marshall Field & Co. Employes Shows Over 85 Per Cent Republican.

TEST A VOLUNTARY ONE.

Expression Regarded as Important Indication of Political Sentiment.

GET NEWS FROM THE WEST.

A poll of the wholesale department store of Marshall Field & Co. made yesterday shows that of the 1,000 employés of that establishment 85 1-10 per cent will vote for McKinley and 14 9-10 per cent for Bryan. The figures are:

For McKinley	851
For Bryan	149
Majority for McKinley	702

The poll was made by some of the employés of the house on their own account and for the purpose of satisfying some curiosity on how the employés stood politically. The management knew of it, but had nothing to do with it, and it was entirely a voluntary expression of the feelings of the employés.

The poll is regarded as of considerable importance, as Marshall Field & Co. has always been regarded as a Democratic house. Four years ago it gave McKinley a good majority, about the same which this poll indicates it will this year, but in 1896 it was almost unanimously for Cleveland, and has always numbered a majority of Democrats among its employés. Mr. Field, while never taking an active part in politics, has always been classed as a Democrat, but of the gold variety.

Polls from Western States.

Vice Chairman Payne of the Republican National committee said yesterday he had received some polls from Western states which convinced him that Kansas and Wyoming would surely be Republican this year. The poll of Wyoming showed every county in the State Republican, and in Kansas it predicted a fair-sized Republican majority. "From what I can learn," added Mr. Payne, "of conditions in Nebraska I think that State will go Republican also."

As to Colorado Mr. Payne said he had no good information, more than there were many changes from Bryan to McKinley. This last statement was corroborated at Democratic national headquarters by Congressman Shafrock of that State, who made his estimate to Chairman Jones of a majority for Bryan of 60,000 this year, or about 40 per cent what it was four years ago.

Fairbanks Thinks Nebraska Safe.

Senator Fairbanks of Indiana, who has been in the Western States carried by Bryan in 1896, brought back the same story. He reported that Kansas was surely Republican this year, and he thought Nebraska was also.

TWO NOONDAY MEETINGS HELD.

Yates Illinois Republican Club Begins Series at 107 Dearborn Street—Commercial McKinley Organization.

The noonday meetings of the Yates Illinois Republican club were inaugurated yesterday at the headquarters, 107 Dearborn street. Senator William E. Mason and Dewitt C. Jones were the speakers. Former Judge Lorin Collins was the chairman. Many persons were excluded on account of the limited space of the hall.

Senator Mason charged the Democratic party with trying to cloud the issues by bringing in imperialism and the trust question, and said:

"The only real issue of the country is whether it shall have a sound dollar."

He said the President had no power to give up an inch of territory in the Philippines. He ridiculed the idea of militarism.

Dewitt C. Jones said Bryan was trying to mislead the people on false issues. The government, he said, had nothing to apologize for, and the President's record was one of the strongest arguments for the campaign.

Isaac Miller Hamilton, J. W. Wilkerson, and H. R. Ramb

YATES AT WORK ALONG THE OHIO.

River Counties Give a Hearty Welcome to the Republican Nominee.

OLD SOLDIERS IN LINE.

Frank O. Lowden of Chicago Warns Voters to Beware of Silver.

RALLY HELD AT GOLCONDA.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Metropolis, Ill., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Judge Yates and Colonel Frank O. Lowden arrived here at 2 o'clock this afternoon and will devote several days to the river counties in the Cairo country. This was their initial meeting on the Ohio River. It had been well advertised, and one of the greatest crowds ever seen in Massac County welcomed the visitors. D. W. Helm, chairman of the County committee, acted as President of the day. A grand street demonstration was in waiting, and the speaking began immediately after, as a fifteen-mile carriage drive was necessary as soon as the public exercises were over, to get the party to Golconda, where Judge Yates and Secretary of State Rose spoke tonight.

Judge Yates spoke for twenty minutes at the afternoon meeting here, paying particular attention to the old soldiers in the audience, of whom there were many.

The more extended speech of the afternoon was made by Colonel Frank O. Lowden of Chicago, who accompanied the Judge through Egypt at his personal request. Colonel Lowden is one of the most effective speakers in the land. His methods are classical and at the same time most attractive.

Country Faces Grave Danger.

Colonel Lowden opened his remarks by the statement that the country was again confronted with its quadrennial danger, the possibility of Democratic success at the polls. He spoke of the disasters which had followed the election of Cleveland eight years ago and said these conditions were partially due to the incapacity of the Democratic party to rule. He continued:

"Four years afterward the Democrats were compelled to discover a new issue and free silver became the cry. A resonant voice swept in from the prairies which cried: 'If the Democratic party cannot create values, let it legislate values.' The boy orator of the Platte and the boy philosopher called 'Coin' in Harvey's immortal work, tolling in unison, evolved the theory that all our ills were attributable to the 'crime of '73.' Strange phenomenon, the deadliest crime against the people in history, its fruits not apparent, however, for almost a quarter of a century, and only then when the Democratic party was in supreme control. The people began to study the question, and the campaign, being one of education, was, as it always is, fatal to Democratic success."

Colonel Lowden went on: "Another four years have passed. The workingman rides in a car and no longer counts the ties. The enterprising farmer has paid off his mortgage and now owns one upon the home of some Populistic orator who would rather talk than work.

Bryan Among the Prosperous.

"No, my friends, calamity cannot be the watchword in this present campaign. When Bryan was first nominated he scheduled for taxation, jewelry $50, one horse $10. During the years of Republican rule, which since have intervened, he has acquired a fortune of $250,000 or more. As J. Sterling Morton says: 'Verily, his mouth has been a mint.'

"Jerry Simpson has become addicted to the soft luxury of socks."

Colonel Lowden then made the point that the first and foremost issue in the campaign is again the money question. He said:

"The Democrats have declared that imperialism is the 'paramount issue.' As, however, their 'peerless leader' himself has said, 'It is the people and not conventions that make the paramount issue.'"

Colonel Lowden then briefly discussed the trust and other issues which the Democrats were proposing. His speech was applauded to the echo, and at its conclusion the audience was strenuous in its demand that he should continue, although the time had come for the departure for Golconda.

All day long at the stations, little and big, Judge Yates was greeted by thousands who wanted to shake hands with him and assure him of their good will and best wishes.

M'KINLEY'S POLICY PRAISED.

Congregational Ministers' Association Passes Resolutions of Sympathy and Approval.

Resolutions expressing unqualified approval of President McKinley's policy in China, sympathy for relatives and friends of unfortunate missionaries and their families, and demanding guarantees of proper protection to all missionaries and native Christians as well as compensation for all property destroyed were adopted by the Congregational Ministers' association at its meeting held yesterday in the lecture-room of the Y. M. C. A. Building. The resolutions were introduced by Dr. Simeon Gilbert, and concluded as follows:

We would make expression still further of our profound belief that these multiplied martyrdoms are not to be vain, and that somehow in God's own way out of all this agony and sorrow and all this worldwide agitation the total cause of Christian missions is to gain a measure of sympathetic attention such as it has never before received.

The Rev. F. A. Noble addressed the ministers on the "Forward Movement," in the course of which he referred to the great importance of enlarging the Christian forces both in China and other foreign countries and at home, saying, among other things:

"The politicians are talking up and down the line on the problem in the Orient, but that is nothing but the babble of the winds. All we hear is God's command to carry the gospel of truth and civilization into the dark continents of the earth."

Other speakers were the Rev. H. P. Perkins and the Rev. Edgar J. Penny of Tuskegee, Ala.

No Fusion in Sixth Kansas.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 24.—It is officially announced at Democratic State headquarters that there will be no fusion between the Democrats and Populists for Congressmen of the Sixth District of Kansas. The announcement was made after a futile conference of party leaders for the purpose of inducing one of the candidates to withdraw.

Nominated for Congress.

State.	Dist.	Name.	Party.
Conn.	3	C. A. Russell	Rep.
Penn.	14	M. E. Olmsted	Rep.

Political Notes.

Richard Croker denies that he is to be in the Cabinet if Bryan is elected.

Senator Quarles of Wisconsin addressed a Republican rally at Rockford, Ill.

Congressman Bailey of Texas opened the Democratic campaign at Shelbyville, Ill.

The Illinois Methodist Conference at Hoopestown, Ill., adopted resolutions approving McKinley's policy in the Philippines.

The Democrats of the Third Congressional District of Louisiana yesterday nominated R. F. Broussard to succeed himself in Congress.

The Indiana State Republican committee's poll of the State shows a larger plurality for McKinley than in 1896. The Democratic committee declines to make any statement.

Sells Dyed "Red Birds" and Hares.

The police of the North Side are searching for Michael Shorn, who has been selling in Rogers Park and Edgewater "red birds" and "Belgian hares." His fifty or more customers learned afterwards that their purchases were dyed. Peter Peart, Harry Palmer, Justice Kline, and John Munro are among the victims.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For a tonic and regulator nothing equals Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters.

PAVEMENT BREAKS; 9 HURT

CROWD AT PROHIBITION MEETING THROWN INTO A BASEMENT.

Presidential Candidate Woolley Prepares to Address People of Huron, S. D., When the Wooden Sidewalk Gives Way, Precipitating 75 People 12 Feet—Panic Ensues—Six Women Are Seriously Injured, Another and Two Children Also Disabled.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Brookings, S. D., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—By the breaking of a sidewalk John G. Woolley, Prohibition candidate for President, his lieutenant, Volney B. Cushing of Maine, and seventy-five residents of Huron, S. D., were thrown twelve feet into a basement this afternoon. Seven women and two children were injured in the fall, six of the number seriously, and a score were more or less bruised. The politicians escaped with slight scratches.

The many women in the crowd were panic-stricken by the accident, and in the rush to liberate themselves from their temporary prison several were trampled upon. These were rescued with difficulty.

The injured:

Barrows, Jennie, Redfield, S. D.; face badly cut.
Barrows, Lavanche, 4 years old, Chicago; badly cut about face.
Clickner, Mrs. John R.; back bruised; serious internal injuries.
Deyo, Mrs. John, Huron; ankle fractured and bruised about the body; serious.
Jenkins, Mrs. Harriet, 84 years old; head bruised and left side injured; left knee broken; serious.
King, Baby, 3 years old; head cut and bruised; not serious.
Keiser, Florence, student at Huron College; right knee and side injured; serious.
Little, Mrs. J. H., Huron; left ankle crushed; serious.
Pulling, Mrs. Lillian, Huron; hurt internally; unconscious; serious.

The meeting had been well advertised and a large audience assembled to greet the cold water advocates. It was an open air affair and the scene was on the corner of the principal business streets of the little town. Woolley and Cushing were just mounting the speakers' stand when the wooden pavement gave way with a crash, precipitating its occupants to the ground below.

When the work of rescue had been completed, the injured being taken to nearby homes, the meeting proceeded, both Woolley and Metcalf delivering their scheduled speeches.

WATER CASES TO GRAND JURY.

Authorities Decide to Ask Indictments for Alleged Thefts in the Stock-Yards District.

After a conference yesterday afternoon between Superintendent Nourse of the city Water department and State's Attorney Deneen it was stated that the grand jury will consider the reports of alleged theft of city water in the Stock-Yards district at its session Wednesday.

Special inquiry was made of Mr. Nourse concerning the result of the investigation by the city officials around the plant of the Continental Packing and Provision company. The charges against T. G. Thompson of the Chicago Hair and Bristle company, and Jacob Hoelle of the International Packing company were also discussed, and probably will be submitted to the grand jurors. State's Attorney Deneen would not give out the names of the witnesses who will be called. The investigation may take several days.

What Superintendent H. O. Nourse believed to be the most promising discovery he has made in Packingtown ended yesterday in the capped eight-inch main in Forty-second street, uncovered last week. He withdrew the force from the pipe leading into the plant of Armour & Co., Forty-fourth street and Packers avenue, to follow up the suggestion of a citizen that it was thought might develop something sensational in the plant of Swift & Co. It is understood that the Armour pipe is not in any way illicit.

Half a dozen inspectors were sent to Packingtown with instructions to enter the boiler-room of Swift & Co.'s butterine plant with the employés. Four policemen followed them, with orders to arrest any person suspected of tampering with the water supply. Workmen found an eight-inch pipe, containing lukewarm water, in the court leading into the boiler-room of the butterine plant. It was traced south to Forty-second street, where it turned west. Before the turn it was tapped again and cold water was found. The discharge from the break, however, had no force back of it, and the officials think that the water was what had remained after the pipe had been capped several years ago.

Representatives of Swift & Co. have authorized Mr. Nourse to make whatever investigations on that company's property he may desire.

NEW FACES AT NORTHWESTERN

Students Registered but Number Withheld—More Men than Women—Academy Has an Increase.

Northwestern University officers yesterday declined to give out the number of students who applied to enter the college of liberal arts. Registrar Atwell had expected that during the four days' registration over 650 students, of whom 200 would be freshmen, would appear. When the work of registering ceased last night he refused, however, to state the number.

The new students who appeared had had a better preparation for college than those of any preceding year. The number of men far exceeded that of the women, something that has not occurred before.

At 8 o'clock in the morning the office of the academy was opened. A large number of new students already were in waiting. Before the office closed nearly 250 had registered. This is the best day's registration that ever has been made in the academy and a large increase over the number enrolled last year is expected before Thursday night, when the registration closes.

The school of music registered but few students, but the music students always arrive later than others.

The first recitations of the Cumnock School of Oratory were held, and Professor Cumnock announced a gain of twenty-five over last year's enrollment, the total this year being 107.

Chairman William Deering appointed from the Board of Trustees a committee of seven who are to examine the qualifications of those who are mentioned for the Presidency of the university. The committee is as follows:

M. H. Wilson, H. S. Towle,
H. H. C. Miller, A. H. Revell,
N. S. Davis Jr., F. P. Crandon.
G. F. Swift,

ILLINOIS STATE FAIR OPENS.

Carnival Week at Springfield Inaugurated with Day for School Children.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The Illinois State fair opened today with a large attendance. It was Children's day, all the school children of the State being admitted to the grounds free.

More exhibits are made this year in the machinery and poultry departments than ever before, and in the other departments the high standard set in the past is fully maintained. Everything was practically in position today except the displays of the several counties of the State in the Dome Building, and these will be ready for inspection tomorrow morning.

Senator John Humphrey, Senator D. A. Campbell, and Henry J. Kline, a West Side business-man, were yesterday selected by the County board to represent Cook County at the State fair and at the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture on Wednesday.

In the resolution which named these representatives Commissioner Beer said: "Cook County has no agricultural society in regular standing, such pretended societies that do exist only holding meetings once every two years for the purpose of influencing the election for their own personal gain and not for horticulturists at large."

The board in choosing the three delegates exercised the right given it by the statute, which provides that such choice shall be made in counties where there is no agricultural society.

ROOSEVELT WINS VOTES OF WOMEN.

Journey Across Wyoming Is Marked by Enthusiastic Greetings on All Sides.

ALL CHEYENNE TURNS OUT

Double Meetings Held with Torch Light Parade and Cowboy Demonstrations.

GOING TO DENVER TODAY.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Governor Roosevelt arrived at Cheyenne at 7 o'clock this evening. It was raining and the streets were running streams. The Governor rested for an hour and then was escorted to Turner Hall, where he spoke. As the hall was not large enough to accommodate one-half the people, a second meeting was held in the opera-house. John Proctor Clarke of New York addressed the opera-house gathering, while the Governor spoke in the hall. The Governor finished his speech in the hall at 8:30 o'clock, then spoke before the 1,500 people assembled in the opera-house. Despite the bad night, the streets were thronged with people when a division of local rough riders set out to escort the Governor to the hall.

A band from Douglas, more than 100 miles distant from Cheyenne, which came down especially for the occasion, led the way, and a flambeau club, defying the sputtering heavens with all brands of colored fire, tramped behind the rough riders, doing its utmost to make the night merry. The people of Cheyenne were greatly disappointed on account of the rain, as they had planned to show the Governor a "good time." In fact, they had it all fixed to give him the record-breaking reception of his trip in the West and Northwest.

Starts for Denver Today.

The Governor expressed himself as highly pleased with his reception in Wyoming tonight. He will leave Cheyenne at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning for Denver, where he speaks tomorrow night. En route he will make short talks at several towns. He will be joined here tomorrow morning by Senators Wolcott and Lodge.

Through the great wool country of Wyoming Governor Roosevelt traveled during the day, and the Governor spoke at Rawlins, Hanna, Medicine Bow, and Laramie, winding up at Cheyenne.

All through Wyoming the women have shown deep interest in Governor Roosevelt. At Rawlins this morning a group of young women school teachers were at the depot when the Governor stepped from his car. "O, there he is!" said one, "just like his pictures." Then she waved her hand at the Governor, who bowed. "I'm going to vote for you," she shouted. "I'm 21."

Address to Miners at Hanna.

Hanna is a mining town and takes its name from Senator Marcus A. Hanna, who formerly was interested in the coal mines there. There are 350 miners representing almost all nations of the earth employed in the coal mines at Hanna. Negroes predominate, however. When the Governor's train arrived it was backed on a spur to the mines, wherein all work was suspended and the men came to the surface with the lamps on their heads to hear him speak.

The train stopped but two minutes at Medicine Bow and the rain was driving in streams against the little depot, under the eaves of which a crowd was trying to shelter itself. The Governor stood in the rain and talked to them until the train started, a cheer from his drenched but loyal auditors followed him into the car.

Prosperity Much in Evidence.

At intervals all day today the Roosevelt special was sidetracked for long, swift freights, denominated "Asiatic express trains" by the railroad company because they are carrying merchandise to the Western seaboard to be shipped thence to the Philippines and the Sandwich Islands. That is one reason why the people out here are expansionists. The Union Pacific railroad has in Wyoming nearly 3,000 laborers at work building new track and repairing the old. Wyoming coal has supplanted in the smelters of the West that shipped, until recently, from British Columbia, and Wyoming wool has been going up in spite of a sluggish market.

On the Governor's train today was United States Marshal Frank Hadsell of Cheyenne. Mr. Hadsell has a relic of interest to Chicagoans. It is a revolver once carried by Eugene Field. Mr. Hadsell found it among the effects of Judge William L. Ashe of Cheyenne. It is a four-chambered weapon, and on the brass of the stock is engraved in script, "Old Missouri. She never hangs fire. Eugene Field, 1872."

REUNION OF A HEALTHY FAMILY

Among Levi Root's Immediate Descendants There Has Never Been a Death, with One Exception.

Newman, Ill., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The second reunion of the Root family was held in this city today. There were present twelve children of Levi Root, ranging in age from 36 to 70. There are living seventy-nine grandchildren, 108 great-grandchildren, and five great-great-grandchildren. With one exception, there never has been a death in the family of Levi Root, one son being killed during the rebellion fighting for the flag. This is the first time that all the twelve children have been together, some of them not having met for twenty-eight years. Dinner was served by the two resident children, D. O. and L. L. Root, attended by ninety-six relatives. The twelve children and their offspring reside in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, and Nebraska.

SOUTHERN CITIES SHOW GAINS.

Count of Chattanooga, Tenn., and Savannah, Ga., Completed by Census Bureau.

City.	Population.	Increase.	Per cent.
Chattanooga	32,490	3,390	11.65
Savannah	54,224	11,035	25.60

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—The Census bureau announces that the population of Chattanooga, Tenn., is 32,490, as against 29,100 in 1890.

This is an increase of 3,390, or 11.65 per cent.

The population of Savannah, Ga., is 54,-224, as against 43,189 in 1890. This is an increase of 11,035, or 25.60 per cent.

TWO MORE ZIONITES OUSTED.

Mansfield, O., Police Guard Elders Found at a Hotel Until They Can Be Deported.

Mansfield, O., Sept. 24.—Zion Elders Mark A. Loblaw of Chicago and James Watts of Hammond, Ind., both British subjects, arrived here today and went to a hotel, where their identity was discovered. A citizen marched them to the city prison, where they remained until noon, when they were deported. A large crowd was at the depot when they left. No trouble was experienced in getting them out of the city.

Trinity Entrance Examinations Soon.

The entrance examinations for Trinity, the new Catholic college for women at Washington, will be held on Oct. 9, 10, and 11 in all the leading cities of the country. The place arranged for the Chicago examinations is St. Xavier's Academy, Wabash avenue and Twenty-ninth street. There is a fee of $5 for examinations taken at any other place than Washington. Blank forms of application may be obtained at any time from the secretary of the college.

ISSUE SOUND MONEY CALL

MEMBERS OF BUSINESS-MEN'S ASSOCIATION TO REORGANIZE.

Circular Sent Out Calling a Meeting at the Grand Pacific Hotel Tomorrow Evening to Prepare for Taking an Active Part in Campaign Work for Election of the Republican Ticket—Efforts of Four Years Ago and Their Results Recalled.

The Chicago Business-Men's Sound Money association will reorganize for campaign work, and the intention is to put forth as great efforts for the election of McKinley as were made four years ago. The following call has been issued for a meeting tomorrow evening:

"Chicago, Sept. 22.—In the campaign of 1896 no organization contributed more to the success of the ticket headed by McKinley and Hobart on the platform of sound money and commercial honor than did the Chicago Business-Men's Sound Money association. Its splendid work of education among the voters on the meaning and importance of the issues connected with that campaign was a magnificent illustration of what could be accomplished by an organization of men whose sole purpose was the support, maintenance, and perpetuation of laws based on sound money and commercial honor.

"Now, after four years of unprecedented prosperity, the result of restored confidence upon the overwhelming defeat of free silver, we are again confronted with the same issue of free silver, with a few minor issues thrown in for the purpose of deceiving the voters, such as anti-expansion, militarism, etc. Confronted, indeed, with the possibility of the administration of the affairs of this great nation by men and measures well calculated to wreck it, there is a spontaneous and universal demand for the reorganization of the Chicago Business-Men's Sound Money association, to the end that it may once more throw the weight of its influence and effort on the side of good government, sound money, and national honor.

"With this purpose in view, we cordially and urgently request you to attend a meeting of your neighbors and business associates at the Grand Pacific Hotel on Wednesday evening, Sept. 26, 1900, at 7:30 o'clock."

The call is signed by:

Joseph Baifield, C. A. Paltzer,
Frank H. Cannon, James T. Soper,
L. Y. Farwell Jr., E. J. Piggott,
D. B. Fate, J. J. Badenoch,
J. D. Everett, John Gott,
Francis Beidler, Samuel Insull,
Charles Fitz-Simons, W. L. Abbott,
H. K. Gildden, J. H. Heusner,
LaVerne W. Noyes, John Crerar,
H. H. Maxwell, Henry Kuh,
B. E. Sunny, John C. Spry,
James W. Nye, Clarence S. Pellet,
Charles E. Hyde, H. H. Gross,
John T. Shayne, E. E. Hooper,
Adolph Nathan.

HANNA TO STAY EAST A WEEK.

Republican Campaign Manager Says Situation in the West Is Encouraging.

New York, Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Senator Mark Hanna arrived today in New York from Chicago and announced his intention of staying here one week, when he will return to Chicago.

Mr. Hanna discussed the political issues of the day in his own way. He flatly denied, however, having made several statements accredited to him.

"Do you intend to do any speaking in the East in the present campaign?" he was asked.

"I cannot tell yet. I have not made any arrangements."

In regard to the situation in the West Mr. Hanna said: "It is improving, especially since speechmaking has begun. The meetings are large and enthusiastic."

Mr. Hanna's attention was drawn to the public offer made by Chairman Edmiston of the Populist National committee to debate with Mr. Hanna on public questions.

He laughed. "You can tell him that any time he wishes to take issue with anything I have said he's at liberty to do so."

Mr. Hanna was asked for his opinion of the significance of Mr. Bryan's trip to Chicago.

"I suppose he and Jones and Vice Chairman Stone have gone to get up an issue that will do in New York," was his answer.

CROWD WILL HEAR BEVERIDGE.

Demand for Tickets to Auditorium Meeting Large—Senator Arrives and Is Entertained at Dinner.

The indications are that Senator Beveridge will address an immense audience at the Auditorium tonight. The meeting will be under the auspices of the Marquette club. Judge N. C. Sears will preside. Senator Beveridge will be the only speaker. The demand for tickets has been so great that the Committee on Arrangements is preparing for an overflow audience.

Senator Beveridge arrived in Chicago during the afternoon, was met by Chairman Goodwin of the Political Action committee of the club, and taken to the Virginia Hotel. This committee gave an informal dinner at the hotel last evening for the Senator. The invited guests were Chairman Rowe and Secretary Fieldhouse of the State committee, Chairman Lorimer and Executive Chairman Jamieson of the County committee, Judge Sears, James P. Wheadon, Harry New, National Committeeman for Indiana; Fred A. Bangs, President of the Hamilton club; and A. A. Taylor.

The attending members of the Marquette committee were:

Leonard Goodwin, S. M. Dickson,
F. H. Gansbergen, J. B. Campbell,
A. H. Hyman, H. N. Wagg,
Charles Catlin, J. F. Going.
Walker Wetl,

Senator Beveridge left at 9 o'clock for Evanston, where he will remain until late this afternoon at the house of J. C. Schaffer.

Senator Beveridge, speaking of the situation generally, said last night:

"Now is the time to fight rather than predict. However, I feel confident that McKinley and Roosevelt will carry every Northern State, also Maryland, West Virginia, and Delaware. It is my belief that the race question in the South will interfere to some extent with Republican success there. We should get a much larger vote, though, because nearly all the Southerners are expansionists.

"I have not been long enough in the campaign to discuss conditions intelligently. At the end of two or three weeks' traveling and talking with the people in different localities I hope to have better knowledge of the situation."

Senator Beveridge called at National headquarters in the afternoon and discussed plans for his campaign trip.

NEWSPAPER THIEVES ARE HELD

Justice Kersten Holds Samuel Whittler and Robert O'Brien to Juvenile Court, Making Ten Offenders.

Samuel Whittler, 10 years old, and Robert O'Brien, 12 years old, who were arrested on Sunday morning with several stolen Sunday papers in their possession, were held to the Juvenile Courst yesterday by Justice Kersten. The boys were seen to take five papers from a box in front of 256 North State street. They sat down to arrange the different sections when a policeman appeared. They both ran, but were caught after a chase of two blocks. Ten boys have already been held to the Juvenile Court for stealing papers on the North Side.

Confefence on Imperialism Off.

The conference on imperialism, money, and trusts which the National Civic federation has been planning to take place at Central Music Hall on Oct. 4 has been abandoned.

Chicagoan Arrested for Embezzlement.

Alexander Moffat, an order clerk recently employed by the International Packing company, was arrested yesterday at Hebron, Ind., and brought to Chicago to answer a charge of embezzlement of $1,500 from his employers. He left Chicago ten days ago. His method was the interception of C. O. D. orders and pocketing the proceeds. Moffat lives at 4541 Throop street. He had been employed by the International Packing company for seven years.

Thin, Run-Down People

are helped to regain needed flesh and strength by using MALT-NUTRINE. The Anheuser-Busch Brewing Assn. prepares it, which fact guarantees its superior merit. Sold by all druggists.

BRYAN'S HOPES IN NEW YORK.

Decision Made at a Conference to Rest Chance of Election There.

DOUBTS OUTLOOK WEST.

Ex-Governor Stone Responsible for Determination to Make Fight in East.

CABINET PROMISE DENIED.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS FOR TODAY.

Yates Illinois Republican club, 107 Dearborn street, noonday—Speakers: Isaac Miller Hamilton, James H. Wilkerson, Henry Riggs Rathbone.
Auditorium, Marquette club, 8 p. m.—Speaker: Senator Beveridge of Indianapolis.
Twenty-second Ward First Voters' meeting, 7:30 p. m., 489 North Clark street—Speakers: Congressman Lorimer, Charles S. Deneen, and other members of Executive committee.
Twenty-third Ward First Voters' meeting, 8 p. m., 324 Division street—Speakers: Congressman Lorimer, Charles S. Deneen, and other members of the Executive committee.
Maywood Hall, Maywood, Ill.—Speakers: P. H. O'Donnell, C. M. Moore.
Twelfth Ward Republican Wigwam, Madison and Oakley, Veterans' Yates club, 8 p. m.—Speakers: J. M. Longenecker, Martin B. Madden.
Twelfth Ward, 812 South Campbell avenue, Woman's Yates club, 8 p. m.—Speakers: P. H. O'Donnell, M. B. Madden, Judge J. N. Longenecker, Bishop Samuel Fallows, Mrs. Frank L. Hubbard, D. W. Mills.
Thirty-fourth Ward, 10945 Michigan avenue, Workingmen's Republican club, 8 p. m.—Speakers: W. F. Kern, F. R. Kolb.
Twelfth Ward, open-air meeting, Keeler avenue and Twelfth street, 8 p. m.—Speakers: George N. Brown, D. W. Mills, W. U. Riley, William H. Baker, Herman Ahrens.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS FOR TONIGHT.

Sixteenth Ward headquarters, 886 West Chicago avenue, 8 p. m., German Democratic club—Speakers: H. Thede, Carl Braunsdorf, and other local speakers.
Ninth District, headquarters hall, 209 East North avenue, 8 p. m.—Speakers: Jonathan B. Taylor, Charles C. Stilwell, Theo. Philipp.
Benningsen's Hall, Leavitt street and West Chicago avenue, 8 p. m.—Speakers: E. P. Langworthy, John A. McKeown, Sam S. Parkes.
Seventh Ward club, 723 South Halsted street, 8 p. m.—Speakers: J. E. McGinley, George E. McGrath, Dan Morgan Smith Jr.
Sixteenth Ward Hebrew club, 697 Milwaukee avenue, 8 p. m.—Speakers: Jacob Gartenstein, Dr. D. R. Grover.
Thirteenth Ward club, Wigwam, Kedzie avenue and Fulton street, 8 p. m.—Speakers: J. P. McGoorty, Captain W. P. Black, Julius Goldzier, Rollo B. Organ, John S. Brown, W. T. Maypole.
Twenty-fifth Ward Young Democracy club, 1300 North Clark street, 8 p. m.—Speakers: Frank O'Shaughnessy, Thomas J. Dawson, Richard J. Finn.

William J. Bryan will put all his eggs in one basket, and base his hope of election on his chance of carrying New York. This was decided yesterday in a conference at Democratic national headquarters, at which were present, in addition to Mr. Bryan himself, Chairman Jones and Vice Chairman Stone of the National committee, Committeemen Campau of Michigan and O'Brien of Minnesota, and Congressman Shively of Indiana.

It was decided that Mr. Bryan should be in New York from Oct. 16 to 20 inclusive, and return there on Oct. 27. Whether he is to wind up the campaign in that State was not finally settled, though practically agreed on. The announcement was not made absolute, however, as the program is still subject to change.

The statement given out by Chairman Jones after the conference was:

"What we have been debating this afternoon was the program for Mr. Bryan after his closed in New York from Oct. 16 to 20, and again Oct. 27. We have practically agreed on the plan, but cannot give it out now, as it may have to be changed in some particulars."

Ex-Governor Stone Makes the Change.

Ex-Governor Stone, who has been in charge of the New York headquarters, is the man responsible for the determination to make the fight in that State. He came here during the day with the statement that, while he could not promise that the Electoral vote of New York would be cast for Bryan, still the State was fighting ground, and with Croker's help in New York City there was a chance of success. That Croker would do all he could to help Bryan, Governor Stone brought ample assurance.

The original plan of campaign was to try to elect Bryan without the vote of New York. This meant carrying all the Western States which he carried in 1896 and Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, West Virginia, and Delaware in addition, with some other State, like Wisconsin, Michigan, or Illinois, to make good measure. It was in accordance with this plan that Bryan insisted on the special 16 to 1 plank in the platform in order to hold the Western States which four years ago had declared for free silver. "Imperialism" was made the paramount issue in the hope of capturing Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, and some middle State. With the Goebel election law in force, Kentucky can be counted any way the Democrats in charge may desire.

Recent reports from Western States, however, according to political observers, show Bryan is not going to get the votes there he did before. It is thought he is sure to lose Wyoming and South Dakota, and in all probability Kansas and Washington, with a good chance of losing his own State of Nebraska. Indiana is considered almost surely Republican, and there are no breaks in the Republican ranks in Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, or Minnesota. Under these conditions, without the help of New York or New Jersey, the election of Bryan would be hopeless.

Governor Stone, who has been in constant communication with Richard Croker since the New York Democratic State convention, in speaking of the political conditions in the East, said he thought New Jersey could be carried for Bryan. Asked as to New York State, he replied:

"I regard it as good fighting ground. I think we have a chance there."

In reply to an inquiry as to how the State was to be carried, he said: "We have every assurance that Mr. Croker and his friends will do all they can in New York City."

"But can Mr. Croker help you outside of New York City?" was asked.

"Outside of the city we will depend on the State committee."

The State committee, as at present constituted, is under the control of Mr. Croker.

Denies Promising a Cabinet Place.

Mr. Bryan took occasion to deny that he had promised Mr. Croker a Cabinet position either for himself or ex-Senator Murphy, dictating the following statement:

"I have not given to any one, either verbally or in writing, a promise of a Cabinet position or any other position, and I shall not during the campaign make any such promise to any one. I have not authorized and shall not authorize any one, verbally or in writing, to promise any Cabinet position or any other position to any one. If I am elected I shall be absolutely free to discharge all the duties of the office according to my platform, as far as the platform goes, and according to my own judgment in all matters not covered by the platform."

He did not say what promises may have been made to Mr. Croker or other New York Democrats by any of his representatives. Ex-Governor Stone, who has been conducting the negotiations between the Democratic National committee and Tammany, refused to shed any light on the bargains which had been made. When asked as to how much money had been contributed by Croker to the Democratic fund, Governor Stone laughed, and, in a mock heroic manner, answered: "We are conducting this campaign on principle, not by money," and then walked away with a smile on his face.

Mr. Bryan refused to make any answer to Senator Stewart's charge that he has been guilty of treason in encouraging the insurrection in the Philippines, nor would he make a statement of any kind further than the one quoted above. He left for Lincoln at 5:30 o'clock in the evening.

Mr. Bryan will keep his original dates in Illinois, the Democratic State and National committees having finally reached an agreement. He will be in the State on Oct. 3 and 9. He makes a speech at Salem at 8 o'clock the morning of the first day, and will make his platform speeches that day at Mount Vernon, Benton, Marion, Cairo, Jonesboro, Murphysboro, Percy, Sparta, Redbud, and Waterloo, winding up with an evening meeting at Alton. He will start the second day at Quincy, but his stopping places are not yet determined.

BLUE ISLAND WOULD BE A CITY.

Village Claims a Population of 6,500 and Petitions Are Being Circulated to Change Its Government.

Citizens of Blue Island are endeavoring to have the village incorporated as a city. The men behind the move include Justice William H. Doolittle, Alderman Charles Heckler, George Hodge, and others. Petitions are being circulated to secure the names of one-eighth of the voters, as required by law, in order to bring about a special election or to have the matter decided at the regular November elections. Blue Island claims a population of 6,500. It was incorporated as a village in 1866. The purpose of the proposed incorporation is to prevent Chicago from attaching it and to give each section of the village an equal representation in the management of the village's affairs. It is proposed to divide the village into five wards with two Aldermen from each.

SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE

FOR OCTOBER CONTAINS

HENRY NORMAN
From a copyrighted photograph by Elliot & Fry, London

The Russia of To-Day

The first of Mr. Henry Norman's notable and timely series of articles is entitled "The Two Capitals," and describes St. Petersburg and Moscow, with an account of a visit to Tolstoy. It would be difficult to overestimate the importance of Mr. Norman's articles on Russia and their value at this time. They are the result of a trip of study and investigation made especially on behalf of SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE. As the author of an important book on the Far East, whose prophecies have been strikingly fulfilled, Mr. Norman stands in the position of proved authority, and accordingly his comments on the present conditions and probable future of Russia and their bearing on the Eastern question have a very special interest and weight. In writing these articles, Mr. Norman makes the closest application of his knowledge to current events, and some of the papers will deal directly with present Eastern conditions. The articles are profusely illustrated from photographs, largely made by the author.

Richard Harding Davis

RICHARD HARDING DAVIS

concludes his articles on the Boer War with an account of the "Fall of Pretoria." Readers of his "Pretoria in War Time," in the August number, will anticipate the peculiar interest of the new article. The fact that Mr. Davis is the only correspondent of the first rank who has seen both sides of this war gives a very special value to these closing papers which bear their own evidence of impartiality and a perfectly clear exposition of the facts.

General Jacob D. Cox

writes of the "Sherman-Johnston Convention," a matter of which, as Sherman's trusted friend and lieutenant, he had the most intimate knowledge; and in his fine vindication of Sherman from what has been thought even by his strongest admirers to have been a serious mistake in his career, he has made a contribution of the greatest interest to history. This article will be read with the closest attention by those to whom the whole affair of Sherman's separate surrender-negotiations with Johnston has always been something of a puzzle.

WALTER A. WYCKOFF

Walter A. Wyckoff

in the October number will tell more of "The Arctic Highlanders," accompanying his article with many illustrations made from photographs. Readers will find in it, besides its capital pictures of the Esquimaux and their life, an admirable description of a typical walrus hunt.

Other Contents

"Tommy and Grisel," by JAMES M. BARRIE. Illustrated.
"A Visible Judgment." A story by ARTHUR COLTON. Illustrated by E. B. Child.
"The Slave-Trade in America," by JOHN R. SPEARS. Illustrated by Walter Appleton Clark.
"The Dust of Defeat." A story by LLOYD OSBOURNE.
Poems by Caroline Duer, E. N. Pomeroy, Theodosia P. Garrison, and Josephine Preston Peabody.

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I thanked God when I found a cure for catarrh, stomach and liver troubles and a lame back. A six months's treatment of Dr. Bull's Vegetable Compound cured me, although I had suffered for 15 years. Feeling like a new man, I recall always recommend it to the afflicted.

M. J. Dill, Preston, Ohio.

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CROOKED EYES.

Over 5,000 cures of Cross Eyes in and around Chicago by my New Method. No knife, no pain, no chloroform, no bandages, no confinement in dark rooms. Write or call for book and particulars.

Dr. OREN ONEAL, 32 Dearborn St., Chicago.

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

Is a positive cure for RHEUMATISM, Lame Back, Kidney Pains, L

SAYS ALLIES ARE NOT IN ACCORD.

War Expert Williams Points to Chance for Difficulties in China.

RUSSIA DOUBTS GERMANY

St. Petersburg Journal Says Kaiser's Note Gives Chinese Excuse They Want.

DISCUSSING NEW PROPOSAL.

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3:30 a. m.—A semi-official announcement has been issued in St. Petersburg that the European Cabinets are engaged in an endeavor to induce Germany to abandon her demand for the surrender of the instigators of the anti-foreign outrages as a preliminary to peace negotiations.

According to the Berlin correspondent of the Daily Express, Germany will make a new proposal—namely: that the great powers form an international court to try the Chinese officials accused of complicity in the outrages.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by Arthur L. Clarke.]

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3 a. m.—Charles Williams, the war expert, predicts that the secession of the American government from the allies' concert in Pekin will lead to possible difficulties.

With the United States Minister playing the role of mediator, the British Minister accompanying the British troops on the punitive expedition, the German Minister loudly demanding punishment without trial, the French government saying ditto to Germany, and the Russians withdrawing a part if not all their force from Pekin, as well as the bulk of their legation, things appear to be quite sufficiently mixed to excite the utmost apprehension," says the expert.

Gives China Needed Excuse.

Then he adds:

"The dissensions between the French and English Generals of forty years ago were bad enough, but did not lead to mischief, for the Chinese had not then up-to-date armaments, as now, and had not the up-to-date training. But they have advanced a great deal, especially in the knowledge of the weaknesses and rivalries of the West.

"The German demand for punishment before trial is likely to give them the excuse they hitherto lacked of putting their backs up and telling Europe and Japan to do their worst."

Russia to Qualify Assent.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times telegraphs: "The German proposal is considered here as vague and difficult of realization, and on account of the absence of the imperial court from St. Petersburg Russia's answer is not yet given.

"The proposal may be agreed to in principle, but with considerable modifications or exceptions, and such qualified assent is rendered all the more possible by today's news from Washington, where it is reported that the explanation of the German representative in that capital removes the idea of an ultimatum which was first conveyed by the German note, and which, according to the Novoe Vremya, greatly diminishes its significance.

Questions German Motives.

"The same paper, however, believes that the German Foreign office will not be able to avert the consequences of having once more shown China that Germany is far from being solely concerned with the interests of trade, and apparently wishes to terrorize the Chinese government.

"This policy cannot help to facilitate the conclusion of peace, in the opinion of this journal, as it will be quite impossible to compel the surrender of Prince Tuan, as the Chinese Emperor and the plenipotentiaries are entirely in his power."

Anti-Foreign Power Grows.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3 a. m.—The Morning Post has the following from its Shanghai correspondent, dated yesterday:

"Prince Tuan's ascendency creates a grave danger. The only hope for foreigners is that the pro-foreign Viceroy of Nankin has not yet been removed. Tuan's emissaries are working hard to get him out of the way by murder or suicide."

Why Russia Takes Manchuria.

General Gribsky, military Governor of Amur, has issued a proclamation declaring the annexation of Manchuria to be a punishment for the attack made on Blagoveschenk.

A semi-official article in the Cologne Gazette, disavowing any desire on the part of Germany to execute the instigators of the outrages on the strength of the testimony of the foreign Ministers, says:

"The international court of justice would decide upon the question of guilt and would pronounce sentence. To look on complacently while a mockery of justice such as the United States demands was being enacted would mean a renewal of the massacres."

Says America May Retaliate.

Commenting upon the reproaches which the Cologne Gazette and other German papers have leveled against the United States, the Berlin correspondent of the Times says:

"Whatever may be thought of the attitude of the United States, it hardly seems wise, from a diplomatic point of view, to hurl these taunts at a nation which, as experience has shown, is by no means in the habit of pocketing or forgetting such attentions."

THINKS M'KINLEY IS FRIENDLY.

Vienna Journal Says Reply to Von Buelow's Note Is Result of Political Consideration.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by W. L. Hubbard.]

VIENNA, Sept. 24.—The Freie Presse regards the United States' reply to Von Bülow's circular as a declination of Germany's proposal, but adds, "This refusal need not be regarded as an unfriendly act toward Germany, for it results only from inner political considerations and from McKinley's wishing to fight shy of a further pursuance of that imperialism which a large portion of his fellow-citizens condemn."

According to information received here tonight from a reliable source closely connected with St. Petersburg Cabinet circles Russia's reply to Germany's proposal promises to be favorable to Von Bülow's note, which finds hearty approval in political circles, and although owing to the Czar's absence from St. Petersburg Russia's answer has not yet been sent there are many reasons for believing that it will contain an approval of Germany's suggestions.

France Likes German Plan.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PARIS, Sept. 24.—France's reply to Germany's note making the punishment of the instigators of the Chinese troubles a preliminary to peace negotiations is not entirely an acceptance of the proposition. France argues that punishment is necessary, but would negotiate under certain conditions without first punishing the guilty officials.

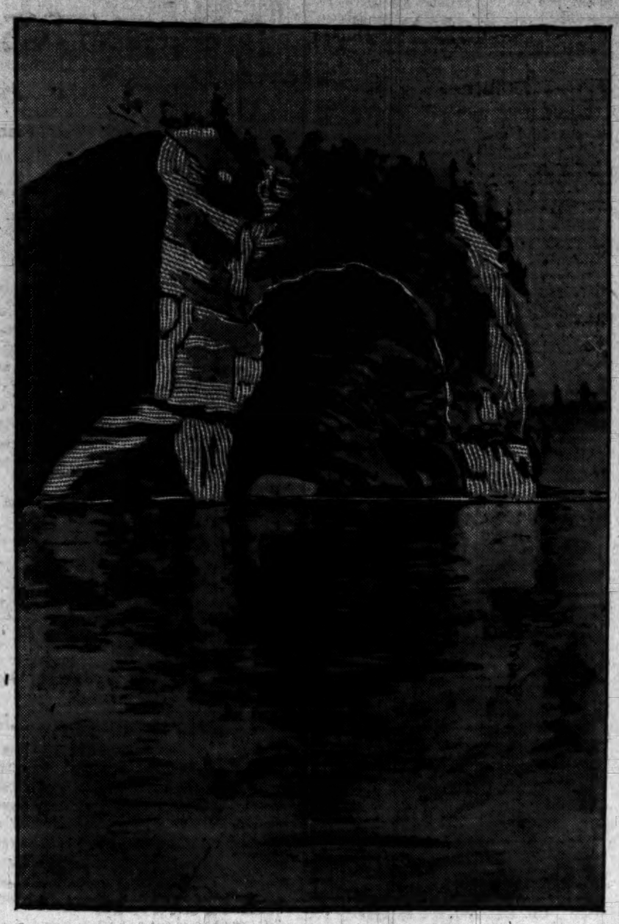
The Foreign office reports that M. Pichon, the French Minister at Pekin, will pass the winter at the Chinese capital, in spite of the difficulties of the telegraph service, as Tien Tsin is considered to be uninhabitable after the sacking of that city.

German Press Indignant.

BERLIN, Sept. 24.—The refusal of the United States to accede to Germany's proposition regarding the Chinese settlement is prominently commented upon by the entire German press. A high Foreign office official, referring to the matter today, said:

"Germany adheres firmly to her proposition. She has no occasion to doubt that favorable answers will come from all the other powers. We have received hints that Russia will agree to the German note, and the same course is confidently expected of Japan and Great Britain. We hope the answer of the United States is not final, especially in view of the possibility that it was influenced by temporary conditions."

FAMOUS GRAND PORTAL, DESTROYED IN STORM.



This arch, outside the entrance to the "Cave of the Winds," in the Pictured Rocks of Lake Superior, fifty miles west of Marquette, Mich., was wrecked by a rockslide during a storm last week. The "Grand Portal" was the most famous of the curiously shaped rocks of the Michigan shore. It was 100 feet high, and 170 feet broad on the water. Large excursion steamers frequently passed under it, and landed their passengers at the entrance to the cave in the cliffs.

FLEE ACROSS GOBI DESERT.

American Missionaries from Kalgan Driven Into Wilderness by Chinese Reach London.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The American missionaries, J. H. Roberts, Mark Williams, William Sprague, Mrs. Sprague, and Miss Virginia Murdock, who escaped from Kalgan, Province of Chi-Li, China, in June, were pursued across the Gobi Desert. Thence they traveled by way of Siberia, and have just reached London in good health. They will go immediately to the United States.

"We had no notion of having to escape across Siberia," said Mr. Williams, "but wherever we attempted to stop the officials ordered us away, declaring the Boxers were on our heels. Finally, reaching a Mongol encampment at Harausa, we began our flight across the great Gobi Desert. Having secured a caravan, we started on June 23. Just before starting seven Swedish missionaries, with their families, who had just escaped with their lives, joined us. One woman had horrible experiences. She had been almost clubbed to death, while some of the men were frightful spectacles, being covered with blood.

"When we reached Kiakhta Mr. Tower, the United States Ambassador to Russia, obtained permission from the authorities at St. Petersburg for our journey over the Siberian railway."

MURDER NATIVE CHRISTIANS.

Boatload of Women Said to Have Been Butchered Near Kum Chuk.

HONGKONG, Sept. 24.—Advices from Canton say that a boatload of native Christian women at Kum Chuk on West River was fired upon, and that the women were then taken ashore and butchered in cold blood. Native Christians are flocking to Canton from the surrounding country. Canton itself is quiet. The native city is full of bad characters, anxious to create trouble, but they lack leaders.

RUSSIANS TAKE LU TAI FORTS.

Dispatch Received in Vienna Says They Hold Town North of Taku.

VIENNA, Sept. 24.—The Admiralty has received the following dispatch:

"TAKU, Sept. 24.—The Russians occupied the fortifications at Lu-Tai yesterday."

Lu-Tai is situated about forty miles northeast of Tien Tsin and is about twenty miles due north of Taku.

SERVIAN PRISONERS RELEASED.

King Alexander's Elaborate Celebration of Birthday of New Queen—Shah Leaves Vienna.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by W. L. Hubbard.]

VIENNA, Sept. 24.—In honor of the birthday of Servia's new Queen today King Alexander has not only decreed that the day shall be a national holiday but has granted complete amnesty to all save one of the Radicals condemned to imprisonment in the treason trial. The one exception is Kresovic, who was the chief accusing witness in the trial, and whose testimony was especially damaging to himself as well as to all his fellow-conspirators.

Shah Goes to Buda-Pesth.

The Shah of Persia left Vienna this morning for Buda-Pesth, where he arrived this evening at 7 o'clock. The Emperor conducted him to the station, and, after being shown the usual military honors, the Shah, through an interpreter, made a lengthy speech, wherein he expressed his thanks and declared that he could scarcely find words to voice his gratitude for the unparalleled hospitality and magnificent reception accorded him.

SOCIALISTS DECLARE A TRUCE.

Warring Factions of French Section Patch Up Temporary Peace at Congress.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by Grace Corneau.]

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The French section of the Socialist Congress has declared a truce over the internal hostilities between the Guesdists and the Millerandists until after Thursday, in order to permit the French Socialists to participate in the international congress.

M. Meline declares that the world cannot follow the Socialist Congress too closely, as its deliberations are of interest to every class, particularly as the objects of the congress are to examine into a practical method of arriving at an international understanding between Socialists, fixing a minimum salary scale, upholding the right to strike, suppressing the permanent armies, the destruction of all fortunes, and the establishment of a commune.

The American delegates, Lucien Saniel and Paul Kretlow, were elected members of an important committee.

Rival Actresses Meet.

Lily Langtry and Jane Hading, by a coincidence, took the same train for Eubonne, the summer home of Pierre Berton, author of "Zaza." The two actresses, according to the press accounts, snubbed each other and were furious when they found that Berton's villa was the common goal. Mrs. Langtry wants a play in which she can appear as Marie Antoinette, and it is promised for November.

Poet Vaucaire Dead.

The poet, Gabriel Vaucaire, is dead. He was a great favorite of the French people.

BRITISH TAKE BOER CAMPS.

Lord Roberts Reports Capture of Large Quantities of Supplies.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Lord Roberts reports from Pretoria that the Guards, under Pole-Carew, occupied Komatipoort this morning. The bridge was found intact. Much rolling stock, locomotives, and truckloads of "Long Tom" ammunition were captured, and that Paget has captured Erasmus' camp, 8,000 cattle, 8,000 sheep, and twenty-three prisoners.

Lord Roberts reports that the few Boer troops remaining in the eastern Transvaal are completely "out of hand," and says they are mostly burghers.

"Steyn and Reitz," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Lourenzo Marquez, "will remain with the fighting burghers, and it is estimated that a force of Boers aggregating from 7,000 to 12,000 is planning to harass the British lines of communication."

Reject Independence Resolution.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 24.—Mr. J. W. Sauer, the former Commissioner of Public Works, introduced a resolution in the Cape Parliament today, declaring that the spirit of independence in the Transvaal and Orange River Colonies might be kept down with bayonets for a time, but it would rise again. The peace of south Africa, he further asserted, called for the restoration of the independence of the two republics.

The House by a vote of 41 against 39 decided to go into Committee of Supply, without discussing Mr. Sauer's motion.

CAMPOS' FUNERAL IS SIMPLE.

Famous General Buried, According to His Own Request, Without Ostentation.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by Arthur L. Clarke.]

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3 a. m.—A dispatch to the Standard from Madrid says: "Premier Silvela, Minister Polavieja, and many statesmen and Generals of the Conservative party today arrived at San Sebastian from Madrid and different parts of Spain on the way to Zaraus to be present at the funeral of Marshal Campos this afternoon.

"This was carried out without any state ceremonial, and the only military honors accorded were the presence of the colors and a band of a line regiment.

"As the General had expressed a desire to be buried without ostentation and in the nearest cemetery to the place he died, the remains, after lying in state in the modest villa he had occupied, were conveyed to the quiet little cemetery near the old Basque Church of Zaraus, the bell of which was tolled until the body of the great soldier was laid to rest.

"Splendid wreaths were laid on the coffin.

"The Queen Regent and the government would have preferred to pay more homage to the memory of the man to whom the monarchy owed so much in the past."

COURT HAS BOARD'S PLEA.

JUDGE SEAMAN AT MILWAUKEE TO RULE ON INJUNCTION.

Question as to Whether Chicago Grain Quotations Are Private Property or Not Is Argued Before the Federal Tribunal—Commission Firms Insist Figures Are News and the Public Has a Right to Them—Motion Taken Under Advisement.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The case of the Chicago Board of Trade against the Milwaukee commission firms using the Chicago quotations without paying the Cleveland or the Chicago and Milwaukee telegraph companies for them was argued in the United States Court before Judge Seaman today. At the conclusion Judge Seaman took the case under advisement, and it will be some time before the motion for an injunction will be granted or denied.

The questions involved are:

Does the Chicago Board of Trade have any property right in the quotations it makes in its pits?

Is this right (if it exists) destroyed when quotations are given out or posted in the Open Board of Trade at Chicago and in other authorized public places?

Will a court of equity protect such a right if it exists?

Quotations Claimed as Property.

Henry Robbins of the Chicago Board of Trade argued that the quotations are the property of the Board of Trade and no one had a right to use them except people entitled thereto. He said:

Prior to 1883 the telegraph compahies were allowed on the floor of the board and permitted to collect quotations and send them out, but in that year the board undertook to stop the evil the bucket shop had brought all over the country and excluded the telegraph companies. The Western Union thereupon quoted the prices of the New York board, but had to stop operations in a few days because the bucket shops could not exist under the quotations from New York, for the New York board had to depend upon the quotations of the Chicago board. For the next two years there were no quotations given out, except they were stolen.

In 1892 the board again gave the Western Union Telegraph company and the Postal Telegraph Cable company the right to send out the quotations, and they continued this practice until Aug. 1, 1900. But the bucket shop evil had become so extensive in the West that the board again decided to stop quotations. The Western Union and the Postal refused to send them, and only the Cleveland Telegraph company and the Chicago and Milwaukee Telegraph company bought the right to handle the quotations.

Thomas W. Spence opened for the Milwaukee firms. He contended the Chicago Board of Trade had not established its property right to the quotations. He explained how the prices are made and how the prices of the Chicago Board of Trade are posted continuously and simultaneously in the Chicago open Board of Trade. In this place every one may enter and take these quotations. They are public property, of which all may avail themselves without paying for them. He then took up the questions of speculation and said:

The members of the Board of Trade cannot set themselves up as being better than the operators of bucket shops. They pretend there is a delivery in the future contracts when they know, and everybody knows, there is no delivery in 99 out of every 100 of such contracts. The bucket shops do not mask their transactions with such pretensions. It is true the members of the Board of Trade are honorable men and that losses and profits are promptly paid, but the only difference is that in the bucket shop the money is always behind the counters.

JUDGE SEAMAN—In the bucket shop the money is always on the table and on the Board of Trade they pay in chips.

MR. SPENCE—That is the difference. This is no moral crusade, it is only a fight for business.

Nathan Glicksman, representing C. C. Rogers, said, in substance, the Chicago Board of Trade had no more property interest in the quotations than a racing association had in the news of the result of a horse race. There was no property interest in information of this kind. He added:

The prices on the Chicago Board of Trade are the market prices of Chicago. They are made by conditions affecting the grain crop in all parts of the world. There is no place where the court can say "Stop! You shall not use or give this information," as it is merely news and is the property of him who gets it to use it as he sees fit. If it were conceded for the sake of the argument there was a property interest, it would be owned by the Cleveland and the Chicago and Milwaukee Telegraph companies, and they would be the proper parties to bring the suit, not the Chicago Board of Trade.

NEW EPIDEMIC IN LONDON.

Old-Fashioned Influenza, with New Features, Combined with Grip, Now Prevailing.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by Arthur L. Clarke.]

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3 a. m.—A new epidemic has struck London. The doctors have not given it a name yet, but it seems to be the old-fashioned influenza with a few frills added. The symptoms are those of catarrhal trouble, with high fever and the general feeling of unspeakable misery associated with genuine grip. The sufferers are numerous in all quarters of the metropolis. The doctors say they are unable to account for the outbreak.

Americans sailing on the St. Louis are: F. C. Cochran and family, George Childs Drexel and wife, James W. Ellsworth, wife, and daughters, the Vicomte de Gramment, Henry C. Kirk and Miss Kirk, N. P. Otis and family, Ada Rehan.

FEARS EXPANSION BY CHILE.

Argentine Press Urges South American Republics to Combine Against the Aggressive Nation.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by Arthur L. Clarke.]

LONDON, Sept. 25, 3 a. m.—A Times special from Buenos Ayres says:

"The entire Argentine press criticises most severely the attitude of the Chilean government towards Bolivia with regard to the ultimatum presented by the Chilean Minister of Foreign Affairs, demanding the recognition of the sovereign rights of Chile over the Bolivian territory occupied after the war of 1882. Leading newspapers publish editorials urging the necessity of a combination of the South American republics for the purpose of restraining the aggressive policy of Chile in this and other matters."

OPPOSES YERKES' PARIS PLAN.

City Official There Declares Scheme for Rapid Transit Is Impracticable.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune by Grace Corneau.]

PARIS, Sept. 24.—A prominent city official declares that the reported proposition of Charles T. Yerkes of Chicago to establish a rapid transit system in Paris is impracticable, and has met with fierce opposition, as such transit is impossible without traversing the Place Concorde, and that such desecration is enough to cause a revolution. The City of Paris, he says, is jealous of the beauty of the streets, and would never allow them to be cut up by tracks. On the other hand, he says, the omnibus monopoly is likely to be extended as the company in control of it is closely allied with the government.

NANSEN AND ABRUZZI TO JOIN.

Norwegian and Italian Explorers May Undertake a Joint Expedition in Search of North Pole.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Dr. Nansen and the Duke of Abruzzi, according to a dispatch to the Daily Express from Christiania, have agreed to undertake a joint expedition into the north polar regions.

Plan a New Revolution.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. 24.—Direct advices from Carthhagena, Colombia, say the rebels on Sept. 3 attacked the town, but government troops from Colon arrived just in time to prevent their success. Plans are proceeding for another revolution against the new but unrecognized government.

Without a struggle you can own a diamond on our liberal terms. Lotlis Bros. & Co., 105 State.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO—Grain freights settled at 1¼ cents on corn with a half-dozen charters made during the day. Boats that have been chartered to load this week are the S. J. Murphy, Macosta, Rockefeller, Trevor, and two whalebacks.

CLEVELAND, O.—Coal tonnage was in fair demand today, but offerings were liberal and shippers had no trouble in getting all of the vessels they wanted at old rates. No ore charters were reported.

Vessel Movements.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Hanna. Cleared—Coal—John Mitchell, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Castalia, Packer. Cleared—Peck, Ashtabula.

CONNEAUT, O.—Cleared—Light — Lafayette, Princeton, Matoa, Senator, Duluth.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Manda. Cleared—Malletos, Marsala, Duluth; Yale, Ashland.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Saguin. Down—McVittie, Armenia and consort, Burton.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Edwards, Neosho, Admiral. Cleared—Light—Roby, Marquette.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Twin Sisters. Cleared—Britannic, Helena, Roman, Havana.

SANDUSKY, O.—Arrived—May Richards. Cleared—Coal—Flint, Milwaukee; Benton, Duluth.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Hickox, Columbian, Tuxbury, Holland, Turner. Cleared—Coal—Selkirk, St. Clair.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Genoa, Galatea, Fedora. Cleared—Ore—Gates, Conneaut; Williams, Buffalo.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Cleared—Hadley, Spalding, Panther, Mercur, Escanaba; Marion, Manistee; Polynesia, Buffalo.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Cleared—Davidson, Mills, Chicago; Foster, Escanaba; Harlem, Buffalo. Arrived—Venice, Boyce, Markham.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Sheltered—Ford River, Boaz, Williams, Wrenn, Belle Brown, Wyman, Cora, J. B. Jones, Goodman, Dall, Lapetite, Quicksteo, Beers.

KEWAUNEE, Wis.—Sheltered—Madonna, Mary E. Packard, Mischicott, T. C. Wilson, Z. G. Simmons, Challenge, Vermont, Little Georgia, E. M. Stanton, York State.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Minch, Onoko, John Owen, Adams, Buffalo, Codorus, Ward, Frick, Scranton, Oliver. Departed—Northern Wave, Buffalo, flour.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Wawanosh, Atmosphere, Monitor, Westford, Stephenson, Marcia, Queen City, Davis, Ewan, Ketcham, Smeaton. Cleared—Coal—Niagara, Chicago. Light—Maritana, Duluth.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Two Myrtles, 1:30 a. m.; Nelson and consorts, noon; Georgia, Ida, 1 p. m.; Ann Arbor No. 5, 2:30. Up—Seymour, 11 Sunday night. Sheltered—Traveler, Allegheny, Our Son, Chipman, Leo, Merchant, Elva.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Chisholm, Hiawatha, Choctaw, Constitution, Sacramento, Hartzell, Pompico, Pretoria, Cornell. Cleared—Coal—Noquebay, Madden, Portage; Maytham, Raleigh, Chicago. Light—Pope, Escanaba; Harvey Brown, Duluth.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Iroquois, Centurion, Cumberland, Mary McGregor, Emily, Sawyer, Manhattan, Angus Smith, Hattie, Golden Age. Cleared—Coal—Matanzas, Duluth. Light—Schlesinger, Whitaker, Marina, Penobscot, Marshall, Duluth; Sawyer, Macy, Continental, Marquette.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Kitty, Ogemaw, Hill, Saginaw, Pos, Birchhead, Burton, Green. Cleared—Coal—Veronica, Chicago. Light—Schlesinger, Newaygo, Manchester, Anderson, Grover, Chicago; Rappahannock, Kirby, Houghton, Zenith City, Berlin, Duluth; Gould, Toledo; Victory, Two Harbors; Wolf, Howland, Milwaukee; J. S. Ketcham, Munising.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Commerce, 7:30 last night; Governor Smith, 9:30; Siaruca, 11; Kaliyuga, 11:30; James, 2:30 a. m.; Armour, 7; Paris, 7:30; Seneca, 9:30; Alfred Mitchell, 10:50; Arthur Orr, noon; Ottawa, 12:40 p. m.; Murphy, 1; Jahpeming, 2:20. Down—Queen, 12 last night; consort, 1:40 a. m.; Majestic, 4:20; Rose, 4:40; Christie, Bonsmith, 5; Pabst, Armenia, 7:20; Wilbur, 8; Illinois, 9:40 p. m.; Boston, 1:50; Pontiac, 4:20. Wind southeast, strong; raining.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Merida, 1:20 a. m.; Holden, 8; Wolvin, 8:40; Curry, Sauber, 10:30; Livingstone, Fairbairn, Laconda, 10; Japan, 10:20; Cuba, 11; City of Genoa, Gilbert, 11:20; Uganda, 12:30 p. m.; Fayette Brown, 1:20; Maruba, Marina, 3:40; Maricopa, Maia, 3:40; Christ, 4:30; Griffin, 6:50; Rensselaer, 8. Down—Schooner Larsen, Siemens, 10 last night; Angeline, Brazil, 1:40 a. m.; Edmonds, Julio, 2:40; Bessemer, 4:40; Spencer, Amboy, 6; Lehigh, 9:10; Pauly, 11:50; Trevor, Hundred Twenty-nine, 12:40 p. m.; Tuscarora, 3:40; Vega, 5:30; Montana, 5:40. Down—Manhattan, Nyanza, 11 last night; Vance, 12:10 a. m.; Norwalk, Parnell, 2:50 p. m.; Cambria, Huron, 4:30; Conemaugh, 5; Indiana, 5:30; Edgar, Egan, Tampa, 4:40; Coralie, Ira Owen, 6; Cherokee, Chippewa, 6:20; Omaha, Folsom, Mitchell, Oglebay, 8:30; Masaba, India, Ceylon, 9:50; Hope, Olympia, 6; Avon, Progress, Tasmania, Saxon, 6:20; Corsica, Forest City, Saveland, William Palmer, Gladstone, 6:30; L. C. Hall and barges, 6:40; Madagascar and consorts, 6:50; Aurania, 7:30; Spokane, 8; China, 8:30.

PORT HURON, Mich.—When the down-bound boats, which were held by the United States Engineer's orders above here all night, started to move a dense fog had settled down on the river, and the clearing up of the night's fleet was slow. The up-bound boats did all of this during the waiting for the down-bound boats to get by, and the fleet grew to great numbers. The down-bound boats got here in safety in the following order: Norwalk, 9:10 a. m.; Parnell, Folsom, Mitchell, 9:30; Cherokee and consort, 9:50; India and consort, 10; Centurion, Cambria, 10; Huron, 10:30; Tampa, Egan, 10:40; Ira Owen, 10:50; Omaha, 11; Andaste, 11:10; Progress, Tasmania, 11:20; Forest City and consort, Madagascar and consorts, 12:10 p. m.; Green, Coralie, 12:20; Hall and barge, Avon, Pawnee and barges, Mariska, 12:30; Oglebay, Olympia, 12:40; Palmer, 12:50; Glasgow, Saxon, Corsica, 1; Orion, Pope, Aurania, 1:40; Hopkins and barges, 1:40; Donaldson and barges, 1:50; Rose and barges, 2:10; Tempest and barges, 2:20; Wallace, Ashland, 2:30; Wright, Toltec and consort, 2:50; Matoa, and consort, 3; China, 3:10; Aztec and consort, 3:30; Devereux, 3:40; Iron Duke and consort, 4:40; Oscoda and barges, 4:50; Bulgaria and consort, 5.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Mdse.—Schuylkill, Tuscarora, Buffalo; City of Traverse, Duluth. Lumber, etc.—G. C. Markham, Menominee; Norseman, Mason, S. Flint, Alpena; W. Flint, Empire. Coal—Iron Cliff, Erie; Iron Chief, D. C. Whitney, Buffalo. Salt—A. Shores, Manistee. Light—Richmond, St. Joseph; Mecosta, Detour; A. Carnegie, South Chicago; B. W. Culbert, Milwaukee.

Cleared—Grain—Sagamore, Pathfinder, T. Crapage, Caledonia, Wawatam, Buffalo; Lansing, Port Huron. Light—G. C. Markham, Muskegon; N. Mason, Sam Flint, Norseman, Alpena; J. Mee, Traverse Bay; H. Johnson, J. Spry, Fort Wing; L. W. Stephenson, Marinette; Halsted, J. H. Prentice, Middlesex, Duluth; P. Sawyer, Boyne City; J. H. Mead, Manistique; A. Shores, Rand, Manistee; H. Tabor, Chebovgan; A. Soper, J. Otis, Menominee; H. B. Pereue, Suttons Bay.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

[Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets and also the Stock-Yards. Hyde Park station supplies all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.]

CLOSING OF MAILS AT CHICAGO.

EUROPEAN MAILS — Tuesday, Sept. 25.—For Italy, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, British India, Lourenzo Marquez, Austria, Belgium, Netherlands, Russia, and Cape Colony via New York, close daily at 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Direct mails for France will close today at 12 p. m., via S. S. La Gascogne.

Direct mails for Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway will close today at 12 p. m., via S. S. Kaiser Friedrich.

WEST INDIES—For Cuba, daily at 2 a. m. and 1 and 6:30 p. m.

For Porto Rico daily, via New York, at 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

For Barbados, Trinidad, Barbadoes, and Demerara, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

For Jamaica, via Boston, final close today at 12 p. m.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA — For southern Pacific ports, via Colon, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

For British Honduras, Guatemala, and Republic of Honduras, via New Orleans, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

For Costa Rica, via Mobile, final close Wednesday at 6 p. m.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS—For Hawaii, Philippines, China, and Japan, via San Francisco, daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close Sept. 28, 9 p. m.

For Australia, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and New Caledonia, via San Francisco, final close Sept. 20 at 12 p. m.

CHARLES U. GORDON, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

BARNES—Sept. 23, 1900, Bridget, beloved wife of Matthew Barnes, mother of Mary E., Peter A., William F., Margaret L., and Matthew J. Barnes, sister of James O'Brien, Mrs. Margaret Hussy, Mrs. Simon Carey, and the late John O'Brien. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 26, from her late residence, 168 Noble-st., at 9:30 a. m., to St. Columbkill's Church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

BUTLER—John, father of Thomas, Mary, and Maggie Butler, Sept. 24, at his residence, 420 West Harrison-st.

DOLE—Carl Dreier Dole, aged 1 year and eleven months, son of Walter Sanford and Merriam Dreier Dole, Sept. 7, at Waialua Oahu, Hawaiian Territory.

GARRITY—P. L. Garrity, 409 Dearborn-av., Monday, Sept. 24, 11:45 a. m. Notice of funeral later.

LYON—William C., eldest child of John B. and Emily C. Lyon, aged 47 years. Services at the family residence, 262 Michigan-av., on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 26, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

PATE—Mary Pate, at her residence, 400 Grand-av., Sept. 23, 1900, aged 75 years. Funeral on Wednesday, Sept. 26, at 1 o'clock p. m., by carriages to Forest Home.

PAYTON—Sept. 23, 1900, Andrew J. Payton, aged 44 years. Funeral from Sheldon's, 259 West Madison-st., Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 1 p. m.

REDELINGS—Otto J. Redelings, Sept. 22, at Niles, Ill., aged 23 years 5 months and 17 days. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 26, at 1 p. m. Interment at Park Ridge, Ill.

SCHERMANN — Anton, beloved husband of Franziska Schermann, late Schirmer, Sept. 22, aged 52 years and 4 months, at his residence, 653 Noble-st. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 26, 9:30 a. m., from his late residence to St. Stanislaus Church, thence to Graceland Cemetery.

STEVENS—Irene Beatrice, beloved and only daughter of Fred D. and Ida L. Stevens. Funeral at residence, 3160 Beacon-st., Sheridan Park, Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 2 p. m.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DEATHS.

WOOD—Colonel Joseph H. Wood, Saturday, Sept. 22, 12:30 a. m. Members of the Society of the Army of the Potomac are invited to attend the funeral services of our late comrade, Colonel Joseph H. Wood, at Bishop Fallows' church, corner Winchester-av. and West Adams-st., on Tuesday, Sept. 25, at o'clock p. m.

WOOD—Sept. 22, at his residence, 721 West Adams-st., Joseph Hooker Wood. Funeral services at Bishop Fallows' church, corner West Adams-st. and Winchester-av., Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 1 o'clock. Burial private.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Illinois—Rain, colder in western, rain in eastern portion Tuesday, Wednesday fair, colder, brisk south to west winds.

Upper Michigan—Rain Tuesday and probably Wednesday, colder Wednesday, brisk southerly winds.

Indiana—Rain Tuesday, Wednesday fair, colder, brisk south to west winds.

Wisconsin—Rain Tuesday, colder in western portion, Wednesday fair, colder, brisk south to west winds.

Minnesota—Rain, colder Tuesday, Wednesday rain, with colder in eastern portion, brisk east to south winds, becoming westerly.

Iowa—Rain and colder Tuesday, Wednesday fair, colder in eastern portion, south to west winds.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Rain or snow and colder Tuesday, Wednesday fair, with warmer in western portion, west to north winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: Sept. 24, 8 p. m.	Maximum Temperature	Minimum Temperature	Rainfall in inches	Direction of Wind	Velocity of Wind	Precipitation in hours	Weather
Abilene	80	74		S.E.		.04	Clear
Albany	80	68		N.W.		....	Clear
Alpena	80	62		S.E.		....	Clo'dy
Atlanta	82	68		N.		....	Clear
Amarillo	90	72		S.E.		....	Clear
Battleford	68	36		N.E.		.10	Clo'dy
Bismarck	72	46		N.W.		.04	Rain
Buffalo	80	64		E.		....	Clear
Boston	80	66		N.W.		....	Clear
Cairo	90	68		S.		....	Clear
Calgary	76	46		N.W.		....	Clo'dy
Charlotte	80	62		E.		....	Clear
Cheyenne	86	50		N.		.14	Rain
Chicago	82	66		E.		.02	Clo'dy
Cincinnati	80	64		S.E.		....	Fair
Cleveland	80	68		S.E.		....	Clear
Concordia	90	68		S.		....	Clear
Davenport	78	70		S.		.60	Clo'dy
Denver	90	64		N.E.		....	Fair
Des Moines	90	66		S.E.		1.06	Clear
Detroit	80	62		S.E.		....	Clo'dy
Dodge	90	66		S.		....	Clear
Dubuque	78	74		S.		1.10	Clo'dy
Duluth	74	50		N.E.		.40	Clo'dy
El Paso	92	70		W.		.06	Clear
Galveston	90	74		S.E.		....	Clear
Grand Haven	80	62		S.E.		.02	Clo'dy
Green Bay	80	60		S.E.		.50	Clo'dy
Havre	90	50		N.W.		....	Clo'dy
Helena	90	52		S.		....	Clo'dy
Huron	80	64		W.		.12	Clear
Indianapolis	80	64		S.E.		....	Clo'dy
Jacksonville	92	70		S.		....

The Tribune.

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Daily and Sunday, per month.....75 cents

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FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.
Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1900.

Commercial Employes for McKinley.

The result of a test vote taken among the employés of the wholesale department of Marshall Field & Co. shows that out of approximately 1,000 voters in the establishment 851 are for McKinley and only 149 for Bryan, making the majority for McKinley 702. It is probable that the same overwhelming ratio for McKinley would be shown in practically every other commercial house in Chicago, were test votes taken. The reason why the employés of commercial houses like that of Marshall Field & Co. are so overwhelmingly for McKinley is primarily that they are intelligent men, which they must be to be fitted for the common sense exactions of commercial work. Their intelligence shows them that their interests and the interests of their employers are identical, not opposite, as Bryan teaches. They know that good business for their house means more employment, more chances for rising, and better wages than poor business means. Those of them who go on the "road" understand what a hard task it would be to get satisfactory orders were Bryan to be elected, and that the fear that he might be elected tends to limit the size of orders, many of which have to be obtained on a commission basis. Generally speaking, commercial employés are too smart to be gulled by the promises of Bryan.

Sound Money Association.

Four years ago the Chicago Business-Men's Sound Money association contributed greatly toward piling up that great majority by which this city and State repudiated the dangerous financial heresies of Mr. Bryan. When the election was over its members believed that their work was ended for all time. They were mistaken. The free silver error, though crushed to earth in 1896, has risen again with several other errors hanging to its skirts. There is again a possibility of the debasement of the currency through the election of a candidate who takes no delight in the prosperity which the country has enjoyed since he was last defeated. Under the circumstances a number of the leading members of the Business-Men's Sound Money association deem it most desirable—as do the friends of sound money generally—that it should be reorganized so that it may do effective service on the side of good, honest government during the present campaign. A meeting for this purpose is to be held at the Pacific Hotel tomorrow night. It is to be hoped that there will be a large attendance. The business-men who belonged to the association in 1896 should be there. So, too, should the business-men be who have come to Chicago since then. There is no time to be lost. The business-men should organize and get to work at once.

Chance for Croker to Show His Sincerity.

It appears that there is at last a chance for Richard Croker to prove his sincerity in the cause of the sainted leader of Democracy. Much boasting, some predictions, and a few bets on the result of the election are all well enough in their way, but what the Bryan managers really want is a liberal contribution to their campaign fund. By the size of his contribution they are prepared to judge the fervor of his sincerity. This is a standard which should appeal to Mr. Croker because it is the only standard which he himself recognises in politics. It is said that Croker personally promised to raise $2,000,000 among his Eastern friends as a contribution towards the campaign expenses of the Nebraska candidate, and that he has so far failed to make good his promise. One of the matters which is said to have been discussed at yesterday's conference of Democratic leaders was Mr. Croker's apparent forgetfulness in this regard. It is to be hoped for the sake of the peace of mind of Chairman Jones and Mr. Stone that the grizzled old tiger of Tammany Hall will soon see the wisdom of "making good." It is extremely disturbing and disappointing to find that a man who, like Croker, estimates men and measures only by "what there is in it" fails himself when the same financial yardstick is applied to his protestations of loyalty and support. There will be general distrust at Democratic headquarters until Mr. Croker comes to the front with the cash.

One Solution Problem.

There is a possible remedy for the present troubles in the Pennsylvania coal mining field in the inducements which are held out to the striking miners to find employment elsewhere. Some of these men, it is stated, have already returned to Europe. Some have left the anthracite for the soft coal region. Others are tempted to leave by advertisements offering more for Pennsylvania miners in the Utah, Wyoming, and Washington mines, and in the saw mills, shingle mills, and logging camps around Puget Sound, where wages range from $1.75 to $4.50 per day. It is generally admitted that, outside of the tyranny of the great coal combination, the principal cause for low wages in this particular coal field is the congestion of labor there and the neglect of miners to reduce the oversupply of labor by emigration to other points where there is an undersupply and consequently better wages. Should such a labor movement take place it would go far toward solving the problem and bringing the coal combine to terms. It would be a practical method for a raise of wages in the Pennsylvania coal fields and, fortunately, the operators could not prevent them from going by the shotgun, as has happened in the South when the colored mine laborers have shown a disposition to leave. That there is a pressing demand for labor, and especially for this kind of labor, in other parts of the country is sufficiently evident from the advertisements inviting it. If the Pennsylvania miners are wise they will avail themselves of this remedy and at the same time be thankful that had it not been for the prosperous McKinley years there would not have been such a remedy.

DRIVING CAPITAL AWAY.

The Democratic national platform pledges the party to "an increasing warfare in nation, State, and city against private monopoly in every form." The Democrats are in power in twenty-one States. What have they done in those States to molest "private monopoly"? It is well known what they and their Populist associates have done in Nebraska and what they did in Kansas when in power in that State. They made war on capital and drove it away. They attacked business enterprise as if it were a public enemy. But what "trust" did they break up? What "private monopoly" has been uprooted by the legislation of any Democratic or Populistic State?

Texas has a rigid anti-trust law. The Democratic State administration tried to enforce it. It revoked the license under which a company, acting for the Standard Oil company, distributed petroleum throughout the State. The local courts sustained that revocation. The Supreme Court of the United States sustained the State courts. There was rejoicing at the victory which had been won over a "trust." At once application was made to the Texas authorities for a charter for a new company to be controlled by the same people who controlled the concern which was denied the right to do business. The charter has been granted because the laws do not warrant its refusal. Congressman Bailey, that great Texas Democrat, is the counsel for the new organization and defends the State authorities against attacks made on them for allowing it to do business.

In this case anti-"trust" legislation has been ineffective. In other States it has been more effective and mischievous. Because of Illinois anti-"trust" laws and the judicial enforcement of them the Steel and Wire company has removed its general headquarters from this city to New York. Records and employés departed in a spectacular fashion in a special train. The city has lost some residents and a landlord has lost some tenants. Neither the city nor the State has gained anything. Before long the Diamond Match company will move its general offices to New York. There will be one "trust" the less in Illinois, but the power of that "trust" will remain unchanged.

At the close of this month the general offices of the Associated Press will be removed to New York. Before the year has expired that association will be reorganized under a New York charter, abandoning its Illinois charter because of the rigid "anti-monopoly" views of the Supreme Court of Illinois. It is impossible to see what Chicago will gain by that decision which has caused the Associated Press to decide to go East. It is easy to see what the city will lose. It will lose that prestige which it has enjoyed for some years as the central point for the collection of news in the Western world. New York will regain an advantage which it long enjoyed, but which the energy and enterprise of Chicago men took away from it. Hereafter Chicago will be merely a subsidiary news-collecting point—a way station.

From a business point of view the loss of general offices is not so serious a matter for a city as the loss of factories. But if a number of large corporations move their headquarters from Chicago because of the effectiveness of the anti-"trust" laws of this State it will not be necessary to rush the construction of new office buildings here. The owners of those whose corporation tenants have left or are about to leave will be able to meet new demands for rooms for some time to come.

If all that can be done against "private monopolies" under Illinois laws is to drive their general offices out of this State into some other State, where they will be made at home, what good end has been accomplished by those laws?

REAL DANGER OF FREE SILVER.

Many of the Democrats who voted against Bryan in 1896, but who are going to vote for him this year, say they are as much in favor of the gold standard as ever, but that its maintenance will not be endangered by Bryan's election, because there is certain to be a majority for sound money in the Senate for two years at least.

The men who have advanced in good faith this reason for their contemplated votes should read and meditate on what Senator Allison had to say last week about the inevitable effect of Bryan's election on the political complexion of the next Senate. The Iowa Senator is no professional alarmist. He does not conjure up a danger where there is none. He is a sagacious observer of the political situation, and hence is able to see far more clearly than those gold Democrats who are going to vote for Bryan, while they are opposed to free silver, the hazards to which they are going to subject the monetary system of the country by their votes.

The currency law of the last session, which the Democratic platform denounces with great energy, passed the Senate by 18 majority. It got the votes of two Democrats—Lindsay of Kentucky and Caffery of Louisiana—who will be succeeded by free silver men next March. The terms of a number of Republican Senators who voted for that law expire next March. Several of those Senators come from States west of the Missouri. Regarding those States Senator Allison says:

> Mr. Bryan's friends claim that he will not carry many States, but in order to be elected there are certain States that he must carry, and in some of those United States Senators are to be elected. There is one Senator to be elected this winter in each of the States of Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Montana, Utah, and Idaho. Republicans hope to carry all these States, and I believe will carry most of them, but Mr. Bryan carried them all in 1896, and must carry them this year to give him even a chance of success, and the same votes that will give him these Electoral votes will also elect Democratic Legislatures.

Should Bryan be elected and as a consequence the States mentioned above elect Democratic to succeed Republican Senators, the Republican majority in the Senate will be reduced to two. Senator Kyle of South Dakota, while generally acting with the Republicans, did not vote either way on the currency law. If the Democrats should undertake to repeal it and he, who has always voted hitherto for free silver, were to vote with them, the Senate would be a tie. Then the deciding vote of Vice President Stevenson would make a majority for a bill to repeal the new currency law. "With that law repealed," says Senator Allison, "without affirmative legislation for free silver, it is possible in my belief for a President hostile to our present standard of money to force the silver standard upon the people."

With that law off the statute books there would be nothing to keep President Bryan from ordering the redemption of greenbacks in silver. Furthermore, as Senator Allison says, "the same forces that would repeal the currency law of the last session would be brought to the point of passing a free silver law."

The voter who is opposed to the debasement of the currency of the country will take no chances. He will not contribute towards the election of Bryan, hoping that by some happy fortune there may be in the next Senate a majority against his financial heresies. The most effective way to defeat those heresies is to defeat Bryan.

Death of Marshal Campos.

The death of Marshal Campos, former Captain General of Cuba, calls for rather more regret than Americans would bestow upon that of any other Spaniard, unless it be Admiral Cervera. Campos was the most humane Captain General the Cubans ever had, and if the island had always been ruled by men like him there would probably have been no Cuban insurrection and no Spanish-American war. His term at the head of the Cuban government was largely devoted to trying to secure home rule and better treatment for the inhabitants. This promptly aroused the enmity of the corrupt Spanish officials who were growing rich on Cuban misrule, and the Madrid government, with its customary genius for choosing the wrong course, recalled Campos and sent Weyler in his place. By so doing Spain sealed its own doom. Weyler's policy of cruelty and extermination forced the intervention of the United States, and caused the loss of all Spain's island possessions. If the Madrid government had chosen the policy of Campos instead of that of Weyler it might still be ruling Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines.

REGULATING HOMES FOR BABIES.

Mrs. Clara Doolittle, a sanitary inspector recently appointed by the Health department to investigate the public and private asylums where babies are cared for in Chicago, says these institutions are not all conducted as well as they could be and should be. There are over forty such homes in this city where infants are cared for as a money-making enterprise. Mrs. Doolittle says she was unable to locate all these private asylums, but those which she visited showed a strong contrast to the public institutions. The death rate in most of them is high, and it will continue so as long as the conditions remain unchanged.

The great evil of these places is the number of children allowed in a single asylum. The attendants are not numerous enough to do all the work required, and the infants suffer from neglect. A high death rate is the inevitable consequence. In some cases the sanitary arrangements are not good and should be looked after by the Health department. The tendency to overcrowding in such asylums is inherent in the system, for the women who conduct these homes do it for a livelihood, and are not likely to refuse new accessions when the limit of their facilities is reached. One of the most serious points in Mrs. Doolittle's report is the statement that the majority of the women at the head of these private institutions are incapable of caring for the number of babies now in their charge. She remarks that the popularity of the business is in itself a proof that it needs regulation.

Conditions in these private asylums in Chicago can never approach the abuses that existed in London in Dickens' time, or that are ascribed to present-day Paris in Zola's last novel, yet the matter is one that should be carefully watched. The abnormally high death rate reported by Mrs. Doolittle is a sufficient indication that these institutions need looking after. It would be well to have them made subject to frequent inspection and careful regulation.

PUNISHING NEGROES FOR CRIME.

THE TRIBUNE recently printed an editorial article showing that the ratio of negro arrests to the total arrests in Chicago has in recent years grown to be seven times greater than the ratio of negro population to total population. It was also shown that the proportion of negro criminality in this city exceeds that in Washington or Charleston or other Southern cities where the colored population is larger. A correspondent explains this excess by pointing out the fact that Chicago's negro residents are chiefly adult males, while the negro population of Washington or Charleston is made up of a normal proportion of women and children, among whom there is naturally little crime. This will account for the unfavorable difference so far as Chicago is concerned, but the fact still remains that punishment for crime among the negroes in all parts of the country is increasing more rapidly than punishment for crime among the whites. The causes for this unpleasant fact must be looked for in other directions.

The larger share of criminal cases among the negroes is due to a variety of causes. First of all, they are more harshly dealt with by the police than any other class of offenders. Then they suffer from the difficulty of getting honest employment, the inability to hire good lawyers in defense, and the fact that punishment does not carry with them the same degree of opprobrium as among whites. The barring of the negro from many trades and professions is the most fundamental of these causes, because it underlies the poverty and the lack of self-respect which figure in the two other counts. The poverty of the negroes prevents them from getting the benefit of the legal technicalities which often procure the acquittal of whites under similar charges. They also have less fighting stamina and plead guilty more readily, which may be traced partly to the fact that negroes do not look on a convict with the same horror as do white people in similar social strata. These facts help to increase the criminal statistics, if not the crimes, of negroes.

The poverty that leads the negro so constantly toward crime is largely due to the difficulty of his getting regular employment. He is pushed out everywhere. Places where blacks were formerly employed as barbers and waiters are now largely closed to them, for the whites have driven them out. No traction company in the North will employ them. The labor unions pretend not to discriminate against them, but they do it. The unions are always able to find excuses for keeping out colored men from membership. There are not so many vocations open to the blacks in the North today as there were a quarter of a century ago. They are driven off on the one side toward the status of day laborers and on the other toward that of servants to the vices of the whites. As day laborers they are excellent. They did better work than the whites when employed on the drainage canal. As employés in saloons and gambling-houses they are always menials. They cannot become barkeepers or dealers at gaming tables, but can become janitors or scrub the floors.

Being thus brought into contact with the most vicious of the whites, both in their work and in their home localities, it is natural that they should contribute a larger percentage of criminals, especially as they have not the courage to defend themselves, the wit for escape, nor the money for defense usually enjoyed by white offenders. They are at a disadvantage in every way. Their poverty pushes them toward crime, and they miss the restraining influence of that abhorrence of ex-prisoners which prevails among the whites. The situation is one to be regretted on every account. The cure is not an easy one to discover.

LABOUCHERE VS. CHAMBERLAIN.

Mr. Labouchere, the editor of London Truth, who has been the victim of bitter attacks for the hostility he has shown to the policy of the British government in south Africa, comes back at Mr. Chamberlain in a most vigorous manner in the last issue of his paper. His reply covers several pages and makes an exhaustive analysis, based upon the official statements of the blue book, of the diplomacy which led up to the Boer war. Mr. Labouchere shows that the objects which Chamberlain professed to have in view in his diplomacy were a five years' franchise for the uitlanders, which was conceded; an adequate representation in the Volksraad, which was conceded in more generous measure than was asked for; and a commission of inquiry into the effect of the proposed concessions, which was also conceded. Mr. Labouchere asks what there was of all the demands made during four months of haggling that was not conceded, when suddenly the negotiations were suspended with the announcement the government would settle the matter in its own way.

The most crushing reply which Mr. Labouchere makes to Mr. Chamberlain is his citation from a speech made by the latter in the House of Commons in 1896 in reply to Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, when war with the Transvaal was imminent. Upon that occasion Mr. Chamberlain declared that a war in south Africa would "be in the nature of a civil war. It would be a long war, a bitter war, and a costly war. It would leave behind it the embers of a strife which I believe generations would hardly be long enough to extinguish." Still more pointedly did Mr. Chamberlain condemn his present policy when he said: "To go to war with President Kruger in order to force upon him reforms in the internal affairs of his state, with which successive Secretaries of State, standing in this place, have repudiated all rights of interference, that would have been a course of action as immoral as it would have been unwise."

Mr. Labouchere is evidently capable of holding his own against the storm of abuse that is being hurled against him. He has judged Chamberlain out of his own mouth. He asks in closing his long reply: "For what have we been fighting now close on twelve months?" and answers it in Chamberlain's own words.

A YEAR'S WORK FOR 60,000 MEN.

There is an unfortunate tendency often manifest during national campaigns to foment labor troubles and to breed strikes with the idea that the resulting discontent will have a political effect. In this way laboringmen are sometimes made the playthings of politicians who in the overmastering desire to gain their ends are willing to cause or at least suggest and advocate strikes in order that the suffering, starvation, and riots which sometimes follow may be made the texts for partisan appeals.

It is therefore a significant and hopeful sign that in the midst of the prevailing political excitement the joint committees of the iron and steel workers and operators have found a way to compromise their difficulties and agree upon a scale of wages which guarantees steady work for 60,000 men during the remaining months of the year ending July 1, 1901. That the agreement was only reached after repeated fruitless conferences, and then only at the end of an all-night session, emphasizes the fact that both sides to the agreement were represented by men who, while determined, knew how to draw the line between obstinacy and good sense.

After signing the agreement at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning, the employing members of the conference, before they went to breakfast, sent telegrams ordering the fires to be lighted on Monday morning in more than twenty mills in six or seven States. Consequently, there was work yesterday for 60,000 men who have been idle for several months, and there will be food and clothing and comfort for the possibly 250,000 people who are dependent upon them.

There are, of course, cases in which such vital principles are at stake that a man or a body of men are justified in going to almost any length in support of them. In most controversies, however, which involve chiefly rates of wages and hours of labor, a compromise is possible, providing only that the men who represent the parties to the controversy are fair-minded and honest. Progress by compromise may not suit fanatics or interested politicians, but in the long run it is certain that more is accomplished in this way than by disastrous strikes, which so often entail suffering on the part of women and children.

At any rate, both the iron and steel workers and operatives are to be congratulated on the fact that their representatives have been able to reach an amicable agreement. They have resisted any temptation to play partisan politics and have been guided in reaching an agreement only by the best interests of the organizations which they represent.

MR. AND MRS. LEASE.

Some long-smoldering embers in the Lease household have at last burst into flame. In a public statement made by Mr. Charles Lease, druggist, of Wichita, Kas., husband of Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Lease, stateswoman, that gentleman avers that, although he has no control over his wife's political opinions and has no right to interfere with her, he is nevertheless greatly displeased because she has flopped over to the support of McKinley, and her continuous flopping wearies him, forgetful of the fact that changing her mind is one of the conceded prerogatives of the sex. He forgets that woman is "uncertain, coy, and hard to please."

Doubtless Mary Elizabeth has flopped many times, this being a habit of politicians. Instead of being weary with her flopping Mr. Lease should rejoice that she has flopped at last to the right side and to the side that is going to win. The trouble with Mr. Lease is that his political convictions are in such a mixed-up condition he cannot flop. If he wished to flop ever so much, in what direction could he go? Mr. Lease is an ardent believer in 16 to 1, notwithstanding the unprecedented prosperity of Kansas and the rapid increase of his drug business. But as to anti-expansion, which Bryan declares is the paramount issue, he is unsound. He believes in the extension of American sovereignty, but from his point of view 16 to 1 is the paramount issue, and if he should flop to McKinley because he believes in his expansion policy he would be a traitor to 16 to 1. Having nowhere to flop he must remain where he is. Mrs. Lease, on the other hand, has views which are more elastic. She has a love of variety. Her recent flop shows that she is progressive. More than that, she has been through one campaign with Bryan and knows him. Mr. Lease says: "I remember the time when he used to be her political idol." He forgets, however, that when women find their idols insincere they promptly knock them off their pedestals and worship changes to disgust.

The Fusion State Central committee, encouraged by Mr. Lease's public criticism of Mrs. Lease, will endeavor to induce Mr. Lease to take the stump against her when she goes to Kansas. If Mr. Lease is a farseeing man he will do nothing of the kind. He will be likely to hear from Mrs. Lease in a manner which will not be pleasing to him, and long before November there will be little left of him, for there is no fury like that of a "woman scorned." Mr. Lease will be better employed in sticking to his business with a feeling of thankfulness for the McKinley years of prosperity which have enabled the people of Wichita and vicinity to pay him cash for his pills and boluses.

THE City Council resumed business at the old stand* last evening.

*And deliver.

RELIGIOUS papers? How could they do otherwise than support McKinley and still be religious papers?

IT would seem to be the part of wisdom for Dowie's elders to abandon Mansfield and try some other field.

MRS. LEASE says the issue in the present campaign is Copperheadism against Republicanism, and for that reason she is for McKinley. Mary Ellen is not always wrong.—Cleveland Leader.
But "Mary Ellen" certainly is wrong. Her name is Mary Elizabeth.

AFTER all, however, it does not appear that President Harper worked the customary pull this time.

THE HON. JAMES CORBETT is coming back to vindicate his name. The job may occupy his attention all winter.

SOME people are so constituted that it seems impossible for them to give Lieutenant Hobson a square deal.

OOM PAUL KRUGER bore up bravely till Web Davis abandoned him and came back home. Then it was, probably, that his stout old heart broke.

HAVING made a bet of $15,000 on Bryan's election, the Hon. Joe Bailey of Texas, as an honorable and law-abiding citizen, surely will not undertake to vote next November.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Decidedly Otherwise.

"And this is the man," exclaimed Mrs. Rambo, "whom, fourteen years ago, I promised to love and cherish——"

"No, m'dear," interrupted Mr. Rambo, grasping one of the chairs as it swam around him and dropping into it. "Man's all made over ev'ry sev'n yearsh. I'm two removes fr'm th' man you married, m'dear."

Easy.

"Mr. Green, this is Mr. Greene,"

"Glad to know you, Mr. Greene. You spell it with an e, I believe?"

"Yes. You spell it without the e, I infer."

"I do. I am just plain Green."

"Well, I am just as plain a Greene as you are a plain Green."

"I think not. The Greenes with the e evidently wish to be distinguished from the plain Greens. That's why they put on the e."

"I think not. The Greenes without the e are careful to leave it off so nobody can mistake them for the Greenes with the e."

"But the original spelling was Green, without the e."

"You mistake. The original spelling was Greene, with an e. Leaving it off, moreover, is a mark of self-conceit. You Greens are always thinking more about yourselves than we Greenes are."

"How do you make that out?"

"You show the 'e go.'"

The Public Be—Blessed!

Reporter—"Colonel, I would like an expression of opinion from you as to the probable outcome of this coal strike."

Prominent Citizen—"My dear sir, I have no right to an opinion. I am merely one of the millions of outsiders who are putting up increased prices for their coal on account of the strike and can have no possible concern in its outcome. Good morning, young man."

Relative Powers of Endurance.

"When my grandfather was a young man," said the boy with the snub nose, "he could run ten miles without stopping."

"I heard my grandfather make a prayer twenty-five minutes long once, at a prayer meetin'," responded the boy with the dirty face, "an' it didn't faze him."

Flattered.

"I wish I knew," said Archie, "whether Miss Quickstep meant to insult me or not when she called me a squab the other day."

"A squab," replied Miss de Muir, "is a young pigeon. A young pigeon is a bird. She meant to say something nice to you, you goose."

"Baw Jove!" exclaimed Archie, swelling up, "I believe you are right!"

Amended Form.

Caller—"You think Lutie has been exposed to some of those annoying diseases children have? Why don't you fasten a bag of asafœtida about her neck? That is what my mother used to do when I was a little girl."

Mrs. Highmore—"It is too late now, I fear. It would be like locking the booth after the automobile has been abstracted."

PERSONALS.

Erika Paulas, a German architect, 25 years old, has been commissioned to build a hospital at Mediasch, Germany. She is the daughter of an engineer, and has already planned and erected several large and expensive buildings.

Captain T. A. Brassey, who is Acting Civil Commissioner at Pretoria, does not relish the task that has fallen to him of regulating the sale of liquors. All the bars in the city are closed, hotels only being authorized to sell liquor by retail.

James D. Reid, organizer of the Old-Time Telegraphers' association, superintended the construction between Washington and Baltimore of the first telegraph line. He taught Andrew Carnegie to be an operator, and is now manager of the steel man's Scotch estates.

Christine Nilsson cherishes in a unique way mementos of her triumphs on the concert stage. One of her rooms is papered with leaves of music taken from the various operas in which she has appeared. Another is decorated with receipted hotel bills made out in her name during her tours.

Sir Thomas McIlwraith, who died recently in London, arose from a poor emigrant boy to be three times Premier of Queensland, Australia. In this position he achieved fame by trying to annex New Guinea to his colony without the knowledge or consent of the Home office. A furore arose, but was checked by the prompt disavowal of the act by Lord Derby, then the British Premier.

"Weakest Stand Ever Taken."

Washington Post, Sept. 23: "The Democratic position on the subject of our relations to the Philippines is the weakest stand ever taken by one of the great parties on an important question," said Mr. J. M. Harter of San Francisco, who was among the guests at the Raleigh last night. Mr. Harter was in Manila a year or so ago, and while there made a close study of the Philippine question. "The Democrats demand an independent Filipino government under our protection; that we should not interfere with the internal affairs of the Philippine Islands, and should allow no other power to do so. Such a course would be in effect the guaranteeing that anarchy be allowed to reign without interference from the United States or any power of Europe or Asia. Everybody familiar with the Philippine situation knows that the withdrawal of our troops would be followed by a carnival of blood and robbery never equaled in the history of modern times.

"And while this murder and looting of peaceful natives by Tagal brigands was in progress the Democrats would have us look calmly on, doing nothing ourselves to preserve order and forbidding any other power to step in and stop the fight. Such a policy is inconceivable. How long do you suppose the other powers would respect our protectorate if we refused to govern a people that are not capable of governing themselves? The situation is simply this: The Philippines must be governed by a people other than Filipinos, and America must either govern them or get out and let some other power take her place. It seems to me that the Democratic contention that the Monroe doctrine forbids us exercising the functions of government over the Philippine Islands, but that it will allow us to establish a protectorate over them, is absurd. If the Monroe doctrine forbids anything in the Orient, it forbids us being there at all. If we can be in the Philippines as a protecting power, we can certainly be there as a governing power."

"Andy" Alexander, 60 years old, knelt on his bowlegs in the stern of his pine dugout and sent the heavily loaded boat flying across the black waters of the lake.

"Look at 'er," he said, pointing to the gaunt dead pines and tangled masses of gray roots which lined the shores. "Jes' murdered the whole country, that's what they did. Looks like a buryin' ground, and that's what it is. First they cum in an' git out all the big timber; then their shavings and camp truck catches fire and burns over the country; then finally they dams up the rivers and drowns out miles of land. Look at all this drownded land, with the old dead trees sticking up like telegraph poles half a mile from shore. When all the pine was gone they lit out an' left the carcass of the big woods to rot.

"I've been a lumber jack for forty year. I druv logs down the Alleghany in the '60s. Sometimes nowadays my feet ache for the feel of sharp shoe corks in a floating log, but I can't stand for the looks uv this country.

"I SEEN A LITTLE RED SPOT ON TH E SURFACE OF THE BLACK WATER."

Half a pint uv alky with a little sugar in it is the best thing I know of to help a feller forgit how it usto look.

"It was five years ago when they got all the big pine out an' quit this country. They left behind 'em all up an' down the Flambeau the big log booms that was built to keep the road open for the floating logs during the drives. These booms ketched all the windfalls and deadheads and floating timber that cum down stream, until finally both banks of the Flambeau looked like the track of a cyclone through the big woods. The mouths uv all the cricks was blocked, and you couldn't git into Reilly Lake er Bass Lake er any uv the best fishing waters. It wus one winter when 'Put' Black an' I wus camping at the foot uv Little Bull Rapids. We wus out after bob cat—that wus before the State took off the bounty of $5 a scalp—an' bear, an' dryin' a little venison and fish on the side. One day I got so tired uv bein' blocked by the pesky booms an' the drift wood that I took up my ax in the canoe and paddled down to the head of Sugar Bush Pond. I chopped out a lot of logs there an' then I set the dead truck on fire. It wus in the dry season, along about 6 o'clock in the evenin', an' before I knowed it the hull bank wus afire fer a mile up stream. Then she jumped acrost and commenced a roarin' up that side. An' I commenced to think uv old 'Put' Black up at the camp on the island at the foot of Little Bull. I had the canoe, an' I knowed 'Put' couldn't swim a stroke fer all he'd been in the woods an' on the river every winter fer thirty year. So I starts up river to rescue 'Put.' Say, you talk about yere fire engines an' yere climbin' down fire escapes on yere sky scrapers. You ought to a-been in my canoe that night. It wus a wall uv fire on either side fer two mile uv rough water. I wus a-polin' up stream like a musky on a bender, an' all the time great big wads uv fire wus blowin' an' a whoopin' past my ears. The hull sky wus lit up an' the cranes and heron an' wild ducks wus flyin' an' screechin' like wild. Purty soon the water got so hot that the big fish commenced to jump up into the air to cool off an' my canoe wus beginnin' to warp an' crack. The pitch oozed out uv 'er es if it had been water an' I felt my hair an' mustach crispin' up. All the time I wus thinkin' uv old 'Put' up there on the island, not knowin' how to swim a stroke.

"It must hev took me two hours to pole up Cedar Rapids, where they's some nasty pitches an' twists, before I gets in sight uv the camp. Then I sees a regaler sheet uv flame a-sweepin' across the hull river from side to side, an' no sign uv 'Put.' I grounded the canoe at the foot of the island an' commenced wadin' around the edge a-yellin' fer 'Put.' It wuz as light as day and every little ripple on the water wuz plain to the eye. I yelled an' yelled an' got no answer. Then finally I seen a little red spot on the surface uv the black water 'bout ten feet frum shore. I tiptoed out and grabbed ahold of it. It wuz the end uv 'Put's' nose and the hull uv him ris up after it. He wus out there a-keepin' out of the range uv the fire.

"Ever see 'Put'? Blamed peculiar looking cuss, he is. Got a terrible red nose. Used to be always putting his nose into other people's business. That's why they call him 'Put.' But his long nose saved his life that day all right. Nothing in sight but the end uv it above the water, an' though that got mighty red, it always did kind-a run to that color.

"That fire I started did a lot uv good, though. I told you we wus a-dryin' venison and fish fer the market. Well we had six deer an' about forty fifteen-pound muskies a-hangin' up outside the camp jest ready to smoke on the night uv the fire. An' the fire did a better job on 'em than we ever did. Found the stuff all smoked an' dried an' ready to ship when the fire burned itself out. The commission firm down in Chicago wrote back and said they never tasted such good dried meat and fish an' they'd like all we could make like it. But we couldn't start a forest fire every time we had stuff ready to smoke an' so we never got jest that flavor agin."

"Andy," said the man in the bow of the dugout, "how cold does it get up in this country?"

"I don't rightly know. Coldest I ever knowd uv fer long at a stretch wus fifty-two degrees below. I wus out campin' all alone at the foot uv Big Block House Rapids. I started out frum Fifield on snowshoes with all my stuff packed on a sled. Nobody but my old Injun cur dog along. He wus better'n any hound I ever see on deer er bear. An' he could lick a link in a fair fight. Long about sundown I drawed the canoe up out'n the water and propped 'er up on 'er side with the top towards the fire. Then I laid down inside her and tried to go to sleep. All night long it snowed and the wind blew. There wus three feet on the ground when I started out and I reckon it snowed three feet more that night. I could hear the big windfalls crashin' down through the other trees and every few minutes I had to git up and cut more dry pine and pile on the birch bark to keep the fire blazing. By mornin' no human could have found the trail out of camp er followed it of he had. It wus buried six feet in snow an' barred every ten feet by big windfalls. I made up my mind I jes had to stay there 'till somethin' happened. All day long it kep' gettin' colder an' long about dark Wappy—that wus my dog—commenced to howl. That made it some more cheerful.

"First two weeks I wuz in camp there I had plenty uv grub fer both uv us. We melted snow at the fire fer water an' my alky bottle held out all right. Then, finally, I wakes up one mornin' an' finds that they ain't no more stuff left on the sled. Alky wus all gone, too, an' the pine logs I'd drawed up close to the fire wus burned up. Nex' seven days I had a terrible time hustlin' fer grub. Finally got so I et a couple of loon skins I found in the old shack up on the hill. Got so weak I could hardly stand up. One night I piled about two cords uv pine on the fire and lay down in the dugout plum beat.

"Next thing I knowed I wus waked up by a gun shootin' off. I looked around me an' didn't see nothin' uv the camp er the fire er the canoe. All aroun' wuz the snow an' the woods an' down in front uv me wus Wappy nozzlin' a big fat dead porkyhog. Purty soon I see by the signs that we wus three miles up the trail close to the Upper Camps.

"Say, ye know what I did? Got up in my sleep I had an' followed Wappy while he run out that blame porky-hog. Say, of you fellers from the city knowed how good porkypine soup tasted to a cuss that wus starvin', you wouldn't go 'round shootin' 'em jes because they can't run away.

"'Wuun't that a curious thing fer a man to do in his sleep? I've heard about fellers fallin' out of winders in their sleep an' not gettin' hurt. But I never did hear uv a man goin' huntin' in his sleep and followin' a trail fer three mile that he wouldn't uv tackled ef he'd been wide awake."

"But, Andy," pleaded the sad-eyed man in the bow of the dugout, "how did you know it wus fifty-two degrees below zero all this time?"

"Read about it in an Ashland paper after I got back to Fifield. Look out there. You've got a strike. Never went past that bunch of lily pads without rasin' a musky."

"STARTED OUT FROM FIFIELD WITH ALL MY STUFF PACKED ON A SLED."

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

Quackenbos on Hypnotism.

"Hypnotism in Mental and Moral Culture." By John Duncan Quackenbos. Harper & Bros.

If hypnotism will do all that Professor Quackenbos claims for it, then must it be looked upon as one of the most powerful moral and curative forces in the world. Its phenomena, writes its defender, are scientifically explicable on the supposition of a double self, each self possessing a distinct consciousness. "The moralist and preacher address the self that is not in control, the flesh-entangled, hesitating, easily tempted, and entrapped objective self; hence their appeals are so often futile. The suggestionist invokes the better subliminal self, invests it with control, and seldom fails to effect the desired purpose."

The author goes on to tell in what manner these purposes are effected, of the qualifications that a hypnotizer should possess, and the kinds of cures that he himself has accomplished. He has been most successful with the cigaret smoker, with the kleptomaniac, and with the morally depraved. To these degenerates the author has given new life and hope, and his accounts of various difficult cases are interesting and important. For the Christian Scientist, with his "unprincipled effrontery," the author has nothing but contempt, and he waxes warm in his repudiation of the tenets of that faith. The only way in which the Christian Scientists can be cured of their manis, declares this enemy, is by counter-treatment through reputable hypnotic channels.

It is not gratifying to a normal individual to feel that his character and habits are so readily swayed by a suggestionist, and one feels that in this volume sufficient credit is not given to those good things, will and reason. But it is the scientist who must have it out with the hypnotist and who must analyze the powers and explain the limitations of that individual. The book is clearly and forcibly written, and no one can doubt the earnestness and enthusiasm of its author.

A Lively Love Story.

"The Plain Miss Cray." By Florence Warden. New York: F. M. Buckles & Co.

For a good, old-fashioned love story of the Duchess variety, "The Plain Miss Cray" is not bad. The author begins her story with three romances which she keeps going in the most exciting and energetic manner until the last chapter, where everything is arranged exactly as it should be. All the events, crowding as they do thick and fast, cover but a short period and occur at a house party, the place of all others in which Cupid is most likely to find his victims off their guard.

The young and pretty Miss Cray, whose mother is frankly determined she shall marry well, with the perversity and irresponsibility of youth falls in love with a poor Irish Baronet who farms his own land. The older and plain Miss Cray, who has long been given up as a failure matrimonially, secures the most eligible man in the party after a courtship that has been one long, constant quarrel. They have called each other every opprobrious name in the social dictionary and said the frankest and most disagreeable things, all of which makes their engag

TO REVISE STUDY COURSE.

OVERBURDENED GRADES MAY BE RELIEVED.

Proposed Changes Will Result in More Thorough Work on the Part of Pupils and Less Expense to Parents for School Books—Superintendent Cooley and Members of the Board Favor Revision—Permit Taken Out for a $120,000 Building.

Superintendent of Schools Cooley and the district superintendents will consider methods of relieving what are considered by the school authorities to be overburdened courses of study in the four upper grades. It is affirmed that if a teacher follows the course of study outlined for pupils, especially in the seventh and eighth grades, the classes would have too much work to do. If they skim the course, as many are said to do, it results in dissipation of energy. Another reason for revising the courses is the expenditure which the purchase of numerous text books imposes on parents. Objections based on both reasons have been made.

Superintendent Favors Change.

Superintendent Cooley will support a plan for revision and members of the board have stated their opinion that the courses should be relieved.

"If teachers follow the course of study outlined for the eighth grade," said Superintendent Cooley, "the work is too burdensome for pupils. As a matter of fact, many do not, as I have discovered. They lighten the course by skimming over it. That leads to another evil. An attempt to cover so much ground without going over it thoroughly is a dissipation of energy. I have spoken to several District Superintendents, who are more familiar with the matter than I, and I find they are of the same opinions."

City Supplies Needy Pupils.

Against the proposition of expense entailed by the purchase of numerous text books it is argued that the city furnishes a fund with which to supply needy pupils. It is stated that the apprehensions of the possibility of children being kept from school on account of inability to procure books are not founded. It is stated that 40 per cent of the school children are using these fund books.

Members of the Board of Education will support a proposition to reduce the courses. Trustee Thomas Gallagher, Vice President of the board, said:

"I realize that we are trying to teach the children too much. Their minds are not matured and should not be subjected to too great a burden while developing. I would certainly favor a reduction in the number of studies, if it could be determined which ones can be left out. This would also result in a saving of money to the parents for school books, and what the pupils learned they would remember."

Civil Service examinations for the position of secretary of the board will be held tomorrow. Three candidates from the board have entered for the position, which is now held by Louis Legner.

Plans New $120,000 Building.

The board purposes to build at a cost of $120,000 a three-story brick schoolhouse at Forty-first street and Calumet avenue. A building permit for the structure was issued yesterday. The new building is designed to take the place of the Springer School, Wabash avenue and Forty-first street, which was erected in 1874. The school authorities have taken this step because the Springer School is out of date, and is but poorly furnished and equipped for the large number of pupils living in its vicinity.

MRS. ADAMS HOME FROM PARIS.

Says Chicago Women Take Prominent Part in Social Life—France Jealous of Russia's Silks.

"That the present Paris exposition is the last world's fair France will hold is a possibility which the French people themselves declare," said Mrs. Milward Adams, who returned to the city yesterday. Russia's fine exhibits of silk aroused the jealousy of the French nation to such an extent that an exposition official made the statement to me that if France wished to maintain its supremacy in the fine arts and manufactures she would hold no more great fairs and give away her secrets to the world.

"The reason so many Americans were disappointed in the fair was because the exhibits were not arranged collectively as at the World's Fair, and it was hard to find all the exhibits of any one country.

"Chicago may be proud of the part our women took in the social life of Paris. They nearly all had apartments or houses and greatly assisted the American commissioners. It seemed that every other house in Champs Elysées had a Chicago woman in it. Mrs. Potter Palmer had a house with great suites of rooms, and Parisians declared that Mrs. Palmer's entertainments represented the idea of the French salon more than those of any other American woman. Mrs. Cyrus H. McCormick also entertained beautifully, and Miss Nina Gillette had a charming villa just outside the city. Mrs. Caton entertained with Mrs. Augustus Eddy, and the Clarence Eddys gave musicals to which all Paris came. Other Chicago women have been abroad so long they are like old habitués of Paris. Everywhere the verdict was that the Chicago women were more Parisian than the women of any other city."

DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

The dress represented is of printed gauze made up over beige colored taffetas. The

PRINTED GAUZE DRESS.

sleeves and lapels are edged with black velvet. The sleeves and waistband are of plain gauze, incrusted with ecru guipure.—New York Herald.

RENEW THEIR MARRIAGE VOWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Christin Ride to Church in Automobile and Celebrate Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Christin, 423 West Harrison street, began the celebration of their golden wedding yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with a ride in an automobile from their residence to the French Catholic Church of Notre Dame de Chicago, Vernon Park place and Sibley street. Six other automobiles, carrying members of the family, accompanied the venerable couple on their trip, which extended through the West side parks. The ceremony renewing the marriage vows made fifty years ago was performed by the Rev. A. L. Bergerson, after which the party rode to the home of Mrs. W. H. Lampher, 271 Loomis street, a daughter, and sat down to a banquet.

"Garland" Stoves and Ranges
Have awarded highest prize at Paris exposition, 1900.

FATHER, MOTHER, AND CHILD, ACTORS IN KIDNAPING SUNDAY EVENING.

Mrs. Marion Thornton Egbert.

Erica Thornton Egbert, The Kidnaped Baby.

Dr. Jerome W. Egbert.

No trace had been discovered at a late hour last evening of Dr. Jerome William Egbert and his stepbrother, Arthur C. Fort, or the 3-year-old daughter, Erica, of Dr. Egbert, who was kidnaped on Sunday evening by the two men from the home of Mrs. Egbert, 5467 Madison avenue. Neighbors of the child's mother express much sympathy for her. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the two men, charging them with assault and battery, and the police are confident that they will be apprehended.

Mrs. Egbert, although an invalid since her return from India, and almost completely prostrated by the loss of her child, visited the Hyde Park Police Station during the day, and later visited many places in the vain hope of discovering some clew to the whereabouts of her husband or the child. Since her return from the country where Erica was born Mrs. Egbert has had four surgical operations as a result of illness contracted there. Mrs. Egbert asserts that for many months no remittances have been received from her husband, who has a large income from his profession of dentist at Madras, India. Though enfeebled by illness Mrs. Egbert says she has supported herself and Erica by writing for Chicago papers and the Eastern magazines. She was until recently editor of the Bachelor Book.

Dr. Egbert is the court dentist of many potentates and Princes of India, numbering among his patients the Nizam of Hyderabad, the Dewan of Travancore, the Rajah of Travancore, and the Jaghiredan of Arni. He receives princely fees, and has been the recipient of many presents and decorations from his patrons. He was offered an enormous fee and a cavalry escort through the Khyber Pass to visit the court of the Ameer of Afghanistan recently, but declined the offer. He is 28 years of age, and 6 feet 3 inches tall. He was born in Minonk, Ill. His parents, who are wealthy, are residents of Minonk.

News of the Theaters.

Brother Officers.

A Comedy, in Three Acts, by Leo Trevor. Presented at Powers' Theater by Charles Frohman's Empire Theater company.

THE CAST.

Lieutenant John Hinds.....William Faversham
Colonel Stanyhill.....E. M. Backus
Captain Hutchinson.....John R. Sumner
Lieutenant Launcelot Pleydell.....Guy Standing
Lieutenant Earl of Hunstanton.Jos. Wheelock, Jr.
Lieutenant Calverley.....W. B. Barnes
The Dean of Orchester.....W. H. Crompton
Robert Hutton.....Edwin Stevens
The Baroness Roydon.....Margaret Anglin
Lady Margaret Pleydell....Mrs. Thomas Whiffen
Kate Johnson.....Margaret Dale

A restful, interesting play lifted above even its plentiful merits by unforced acting and vivid characterization. This is the opinion one gained last night of "Brother Officers," as presented by William Faversham, Miss Margaret Anglin, and their associates. Lest there should seem to be a hint of shoulder shrugging in the array of so many calm virtues one hastens to add that the soul-stirring note of romance and idealism is in the piece as surely as if its action passed on battlefields instead of in clubroom, terrace, and study. Not that the intimation is of stills, heroics, and fetid sentimentalism. There is sentiment, but the players keep it high even where the play would let it sag, and there is heroism, none the less strong because quiet.

One neither knows nor cares whether this hitherto unknown young English officer, Captain Leo Trevor, treats truly or falsely of customs in the English army. The First Lancers, their uniforms and their regimental creed, are merely the settings—effective though they be—to a story remote from national provincialism. The self-sacrifice of which a strong man is capable is the reverberant chord, and Lieutenant John Hinds is the man.

A Victoria Cross gained by bravery and a hundred soldierly deeds soldierly done, have brought him from the ranks and placed the Queen's commission in his hands. When he makes our acquaintance he has come to report for duty with his regiment, the swagger First Lancers. The chilliness one would expect to see displayed by officers of aristocratic birth toward a rough, clumsy fellow is absent. They know Hinds for his worth; one of their number, Lieutenant Pleydell, knows him for savior at a moment when a tiger had him down. All this, however, can not make his social way easy for him. His moment of introduction to the regiment is likewise the moment of his meeting with Pleydell's cousin, the Baroness Roydon, peeress in her own right, and his mother, Lady Margaret Pleydell. He flounders in trying to find words, and blunders upon the wrong ones when he does speak.

Though he feels himself a gentleman at heart, he realizes he is the boor in manner. Pleydell promises him guidance, but in a moment when he is left alone he scandalizes a tiresome dean by calling for "two wets" and suggesting they drink together to the health of the church. The ladies return and he bids them join him at champagne. Pleydell has told him to be genial. At an instant of embarrassment to all but the unrealizing Hinds the short-tempered Colonel enters, sees the wine glasses, and in anger tells Hinds that the "instincts of a gentleman" should have kept him from his vulgar mistake. It is a gentlewoman's ready wit which keeps the blow from having crushing force; Lady Roydon takes a glass and drinks to the health of Lieutenant John Hinds. The scene concludes a first act which brims with a comedy the rest of the piece does not have. It is a picture, however, and movement has to wait on the second act.

In that it develops a trifle heavily that Lieutenant Pleydell has gambled with an Australian millionaire and that he has lost to the tune of many thousands of pounds. Not a cent has he to meet his obligations, having refused to receive longer an allowance which he finds comes from his cousin, Lady Roydon, whom he loves. Hutton, the millionaire, does not care for payment, but he wants to be helped to social position, a demand made hard by his shadiness of reputation and by his peculiarity of reaching for his left off at the first utterance of words. Pleydell balks, Hutton threatens exposure, and the harassed officer arranges to exchange to a West Indian regiment. Hinds, now a gentleman even in outward bearing—for a year has passed—learns his friend's plight and meets the man Hutton on the same night at Lady Roydon's house. The peculiarity of a crushed hand sends his memory back and in Hutton he recognizes Jim Stanton, bookmaker's tout, who robbed his father and ran away with his own mother. The device is melodramatic, but it does not jar.

When Hinds comes to take account of events—it is the third act—he realizes he can save Pleydell. He has learned already that he loves Lady Roydon, but not until from a screening chair does he hear his own name mentioned does he realize that his affairs of love and friendship are to conflict. He discovers then that his feeling for Lady Roydon and its hopelessness is a matter of gossip, and is told unintentionally that her affections are centered in her cousin. For one moment only he falters. Silence will send Pleydell away a broken man and leaves the field to him, but he stands on parade and looks above temptation. He will free Pleydell from the leech. In a scene which—as played by Mr. Faversham and Edwin Stevens—is one of the best in the play he meets a hardened bluffer, Hutton, and calls his hand. Private vengeance Hinds puts aside and for a price demands and gets Pleydell's I. O. U.'s. To Lady Roydon and Lieutenant Pleydell, by this time confessed lovers, he gives the notes and goes away. "He will seek the West Indian exchange. "It hurts," he says, as he stands alone, "but I have run straight; I have played the game."

Mr. Faversham has not had many better rôles than that of Lieutenant Hinds nor acted many of them in a more pleasing way. The manliness of the characterisation was its dominating quality, and it made it for some unnaturalness of tone and bearing disclosed chiefly in the second and third acts and then in the weak spots in the play—its soliloquies and asides. Miss Margaret Anglin won her hearers by her ease and resposeful charm of acting and by the sweetness of her manner. Though she has not appeared here since she played Roxane in "Cyrano de Bergerac," she was welcomed as an old friend. She earned her reception, and from this engagement on will be regarded as one of the best of the young leading women. Edwin Stevens gave rare distinctness to the sinister, cold-blooded, but acute Hutton. Guy Standing pictured Pleydell as a good-natured weakling, and Joseph Wheelock Jr. gave character value to the portrayal of a young aristocrat. Mrs. Whiffen was happy as ever in her impersonation—that of an English mother.

Opera at Studebaker's.

It seems as if the Castle Square company is bent upon presenting every light opera in the entire list. This week it is offering for the entertainment of its patrons a merry piece, which, although far from new, possesses many features of novelty at this time —Lecoq's "Girofle-Girofla," a composition much more familiar to the opera-goers of a dozen years ago than to those of the present day. Last night's presentation did not pass off quite as satisfactorily as the ensuing ones are likely to do, when the familiarity to be gained from another performance or so shall have smoothed out the rough places. There was a noticeable lack of unity between the orchestra and the people on the stage—in the first act, particularly—and some of the principals exhibited signs of nervousness. Director McGhie labored manfully, and succeeded in averting any serious mishap. But to get through the act the assistance of the prompter was necessary on several occasions.

Frank Moulan was as comical as ever in the part of Don Bolero, and he struggled bravely with such singing as he had to do, although he was seriously handicapped in this direction by a severe cold.

William Pruette made his first appearance of the season in the rôle of Mourseuk, and met with a cordial reception. Mr. Pruette last season proved himself one of the most valuable members of the Castle Square company's light opera section, and his work last evening was quite in keeping with the standard he then set for himself. A hearty encore in the third act crowned his evening's efforts.

Reginald Roberts, as Marasquin, was rather weak dramatically, and vocally he also failed to reach any great heights. Gertrude Quinlan was cast for the comparatively small part of Pedro, and acquitted herself creditably. Maude Lillian Berri found much favor with the audience in the double rôle of the twin sisters, Girofle and Girofla. She presented a girlish and attractive appearance, and during the course of the evening did some excellent singing.

Blanche Chapman, as Don Bolero's vixenish wife, Aurore, ably seconded Mr. Moulan in his funmaking, and may fairly be said to have divided with him the honors of the comedy part of the performance. Eva Lynn had a better opportunity than last week to show what she can do in the way of singing and acting, and succeeded in making a tolerably good impression, in the part of Baquita. She has a pleasing voice, fresh in its quality and inclining to richness, but rather light in volume. Greater rhythmical accuracy is an item to which she needs to devote careful and speedy attention. Her performance is in her favor, and her acting, when she shall have acquired greater stage experience, promises to be bright and interesting.

A Royal Rogue at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Jefferson De Angelis produced his new operatic comedy, "A Royal Rogue," at Ford's Opera-House tonight, and to judge by the enthusiasm of the large audience present it scored a most emphatic success. It is in two acts and was written by Charles Klein, the author of "El Capitan" and other comic operas, and the music is by W. T. Francis. The plot hinges slightly on the supposed attempted assassination by Socialists of the Duc de Chartres in Paris in 1797, but the piece deals principally with the troubles of a boulevard café proprietor, who innocently gets mixed up in the conspiracy. As restauranteur Ballou De Angelis has a character that fits him to perfection. The chorus is strong and well trained. Jessie Mackay, the soubrette, is clever, and her singing, while not up to the standard tonight, will no doubt improve. Henry Norman's baritone solos were a feature. The production is beautifully staged and costumed.

"Belle of Bohemia" in New York.

New York, Sept. 24.—[Special.]—It does not follow that because one Sam Bernard is funny that two should be funnier. Proof of this was given at the Casino this evening. The "Belle of Bohemia," with a plot more or less incoherent, is simply a feeble effort to tell a comedy of errors story with the popular comedian as one dromio and his less known brother as the other. The effort was certainly feeble, and the consequences—to the audience—somewhat dispiriting. While Sam Bernard was individually as comical as ever, with his improvised gags flowing freely, the others were ineffective, some wasting their talents in meaningless rôles, others struggling with opportunities of which they made nothing.

In the Palace of the King.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—Miss Viola Allen scored a hit tonight at the National Theater as Dona Marie Dolores de Mendoza in "In the Palace of the King." This was the opening of Miss Allen's season in Stoddard's dramatization of Marion Crawford's novel and she was greeted by a large and distinguished audience. Several members of the Cabinet and other well-known officials were present. The play is one of thrilling interest, dealing with the time of Philip the Second, King of Spain, and curtain calls were frequent. The supporting company is a strong one, Robert Haines, as Don Juan of Austria, dividing honors with the star.

Disaster to a Tank Drama.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—During a rehearsal today at the Hyperion Theater of Joseph Arthur's new play, "Lost River," the tank used exploded with a tremendous crash and 2,000 pounds of heavy plate glass and 1,500 gallons of water broke and surged on the stage among the actors. Manager, actors, and stage hands fled in alarm through water half way to their knees.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter

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LORD SACKVILLE, the former British Minister at Washington, has been having no end of trouble in connection with his children, whose mother was a member of the corps de ballet at Paris, and whose names do not figure on any of those pages of the "peerages" that are devoted to his name and family.

His daughters will be remembered in this country, for they were with him at Washington, where the eldest did the honors of the English Legation. But their brother never came to this country during his father's stay here. Lord Sackville, appreciating the difficulties of the position, undertook to provide for him only so long as he would remain in south Africa, to which part of the world he had been dispatched when quite a lad.

About a year ago this son, who had meanwhile grown into a man, moved by the description of the glory and splendor of his father's magnificent country seat at Knole Park, which constitutes a favorite theme of illustrated newspapers, came to the conclusion that he was unjustly treated by being kept in south Africa on a mere pittance. Accordingly he went to England for the purpose of securing what he was pleased to call his rights, being under the impression that the act of recognition which Lord Sackville had made in France of his daughter Victoria as being his child applied also to the other children, and legalized their position in England. Of course it did nothing of the kind. Only in the case of Victoria has Lord Sackville given his name as father, although he might just as well have done so with his other children, since there were no matrimonial entanglements on the part of either himself or of the mother.

Young West (for that is the name which he bears), on reaching England, proceeded to Knole Park, announced himself as Lord Sackville's only son, and asked to see his father. Lord Sackville declined to see him or to recognise him, and when the young man insisted he had him forcibly ejected by the servants. The son, with his clothes showing signs of rough treatment, thereupon betook himself to the principal inn of the little town or village of Seven Oaks, which is situated at the gates, so to speak, of Knole Park, and told his story, finding ready sympathy on the part of the villagers, by whom Lord Sackville has succeeded in getting himself quite as strongly disliked as in this country. On explaining that he was penniless, one of them, a carpenter, offered him employment, and for several months afterwards Lord Sackville was unable to drive out of his park gates without meeting his son, arrayed in the garb of a workingman, and without feeling that the sympathy of not only the people of the village but of the entire countryside was with the young man.

Finally, when the unrecognized sisters of the young man, notably the one who had married Mr. Salanson of the French Legation at Washington, but who is now separated from him, had announced their intentions of coöperating with him in pressing their claims upon their father, the situation became so intolerable that some sort of a compromise was arranged, the negotiations being carried on through the recognized sister, Victoria, who, married to her cousin, Lionel Sackville West, nephew and heir to Lord Sackville's peerage and estates, will herself become in course of time Lady Sackville and chatelaine of Knole Park, of which she now does the honors for her father.

Of Lord Sackville's conduct in introducing his daughters at Washington, in investing one of them with the rôle of Ambassadress, and then refusing to recognize them as his offspring in Europe, it is impossible to speak too strongly. Lord Sackville, however, who is heir presumptive to his nephew's earldom of De La War, is, however, a man who has throughout his life been forever doing the wrong thing, and who is on this account probably the most unpopular member of the House of Lords.

The Sultan's gift to the nation in connection with his jubilee was most appropriate and truly Oriental. By an imperial proclamation he remitted all arrears of taxes that had been due for more than fifteen years, a gift which on paper amounted to over $50,000,000. Arrears of taxation that have been left unpaid for more than fifteen years are never likely to be paid at all, and the consequence is that the Ottoman ruler's gift to his people is magnificent only on paper and has not cost him a penny piece.

A good deal of attention has been aroused in connection with this jubilee of the Sultan by the extraordinary failure on the part of foreign Mohammedan communities and nations to take any notice of the celebration. In fact, the jubilee has been a terrible blow to his pan-Islam aspirations. For all his efforts to get up a great demonstration of loyalty from foreign Moslems in connection with the event has met with dismal failure.

ALL JEWS OBSERVE NEW YEAR.

Even Prisoners in County Jail Keep the Customs of Their Religious Feast.

The celebration of Rosh Ashona, the Jewish New Year holiday, was at its height yesterday and the festival will close at sunset tonight. A feature of the services in the synagogues was the blowing of the rams' horn trumpets, suggestive of the sacrifice of Isaac. Even the Jewish prisoners at the county jail observed the holy custom. Twenty-five of them petitioned Jailer Whitman for the privilege. Max J. Meir, held on a charge of fraudulent use of the mails, had charge of the ceremonies.

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IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MUCH ENTERTAINING AT WHEATON NEXT WEEK.

Several Large Parties and Many Dinners, Luncheons, and Informal Affairs Announced—Mrs. Harold Peck to Take a House on the North Side—Mr. and Mrs. Richard Harding Davis to Spend the Winter in New York—Movements of Society People.

It will not be all golf at Wheaton next week, and with the tournament will be no end of luncheons and dinners and informal affairs. Scattered Wheatonites from over the country are returning again, and several large house parties are planned. Mr. Charles B. MacDonald is coming, and after the tournament Mrs. MacDonald will return with him to their new home in New York. Mr. and Mrs. William Farquhar have returned from eighteen months' absence abroad, and will caperone Mr. Medill McCormick's house party. The guests will be Miss Mary McCormick and Miss Louise Bregs, who return from the East next Sunday, and Mr. Herbert Stone, Mr. Clive Runnels, and Mr. Potter Palmer Jr. Mr. and Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor will be the guests of Mrs. C. L. Stroble. Mrs. Frederick S. Eames will give a dinner on Thursday evening. Mrs. Arthur Ely also will have a house party, and the guests will be Mr. and Mrs. John McClennon, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Otis, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ireland, all of Cleveland.

Mrs. Harold Peck will return from Paris soon, and take a house on the North Side. Miss Josephine Peck and Miss Haroldine Peck will be introduced this winter.

Mrs. J. Kirkland and the Misses Kirkland, Rush street, have returned from Coburg, Ont., where they spent the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Harding Davis, who have been with Mr. and Mrs. John M. Clark at Marion, Mass., since their return from abroad, will spend the winter in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Eddy and Miss Catheryn Eddy will spend the winter abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Coleman are returning home from Paris, and have purchased the house at 160 Rush street formerly occupied by Mr. Allison Armour.

Mrs. Martin Ryerson has returned to the Auditorium Annex.

Mr. and Mrs. John Crerar have taken rooms at the Virginia for the winter.

Mr. Arthur Aldis has returned to the city. Mrs. Aldis will remain in the East until Oct. 15.

Mrs. George W. Cass and the Misses Cass have returned from Europe, and are in New York. They will open their house at 2715 Michigan avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilton W. Kirk, 528 North State street, will take apartments at the Virginia for the winter.

GIRLS DISAPPEAR FROM HOMES.

Three Hyde Park Misses Run Away Together, Leaving No Clew for Police or Their Mothers.

Three girls, whose combined ages make but forty-three years, have disappeared from their homes in Fifty-fifth street, and their distracted mothers have appealed to the Hyde Park police in the hope that the triple mystery may be cleared up. The girls

ROMURE JACQUOSSIN.

were close friends of each other, they lived not more than a block apart, and the circumstances attending their disappearance seem to indicate that they had planned it several days ago. The names of the runaways are:

Nellie McNevan, 385 Fifty-fifth street, 16 years old.
Romure Jacquossin, 269 Fifty-fifth street, 13 years old.
Mabel Simons, 265 Fifty-fifth street, 14 years old.

Nellie McNevan is an orphan. She made her home with her cousin, Mrs. Leaf, and earned her living by helping with the housework and taking care of the children. Mrs. Leaf describes her cousin as a beautiful girl, though shy and retiring. She had reached the long skirt age, but had no young friends who called at the house. She left home on Friday evening, saying that she was only going out for a little while.

Romure Jacquossin did not go to school on Friday, remaining home at the request of her mother, who has been ill for two weeks. She left the house on Friday morning, and since her departure the mother has discovered that three of her skirts are gone.

Mabel Simons lived in a flat with her mother and grandparents. Mrs. Simons attributes the actions of her daughter to her intense love for her father, who left his wife and child about two months ago. Mabel was greatly attached to her father, and the mother is of the opinion that the disappearance of the girl is caused by her grief over his absence.

MOTHER VISITS MISS COTTON.

Will Leave Daughter in Hospital Until She Recovers from Apparent Self-Hypnotism.

Miss Josephine Cotton, 53 South Curtis street, who was seized with a violent attack of hysteria while shopping at Rothschild's store last Thursday afternoon, as reported in THE TRIBUNE at the time, still lies in a peculiar mental condition at the County Hospital. She was visited yesterday by her stepmother, Mrs. Fred Cotton, who decided to leave her at the hospital until she recovers.

The physicians and nurses at the hospital say that the mental state of the woman borders on self-hypnotism. She lies for hours in the same posture, without making a movement of any kind, yet her eyes betray the fact that she is conscious of even casual scrutiny. She will respond to suggestions made by others, such as taking food when placed near her, and has even walked at the suggestion of the nurses. When left to herself, however, she seems powerless to initiate a movement of any kind and refuses to utter a word. The physicians are much puzzled by the case, especially since the woman's pulse and temperature are normal.

The young woman's stepmother informed the nurses that the patient had been subject to hysterical attacks for several years, but never before had been in her present condition. Miss Cotton will remain in the hospital until she recovers from her peculiar mental state.

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HORSE-OWNERS ORGANIZE.

ASSOCIATION FORMED TO ASSIST THE LOCAL TRACKS.

Committee to Be Appointed for the Purpose of Straightening Out Turf Congress Muddle and Preventing Curtailment of Chicago's Racing Dates—Jockey Kiley Breaks Collarbone in a Spill in Last Race at Hawthorne—Gilmore Is Blamed.

When the owners and others interested in racetracks south of the Ohio River voted at the Turf congress meeting to curtail the racing dates in Chicago for the benefit of their own tracks they thought they had next season's racing situation in the palms of their hands, to do with as they saw fit. They thought no racing plant or organization would dare do other than abide by the rulings of the Turf congress. It was powerful in the past and, according to those interested in tracks outside of Chicago, St. Louis, and New Orleans, is considered a power at present. Racing, however, has become too popular and is too strongly entrenched in the three above named cities to be pushed into the background by the Turf congress or by parties interested in tracks in smaller cities. Washington, Harlem, and Hawthorne will not take cognizance of the dates dealt out to them and the horse owners are with them.

New Organization Is Formed.

The latter, to show their sincerity in the matter, yesterday organized what will in the future be known as the Owners and Trainers' Mutual association. The object of the association is, principally, to pool the racing in Chicago and St. Louis, regardless of the vote at the Turf congress meeting curtailing the season. Furthermore, the association aims to have a voice in future Turf congress meetings, as the owners and trainers support the congress. To sum it up in a nutshell, they, as part and parcel of the racing game, figure they ought to have a voice in everything pertaining to the interests of all concerned.

A meeting, at which a committee of five will be appointed to wait upon the Turf congress and track officials to straighten out the present tangle, will be held shortly. Owners and trainers argue that the smaller tracks have not sufficient stable capacity, and if the local and St. Louis tracks are compelled to keep their gates closed until June 10 it would be disastrous to the game, as one-third of the horses in training would be obliged to stand in their stalls.

The racing at Hawthorne yesterday ended with Lady Meddlesome, Catastrophe, Dad Steele, and several others bumping into each other at the first turn, which caused the first named pair to go down. Buchanan, who rode Lady Meddlesome, escaped injury, but Kiley, who sat astride Catastrophe, besides breaking his collarbone, received a bad shaking up.

Gilmore, on Dad Steele, was blamed for the accident and was set down for thirty days. Buchanan, however, said Gilmore was not accountable for what had occurred, but the judges thought otherwise. Meddlesome was the heavily played favorite. Hood's Brigade, 9 to 2, won the race. Highland Lad was second and Larkspur third.

Hood the Only Winning Favorite.

Frond, in the steeplechase, was the only favorite to win, and she won by 100 yards. The opening event went to Water Plant at 30 to 1, with 12 You Dare and Unso the others behind him. Brownie Anderson was picked to do the trick in the second race, but Minyon, Mitten, and Emma R. passed under the wire first in the order named. Fridolin and Kohnwreath had it out between them in the fourth, the former receiving the verdict, and then after deliberately fouling Kohnwreath within fifty yards of the wire.

The judges took no cognizance of it, but in the next race Fridolin's Headwater, who finished second to Specific, for fouling at the far turn. Fridolin's foul had a decided effect on the race, while Headwater's foul did not. The judges fined Buchanan $100 for his supposed woolly ride on Headwater, Vittitoe's ride on Sly last Saturday was not considered by the officials, and he was debarred from riding at the track the remainder of the season.

Hawthorne Summaries Sept. 24.

Weather wet. Track good.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, selling: Str.Fin.

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
40-1	Water Plant, 108 (Nell)	3h	2½	2½	2½	1ns	1ns
12-1	You Dare, 110 [J. W'k'ns]	1	1d	1d	1d	2d	2ns
9-2	Fonso, 103 [Buchanan]	2d	3½	5½	4h	3s	3ns

Time, 1:15¾. Blink, 110 pounds; The Butcher, 109; Audio, 106; Hampshire, 108; Lasance, 106; Harry Pulliam, 106; Woodstock, 108; and Pirate Queen, 104, finished as named. Winner, W. Gans's br. g., by Watercress—Aella. Good start. The first three were driving to the limit. You Dare hung at the end. Fondo had bad luck, and met with interference on every turn.

Second race, 5 furlongs, 3-year-olds, fillies, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-2	Minyon, 106 [Hichman]	2h	2½	1½	1½	1½
20-1	Mitten, 114 [W. Kiley]	3h	3½	3½	2½	2s
8-1	Emma R., 109 [Tally]	1	1½	2d	2½	3s

Time, 1:02. Golden Rattle, 114½ pounds; Nan O'Kee, 109; Brownie Anderson, 114; Ternetta, 106; Zass, 103; Aurea, 109; Belle of the Glen, 109; Lady Curzon, 114; and Marie Crendorf, 108, finished as named. Winner, J. F. Nesler's ch. f., by Racecorse—Heeley. At post 12 minutes. Start fair. Won driving to the limit. Buchanan got away flying, took the shortest route, and rode a powerful finish.

Third race, short course, selling, steeplechase:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
4-5	Frond, 130 [A. Jackson]	2½	1½	1½	1½	1½
6-1	Dunlap, 148 [Moody]	1½	2s	2s	2s	2ns
25-1	Lastfellow, 148 [C.Brown]	4h	4s	3s	3ns	3ns

Time, 3:15¾. Cassio, 129½ pounds, and Manchie, 129½, also ran. Winner, J. C. Hoos's b. c., by Norwood—Parnleaf. Good start. Frond pulled to a walk.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
16-5	Fridolin, 110 [J. Martin]	4h	2½	1½	1½	1ns
6-5	Kohnwreath, 105 [J.T.W'd'ls]	5½	5d	4d	2s	2d
18-1	La Jeste, 110 [B'ch'n'n]	3d	4ns	4d	6h	3d

Time, 1:07¾. Bonnie Hallie, 110 pounds; Philip Hasbrouck, 105; Natural Gas, 110; Sweet Dream, 106; Port Wine, 110; Floranthe, 110, Glove, 105; and Nellie Forest, 110, finished as named. Winner, W. Sweet's b. f., by The Judge—Sweet. Start fair. Won driving and staggering. Fridolin in the last twenty yards bumped into and interfered with Kohnwreath. Nellie Forest had no chance from where she got away.

Fifth race, 1 mile:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
13-2	Specific, 104 [Tally]	3½	1ns	1½	2½	1s
15-10	Dwater, 111 [Buch'n]	4d	3s	2d	1ns	2½
2-1	Le's Le's, 105 [Gilm'r]	2s	4s	4s	4s	3d
9-2	Eva Rice, 111 [J. Martin]	1ns	2½	3½	3½	4s

*Disqualified for foul.

Time, 1:41¾. Arthur Behan, 104 pounds; Norford, 105; Chorus Boy, 111; Hottentot, 106; and Ada Se 71, 103, finished as named. Winner, C. B. Ellison's br. c., by St. Florian—Specialty. Good start. Won in a long, hard drive. Gilmore seemed weak, and could not keep Love's Labor off the inside fence.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
9-2	H'd's Brigade, 99 [Tally]	3	6	5	3½	1½
3-1	Highland Lad, 108 [Alex]	4h	3½	2½	1½	2ns
9-2	Larkspur, 106 [Devin]	1ns	1d	1½	1½	3s

Time, 1:48¾. What Next, 107 pounds; Dad Steele, 106; and Kitty, 97, finished as named. Catastrophe, 105 pounds, and Lady Meddlesome, 103, fell. Winner, James Arthur's br. c., by Barnes—Kammada. Fair start. Won easily. Brownie Anderson taking away badly, Hood's Brigade met with interference on the first turn. There was a general mixup, in which Lady Meddlesome and Catastrophe got bad falls. Kiley, on the latter, had his collarbone broken, but Buchanan escaped unharmed.

Hawthorne Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

Albert F. Dewey	110 Alone
Alanawure	110 Bibbler
Iceni	107 Fairy Prince
McCauber	107 Cast Anchor
La Orientе	106 Little Tim
Al Brown	106 Burnett's Walkaway

Second race, ¾ mile, selling:

L. T. Caton	109 Jack Telling
Jim Gore II	109 Maclaren
Loyalette	109 Webster
Lucille Bramble	109 Tame Irishman
Fausturo	107 Brownie Anderson
Dutch Kay	107 Bertie R.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds:

Wild Pirate	118 Dangerline
Tuminee	113 Bowen
Cyr	113 Kazan
Boomerack	110 Handy Man
Siburian	110 Nancy Belle
Barbara M	110 Miss Troubadour

Fourth race, ¾ mile:

Nellie Fonso	109 Prejudice
Marsara	109 The Lady
Carrie Davis	109 Larkspur
Sly	109 Scarlet Lily
Lennep	109 Siren Song
Found	109

Fifth race, 1¼ miles, selling:

Macy	107 Admetus
Moto	107 Our Nellie
Candlebrick	107 Piccola
Banish	104 Topmast
Pay the Fiddler	104

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling:

Trebor	109 Locust Blossom
Pat Garrett	107 Blaise
Talmar	107 Holdup
Hansford	106 Baird
Lomond	104 Louisville
Uncle Abbe	106 Dogonan

POOR DAY FOR FAVORITE PLAYERS.

Criterion and Star Bright the Only Ones to Win.

New York, Sept. 24.—Favorite players again found little consolation at Gravesend today. Only two were in front at the finish, Criterion, at odds on, in the first and Star Bright in the fourth. The Parkville Handicap was the only fixture. Rockton was the nominal favorite. Killashandra won by a length, Contestor beating Rockton a neck for the place.

Brooklyn Summaries Sept. 24.

Weather clear; track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-10	Criterion, 115 [Spencer]	3	2d	2½	1s	1s
20-1	B'dy Smash, 108 [R. W'ms]	2	1½	2d	2s	2s
11-5	Bedrock, 115 [T. Burns]	1	3s	4d	3s	3d

Time, 1:01 4-5. Salamist, 112 pounds; Agnes D., 112; Frank Kenney, 100; Magnus Troll, 100; Arden, 100, finished as named. Winner, C. B. Paradaz—Alta Blue. At post 15 minutes. Start good. Won easy.

Second race, 1 mile and 70 yards, Highweight Handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-1	Beau Gallant, 106 [Henry]	5	2½	1½	1½	1½
4-1	Kinnikinnick, 125 [McCue]	6	3½	2½	2½	2ns
8-1	Asquith, 110 [Turner]	7	5h	5d	3s	3s

Time, 1:46 1-5. Mr. Brown, 126 pounds; Witcraft, 111; Big Gun, 111; Princess Evelyn, 90; First Whip, 126; Whistling Con, 121, finished as named. Winner, br. c., by Jim Gore—Bonita Belle. At post 12 minutes. Start fair. Won eased up. Kinnikinnick would not extend himself until the last furlong.

Third race, about ¾ mile, 3-year-olds, the Parkville Handicap, $1,000 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-5	Killashandra, 117 [N. Turner]	1	2d	2½	1s	1s

8-1 Contestor, 111 [McJoyst]...2 1½ 1½ 1½ 2s
7-2 Rockton, 121 [O'Connor]....3 3½ 3½ 2½ 3d

Time, 1:16 4-5. Gold d'Or, 105 pounds; Modrine, 122; Hesper, 113; Smoke, 102; Belle of Lexington, 113; Vulcain, 122, finished as named. Winner, ch. f., by Goldfinch—Connemara. Start fair. Won handily. Killashandra closed strongly through the last furlong and finished gamely.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
4-5	Star Bright, 105 [Odom]	4	1d	1d	1d	1s
3-1	Decanter, 110 [Purser]	3	2½	3½	2½	2ns
8-1	Favonius, 123 [T. Burns]	2	3½	4½	4s	3s

Time, 1:53 2-5. Gonfalon, 106 pounds; Douro, 110; Wait Not, 106; Kentucky, 102, finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Aintree—Spalding Start good. Won driving.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, maidens, fillies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-1	Fannie Maud, 110 [McJ'n]	2	2d	2d	2s	1s
40-1	Maria Bofon, 110 [Wil'ms]	3	3d	3d	3s	2s
12-1	Nonpareil, 110 [N.-Turner]	1	6h	5s	4ns	3½

Time, 1:02 4-5. Spry, 110 pounds; Julia Hanover, 110; Pleasant Sail, 110; Margaret Hoffman, 110; Orienta, 110; Mesaba, 110; Lady Hayman, 110; Mintage, 110; Trigger, 110; Anna Darling, 110; Economist, 110; Georgia Gardner, 110, finished as named. Winner, b. f., by Atlantic—Scholastic. Start straggling. Won driving. Maria Bolton would have won in a few more strides. Julia Hanover was shut out on the backstretch.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Bangor, 114 [T. Burns]	7	5d	5d	3s	1½
7-2	Rinaldo II., 92 [Gannon]	8	1½	2½	1½	2s
4-1	Miss Hasker, 98 [Slack]	5	2½	3½	4h	3h

Time, 1:47 3-5. Aiske, 104 pounds; Annoy, 102; West Baden, 102; Island Prince, 110, finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Belvidere—Zara. Start good. Won handily. Bangor was bid up to $2,400 and bought by S. C. Hildreth.

Brooklyn Entries.

First race, about ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, handicap—Lady Schorr, 121 pounds; Silverdale, 121; Elisabeth M., 116; The Musketeer, 113; Lucrana, 110; La Valliere, 107; Baron Pepper, 102; Sindi, 100; Scurry, 98; Queen Carnival, 90; Mary McCoy, 90; Colchester, 90.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles, 2-year-olds, fillies, handicap—Kamara, 126 pounds; Motley, 123; Miss Hanover, 112; Star Chime, 111; Fleuron, 111; Lady Elite, 109.

Third race, about ¾ mile, the Bayshore Stakes, $100 added—Meehanus, 118 pounds; Potente, 115; Gold 'Or, 114; Master Gray, 111; Mayor Gilroy, 111; Liebner Karl, 110; The Pride, 104; His Royal Highness, 103; Prestidigator, 101; Pink Domino, 98.

Fourth race, mile, selling—Himaline, 119 pounds; Trillo, 108; Hagerdon, 107; Elfin Conig, 105; Mark Cheek, 105; Ringleader, 104; Pischer, 104; Jones Fourth, 103; Buffoon, 103; Midnight Chimes, 99; Fluke, 99.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Intrusive, 126 pounds; McMeekin, 117; Androclous, 104; Serrano, 104; MacLeod of Dare, 104; Lindula, 101.

Sixth race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, selling—Mark Time, 107 pounds; Billionaire, 106; Dangerfield, 105; Luck, 104; Molden, 102; Animosity, 101; The Golden Prince, 99; Snark, 94.

Long Shots' Day at Kinloch.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 24.—Long shots won four out of six purses at Kinloch Park today. Chinn & Forsythe's Duelist was the only winning favorite, romping in three lengths before a high class field of 2-year-olds. The summaries:

First race, 1¼ miles—Eugenia S., 7 to 2, won; Governor Boyd, 5 to 1, second; Pinar del Rio, 2 to 1, third. Time, 2:09½.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds—Duelist, 4 to 5, won; Small Jack, 6 to 1, second; Edna Greene, 15 to 1, third. Time, :54¾.

Third race, 1¼ miles—Inuendo, 50 to 1, won; Nan Dora, 50 to 1, second; Henry of Franstamer, 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:10½.

Fourth race, 1 furlongs—Master Mariner, 10 to 1, won; Maggie Davis, 4 to 5, second; Ned Wickes, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:43¾.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Meddlesome, 7 to 1, won; Glen Lake, 8 to 5, second; Jim W., 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:41¾.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—W. J. Baker, 20 to 1, won; Doubiet, 10 to 1, second; Loving Cup, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:14½.

Results at Windsor.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 24.—Favorites and second choices had an even thing of it at Windsor today. The results:

First race—St. Sulpice, Charley Estes, Loch Fyne.

Second race—Sagacity, Lady Kent, Rey Salazar.

Third race—The Covenanter, Quibo, The Bronze Demon.

Fourth race—Handicapper, Old Mike, Sir Fitzhugh.

Fifth race—Earl Fonso, Laura G. G., Miss Redwood.

Sixth race—Olive Order, Chanton, Prince Zeno.

Winners at Fort Erie.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Today's winners at Fort Erie:

First race—Minnie B., Tyrba, Silver Garter.

Second race—Claude Walton, Commuter, Warrented.

Third race—Alfred Vargrave, Left Bower, Olcott.

Fourth race—Alex, The Jade, Ben Macdhui.

Fifth race—Cherry Head, Alex, Ocie Brooks.

Sixth race—Prince Plausible, Cad Hazel, L. W.

"Cash" Sloan Rides a Winner.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—At the first international meeting at Maisons-Laffitte "Cash" Sloan won the Handicap de la Tamise, 20,000 francs, over a course of 1,800 meters, on Prince J. Murat's Dioline. The Prix de la Manche, 10,000 francs, over a course of 1,000 meters, was won by Rigby, the American jockey, on Mme. Menier's Avant-Garde.

JUDGES ENFORCE RULES RIGIDLY.

Opening Day of Terre Haute's Fall Trotting Meeting.

[BY H. T. WHITE.]

Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The annual trotting meeting over the four-cornered track where so many world's records have been broken was begun today under the most favorable circumstances as to weather, condition of track, and size and quality of the fields engaged. The judges association is especially up to date in the management of the judges' stand, its occupants being men who know the rules and are not afraid to enforce them.

The work today was clean cut, and five drivers who did not come out promptly were fined, while some others were assessed for scoring ahead of the pole horse. The starting was also first-class, and while W. P. Helms, President of the track, was not in the stand he exercised a general supervision over affairs, and saw that they went well.

The racing was of a high order, and especially good was the 2:16 pace, in which more than a dozen started. It was won by Iona, a daughter of the gray stallion, Moody, which was owned in Chicago for many years. The mare is owned in Canada, and got all the half mile track records in Manitoba before starting away from home. Her winning heats were the second, third, and fifth, and she can beat 2:10 a couple of seconds right now. A feature of the race was the fact that after Therese Wilkes had finished first in a hard drive in 2:08¾ in the fourth heat the judges took the heat away from her for chasing her pocket after entering the homestretch, thereby interfering with Daisy J., who got the heat. In the fifth mile these two raced head and head to the stretch, but Iona made a great finish, closing a gap of five lengths in the last quarter, and finished strong.

Major Green Works Too Hard.

The 2:26 class was a Waterloo for those who played the favorite. This was Major Greer. He went two hard races at Fort Wayne last week, losing one of them on its merits. This was on Thursday, and yet he was started again today, and was given a workout before the race that left him quite a cripple in itself. He showed prominently for two heats, but the local horse, Crito, had the speed of the party, and but for a break just as the word was given in the third heat would have won off the reel. As it was, this mishap gave Joe Rea a chance with his Futurity filly, Lady Thisbe, and she won in racehorse style from the others in 2:10¼, and then forced Crito to trot the final mile in 2:15¾.

She is owned by Marcus Daly, the Montana copper magnate, and he had another starter today in Green Silk, one of the field in the stake for 2-year-olds. Green Silk is a full sister to China Silk, that was a sensational 2-year-old trotter in 1896, making a record of 2:16¾ at that age. The younger member of the family is a handsome looker, and steps like a trotter, but has not much speed, as she was last all the time today. The winner, Hawthorne, is a full sister to Susie J., 2:17¾, as a 2-year-old, but, like the other starters in the race, has no sensational speed. The Alleton filly, which divided honors with Mary Leyburn, is over sixteen hands high, and the best-furnished thing of her age that ever started. The fourth race on the card was not finished, but Lady All Right was the best of the lot, taking the two heats paced easily.

The Abbott Starts Today.

Tomorrow will be the occasion of the first attempt this week of The Abbott to beat the world's trotting record. He was scheduled for Thursday, but Geers has decided to try tomorrow if the day and track suit him, and, in case he fails, can have another try at the mark on Thursday. Horsemen generally are of the opinion that the record will be beaten if the horse is steady, but last week at Fort Wayne he was unsteady in his work. Tommy Britton was to have gone tomorrow against the stallion record of Crescens, but the announcement was made today that the horse was not in form and would not parade. George West started the pony pacer Dacy today and he went well. The summaries:

Purse $1,000, 2:16 pace:

Iona, blk. m., by Moody [Barnes]	7	1	1	2	1
Daisy J., b. m., by Mountjoy [Nuckols]	1	2	9	1	2
Jessie L., b. m. [Guyett]	6	3	2	5	6
Saul, br. g. [Honey]	8	8	7	3	3
Ladora Boy, g. g. [M. Wilson]	2	9	6	4	4
Pearl Sherbet, ch. m. [Rossdale]	4	5	3	6	7
Therese Wilkes, blk. m. [Ross]	9	6	6	9	5
Onett, b. m. [Jones]	3	7	5	7	dr
Salem, blk. g. [Fisher]	5	4	8	8	dr
Celeste R., b. m. [Johnson]	10	dr			
Frank McKinney, b. g. [Dickerson]	dis				
Cuba, b. m. [Fritz]	dis				
Huguley V., b. g. [Murphy]	dis				

Time—2:11 ¼; 2:09½; 2:10; 2:08¾; 2:10.

Purse $1,000, 2:26 trotters:

Crito, b. g., by Gaimount [Fleming]	1	1	7	1	1
Lady Thisbe, blk. f., by Mitrol [Rea]	5	2	1	2	2
Little Hodge, b. m. [M. Wilson]	7	5	2	3	3
Springdale, b. h. [R. Wilson]	2	7	3	5	5
Major Greer, ch. h. [Wallace]	3	3	5	7	4
Porto Rican, b. h. [Kirby]	4	4	4	4	6
Hamward, b. h. [Lancaster]	6	6	6	6	7

Time—2:15¾; 2:14¾; 2:16¼; 2:15¾.

Purse $2,000, 2-year-old trotters:

Hawthorne, rn. f., by Jay Bird [Middleton]	1	1			
Mary F. Leyburn, ch. r. [Beachy]	2	2			
Alabama, br. f. [Spear]	3	3			
Green Silk, b. f. [Rea]	4	4			

Time—2:25¾; 2:25¾.

Prince of Wales Engages Sloan.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—As a culmination of the ascendency of American jockeys, it is announced today that the Prince of Wales has engaged Tod Sloan, at a large retainer, for 1901. Many horse owners who have hitherto hesitated to desert the home talent will doubtless follow the royal lead.

Indianapolis Excursion.

Special rate to Indianapolis and return, via Monon Route, Oct. 1 and 2. City Ticket Office, 232 Clark street.

HARD DAY FOR MAROONS.

SEARCHING FOR SUBSTITUTE CENTER AND QUARTER.

Director Stagg Tries Out Several Candidates for the Two Important Positions—Practice Game Is Played with New Men in Line—Place Returns and Wins the Commendation of the Coaches—Monmouth's Lineup for Tomorrow's Game.

The Maroon football candidates were given over three hours of hard practice yesterday afternoon by Coach Stagg. Two of these were devoted to punting, place kicking, and the development of new center rushes and quarter backs. The remainder of the time was spent in scrimmages, the line-up being quite different from any that has been tried heretofore.

Two new candidates were tried at quarter, Eldridge and Snider, while Flanagan and Fowler were pitted against each other at center. Although the weather was too warm for fast football the men went at the work with spirit and vigor, the rushes being especially fierce. Two new men appeared on the field, A. W. Place and E. C. Ellsworth of Morgan Park Academy. Place was on the scrub team last year, and entered into the practice so heartily as to win the commendation of Stagg. He was tried at right half, and scored the only touchdown for his side, besides making a brilliant tackle which ended Henry's twenty-five-yard run. He weighs 162 pounds.

The feature of the preliminary work was the number of men who were tried for center and quarter. Six were experimented with at quarter—Eldridge, Goodenow, Garrey, Lord, Snider, and Petet. Flanagan, Fowler, Carey, Ervin, Strauss, and Freeman all tried their hand at snapping the ball, while Ervin and C. Ellsworth were put at work punting. Henry was given a chance at place kicking under Herschberger's tuition.

In the practice game the team under Herschberger's direction carried the ball by fierce rushes over Stagg's goal line in about ten minutes, the gains being due mainly to Henry's line bucking. Stagg's men were unable to hold Henry back, and were constantly ordered by the veteran coach to hold tighter. Ervin failed in his attempt at goal. After the next kickoff the ball was carried back to the fifty-yard line, where, after one or two attempts to buck the line, Henry got the ball and went through the line for a twenty-five yard run with a clear field before him when Place made a fine tackle from behind and brought him down. Stagg's team then braced up and held Herschberger's men for downs and carried the ball from the twenty-yard line back to the center of the field. Petet then got the ball for a twenty-five yard run, but was caught by Sheldon. Goodenow then made a ten-yard gain and the ball was pushed over the line for a touchdown by Petet. Ervin failed in kicking Stagg's men the victory by a score of 6 to 5.

The lineup:

Herschberger's.	Position.	Stagg's.
Sheldon	L. E.	Goodenow
Post	L. T.	Freeman
Ervin	L. G.	Backhouse
Flanagan	C.	Fowler
Ellsworth	R. G.	Conrad
Campbell	R. T.	McNab
Garrey	R. E.	Petet
Eldridge	Q. B.	Snider
Bodwell	R. H.	Place
Henry	L. H.	Lord
Strauss	F. B.	Carey

Speed did not go into the game, but helped in the coaching. Captain Smith of the baseball team arrived from his home at Monmouth, and he requested Stagg to cut down the baseball squad before the fall work is commenced.

Director Stagg is in receipt of a letter from Roy Graham, manager of the Monmouth football team, giving the lineup for tomorrow's game. Monmouth has eight old men back by now. If the team has as much confidence as the manager they ought to put up a plucky fight. He writes: "We have a good team this year, the average weight being between 170 and 175 pounds. We expect to play a good game and give you as much practice as two years ago, when we scored against you."

The makeup of the visiting team follows: Firebaugh, left end; McCoy, left tackle; Lafferty, left guard; Smith, center; Tinkham, right guard; Galloway, right tackle; Wilson, right end; Nichols, quarter back; Ochiltree, left half back; Marshall, right half back; Holliday, full back.

CANDIDATES FOR THE PURPLE TEAM.

Statistics of Players Trying for the Northwestern Varsity.

Northwestern's football team lined up for practice in the rain yesterday and showed unexpected dash and energy after the game of Saturday. Henry Hanson, left tackle on last year's team, has returned to college and will be out in a suit today. His appearance has bettered Northwestern's chances. Hanson weighs only 170 pounds, but has played good football. Captain C. Shock, half back on the Portland, Ore., Athletic club was out for practice. He will be in the dental school this year, and if his work will permit will try for the team. Joe Hunter and Jack Potter are expected in Evanston this week to assist Dr. Hollister in coaching.

The following candidates have appeared on the field thus far:

	Weight.	Height.	Age.
Elliot	170	5 10	24
Smiley	165	5 10	24
Daltz	160	5 10	21
Johnson	155	5 10	20
Ward	197	5 11	24
Reid	160	5 9	21
Schraudenbach	167	5 10	21
Pinneo	176	5 9	25
Yeager	165	5 11	21
Tillotson	168	5 10	19
Hanson	170	5 11	25
Davidson	170	5 9	23
Rea	148	5 7	23
Peckham	150	5 9	20
Seiler	175	5 8	23
Sanders	170	6 0	21
Stahl	145	5 9	18
Breedin	160	5 11	18
Banschbach	170	5 10	20
Lenhoff	170	5 11	19
Reed	170	5 11	24

HARVARD'S FIRST ACTUAL LINEUP.

Kendall and Stillman Make Coaches Happy by Coming Out.

Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Harvard began football today. Heretofore class men would have been safe in the statement. Today with lineups, elevens partially picked, and a host of coaches on the field, the season took definite form.

Teddy Kendall, right half last year, returned today. All he could do was to be heard and have his plans. He will be at Harvard, and the fact that he was played at his old place the first day out shows how much the management wanted him. Then Stillman put all fears at rest by appearing, and Harvard is happy. The first lineup was for punting and blocking, as follows:

Harvard team.	Position.	Position.
Hallowell	R. E.	Hoxie
Lawrence	R. T.	Spratt
Barnes	R. G.	Hollister
Sargent	C.	Bugden
Lee	L. G.	Riggs
Knowlton	L. T.	Hollister
Endicott	L. E.	Clark
Sherlock, Daly	Q. B.	Motley
Gierasch	L. H.	Swift, Hervey
Kendall	R. H.	Kervan Taylor
Hillman, Kervan	F. B.	Kendall, Sawin

This selection is a fair index. It shows two surprises, Eaton, left back, is slightly ill, so Knowlton was played there in the practice today. Endicott played on his class team and Knowlton was on the second last year. Ristine and Campbell, left ends last year, are out for the season.

Another business-like feature was the presence of many coaches. Jack Moulton, end in '98; Lewis, '95; Muchie, '95; Dibblee, '98; F. J. Cochrane, '98; and Bert Waters, '94, were on the field. All save Waters and Dibblee were in togs and got right into the work.

Roberts of Salem High a freshman, was out. He is the biggest man Harvard has had in years. He weighs 274 pounds. Lewis gave him points, but he looks fleshy for a center on a lively team.

SCRUBS SCORE AGAINST VARSITY.

King Starts Wisconsin at Hard Work Earlier than Usual.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The lower campus was too soft for football practice today and Coach King took his squad out to Randall Field for work. After ten minutes spent in punting, a couple of elevens were selected and formations and interference practiced, Coach King having charge of the varsity and Jerry Riordan and Peele of the second eleven. The two teams were then lined up for a hard half-hour's scrimmage, which called forth considerable comment to the effect that King was starting his men in at hard work much earlier this year than previously.

The varsity lined up about the same as in Saturday's game. Skow went in at center and Webster and Leerum at guards. Grass played left tackle and is at present the favorite for Blair's old place. Marshal was in at quarter, Krapp and Abercrombie at halves, and Driver at full. Grissel played full on the second eleven. The work of the varsity was decidedly ragged. One touchdown was made soon after play started, but after that the scrubs got the ball and under the coaching of Riordan and Peele pushed the varsity down the field for twenty yards. The varsity took a brace and rushed the ball down to the scrubs' goal, when Kellogg of the scrubs grabbed the ball on a fumble and ran the whole length of the field for a touchdown.

Larson, last year's crack half back, and Ware, a promising player, who was injured in practice last fall, showed up today.

CONSENT OF FACULTY NECESSARY.

Yale Team Willing to Play Princeton in New York.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—Manager Hixson of the Yale eleven said today that if Princeton wishes to change the Yale-Princeton game to New York, as rumored, the Yale football team was willing, provided the Yale faculty would give its consent.

When Malcolm Lee McBride, Captain of last year's Yale eleven, arrived this afternoon and took charge of the eleven for this season as head coach, he found fifty candidates on the squad. He divided them into four elevens and sent them into the first scrimmage since they reported, just a week ago. The scrubs were given the ball and on a fumble by Chadwick lost it on the second down. The varsity rushed it from the center of the field on center plunges without losing possession of it, for a touchdown in seven minutes. This was the only scrimmaging done during the day. Four coachers were present—McBride, Cutler, Wurtemberg, the Dartmouth coach; and Mike Murphy. Captain Brown stopped coaching today and resumed his place in the line.

ROWDY CONTEST ENDS IN A TIE.

Boston and New York Score Fourteen Runs Apiece.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	73	50	.593	Chicago	80	67	.544
Pittsburg	72	53	.576	St. Louis	77	71	.520
Philadelphia	69	67	.440	Cincinnati	54	71	.432
Boston	61	61	.500	New York	53	70	.431

Yesterday's Results.

St. Louis, 1; Pittsburg, 0.
Philadelphia, 9; Brooklyn, 6.
Boston, 14; New York, 14 (seven innings).

Today's Games.

Chicago at St. Louis.
New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 24.—Boston and New York played a tie game today, the game being called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness. Heavy batting and poor fielding featured the work of both teams. Davis was put out of the game in the second for kicking. Mercer taking his place. Boston tried a new man behind the bat, Connor of Bridgeport. He did not make a good impression, making two wild throws and having two passed balls.

Both teams wanted the game to improve their respective positions. Trouble developed in the latter half of the first inning. Hamilton was given his base on balls and Long drove a hit over right field fence for a home run. New York made a big kick, as the ball apparently went foul by two feet, but Umpire Snyder called it fair. Barry and Tenny made safe hits and Carrick a wild throw off Collins' bounder. Freeman followed with a safe drive, on which

BID FOR CEREAL STOCK.

MANAGEMENT NOT IN OFFER OF ENGLISH SYNDICATE.

It Proposition Is Accepted American Company Will Be Continued as at Present Without Combination with Outside Corporations—Money Rates Grow Firmer—Growth of Chicago as a Financial Power—Sales on the Local Exchange.

It develops that the deal for the purchase of the American Cereal company at $175 a share on behalf of an English syndicate is being conducted independently of the management. The stockholders who are conducting the negotiations are President O. C. Barber of the Diamond Match company, Treasurer J. L. Hinson of the same corporation, and M. Olin Stephens, a director in the Cereal company. Their combined interest in the Cereal company is a large one. On the authority of a member of the syndicate it is stated that the company will be continued as at present, without combination with outside corporations, if the present offer is accepted.

Mr. Barber's letter to stockholders says that the offer is conditional on the annual statements of the last three years being verified as correct by a firm of public accountants. He adds that he is assured by the officials that they are correct.

The stockholders are asked to sign blanks agreeing to sell, and also requests to the others of the company that the accountants be permitted to make the investigations.

The stock of the Cereal company has advanced considerably since the deal with the English syndicate was started. Recently 145 to 150 has been bid for it, but little is offered. The company was organized in 1891 in Ohio. It has a capital stock of $3,400,000, of which $1,850,700 has been issued. There is in addition a bond issue of $1,000,000 of 6 per cent first mortgage gold bonds, due in 1911, but redeemable at the option of the company after 1906. Eight per cent dividends are paid on the stock. In February, last year, an effort was made to combine the various outside cereal properties with the company, but the deal fell through.

Further Advances in Money.

Further advances in rates for time money were made by leading banks yesterday. One of the largest raised its rates ½ per cent on loans, and is not placing any money at less than 5 per cent. The loss of nearly $10,000,000 in the reserves of the New York associated banks in the last two weeks has been followed by a corresponding shrinkage in the twelve banks which make weekly reports here. New York banks apparently are not buying any paper, as it is being offered here freely at 5½ per cent. The possibility of export figures in the situation. The Bank of England sold £303,000 to Germany yesterday and received £158,000 from Australia.

Chicago a Financial Power.

The growth of Chicago as a financial power is being commented on generally by bankers. The improved position of several of the largest banks through enormous increases in deposits and amalgamations enables them to transact much larger business than which only large New York banks could handle before. This growth in itself attracts business. The statements which several of the banks make now bring customers from the country who heretofore did all their business with New York banks. Numbers of country banks keep in Chicago the balances which were held in New York before.

The New York Financier publishes a table showing the national banks holding $5,000,000 or over, in which the First National of Chicago stands third, with $66,980,900. The National City of New York is first with $159,088,100, gain of $28,701,900 over June and of $35,290,400 over September, 1899. In October, 1898, the City held $31,750,100, so that in four years it has gained $127,318,000. The Continental of Chicago is ninth in the list with $31,-

Financial Topics.

The directors of the American Woolen company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock, payable on Oct. 1 to stockholders of record on that date. Transfer books close on Oct. 8 and reopen on Oct. 20.

The pool in the stock of the American Hide and Leather company, including, it is stated, 40 per cent of the $13,000,000 preferred stock and nearly all of the $11,500,000 common, is to be dissolved, after which the holders will be at liberty to dispose of their holdings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

	OMAHA.			
	1900.	1899.	Increase.	
August—Gross .$	974,306	$ 970,752	*$ 6,446	
Net ..	6,200,453	6,450,815	*241,362	
NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN AND HARTFORD.				
Year ended June				
Gross ..	$40,825,152	$39,142,917	$3,181,235	
Net ..	12,100,312	11,562,661	537,651	
Other income..	546,121	621,423	*77,302	
Total income..	12,646,433	12,184,084	462,349	
Charges ..	8,023,819	7,820,115	203,706	
Surplus ..	4,622,614	4,363,971	258,643	
Dividends ..	4,331,276	4,156,984	72,590	
Surplus ..	291,338	207,283	184,053	

*Decrease.

The above figures do not include the earnings of the several steamboat lines, amounting to $3,085,-000, with the exception that the dividends received on other lines are included in the item, income from other sources.

The Tennessee Coal and Iron company's Executive committee held a special meeting yesterday, at which consideration was given to the matter of dividend, which will be taken up at the regular meeting in October.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

	Demand.	60 days.
Sterling	485¾	483¾
Commercial	485¾	483¾
Francs	5 13-16	5 15-16
Reichsmarks	95 5-16	94 7-16
Guilders	95	94⅛

Closing Curb Prices.

Closing prices of curb securities in New York were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Copper	84¼	85¼
American Bicycle	5	5½
Do pfd	29	31
American Woolen	12½	13¼
Do pfd	63	69
Car Trust	1	2
Car Iron Pipe	3½	4
Do pfd	20	25
Consol Air	32	34½
Distilling Company of America	4	4⅜
Do pfd	16½	18
Electric Vehicle	19	20
Do pfd	35	50
Electric Vehicle	1	2
General Fuel Pump	1	2
Do pfd	65	85
Ice Regator	24½	26½
Do pfd	87½	90
Naval Stores Powder	90¾	91¼
Do pfd	28½	29¾
Oil	13½	14
Standard Oil	525	535

Sales on the Local Exchange.

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
Cotton Oil	120	9¼	9¼	9¼
Do pfd	82	87	80¾	80¾
Diamond Match	50	182	182	182
Distilling	30	2¾	2¾	2¾
Gas Trust	3	121¾	121¾	121¾
Metropolitan Elevated pfd	680	92¾	92¾	92¾
National Biscuit	570	81¼	81¼	81¼
Do pfd	100	85	85	85

BONDS.

Atch. T. & S. Fe 5s..102¼ | $2000 Met El 4s .. 97⅛
Chi. & E. 4s .. 97½ | $1000 City Ry 4½s..100½

Quotations at the larger cities yesterday and a year ago were:

	Sept. 24.	Sept. 17.
New York	$103,580,728	$103,880,728
Boston	21,297,884	23,217,831
Philadelphia	15,091,844	15,443,616
Chicago	12,395,713	12,324,901
St. Louis	5,784,604	6,880,571
Pittsburg	5,858,715	5,946,608

The New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: St. Louis, 60c discount bid; 40c discount asked.

PEOPLE'S GAS DROPS SHARPLY.

Effect of Unfavorable Legislation Causes Stocks to Tumble—B. R. T. Violently Attacked.

[BY E. W. HARDEN.]

New York, Sept. 24.—[Special.]—People's gas was the most active and the weakest stock on the exchange today. Under persistent hammering by the bears and in the absence of any inside support quotations broke off from 86 to 82¾, with a close at 83¼, a net loss of 2¾ points from Saturday's final figures. According to the stories in circulation Wall street today the City Council in order is to pass a resolution forbidding the division of mains by either the People's or Ogden company until the price of gas is reduced to 75 cents.

This was the main cause for today's weakness in this stock. There were further reports that negotiations which have been on for some time looking to an ending of the differences between the People's and Ogden companies had been terminated and there was no prospect of an immediate ending of the war.

There was heavy selling of People's Gas stock for Chicago account, all of the private wire houses with Chicago connections having big selling orders today.

The stock market this morning was fairly strong and recoveries were shown in a number of the railroad issues as well as in other stocks. Brooklyn Rapid Transit was subjected to heavy hammering. Early in the day a paper which is considered as the personal organ of Richard Croker was distributed gratuitously in the Wall street district, and contained a virulent attack upon the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company. It was said in the attack that the plan of forcing the company to put its wires underground was to be carried out and that there were other reforms which the company was to be compelled to inaugurate.

In Wall street it is not believed that this resolution was introduced in good faith. It is admitted by those most friendly to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company that the carrying out of such a plan as this would be a serious blow to the company. The expense involved in a change in the system to underground trolley would be enormous and it would entirely wipe out the present stock. The company has never paid dividends on this stock, and if it were compelled to expend the amount requisite to put all its wires underground it would be many years before there would be any earnings applicable to dividends.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The market found some support from sundry causes at times today, and prices were at one time lifted to a level quite substantially over that of Saturday at the close. Weakness persisted in some individual stocks, and the announcement of a small failure early in the afternoon put a stop to advancing tendency of prices, so that the closing was heavy and dull, with only a few net gains remaining. Tobacco, Sugar, and the New York public utilities were notably weak. The steel stocks were prominent in the early strength of the market on account of a settlement for the coming year of the schedule of wages. Several stocks in the group were marked up from 1 to 1½. Tennessee Coal came under pressure on the advance, and was marked down 4 points, but rallied over a point and closed with a net loss of 1⅜. The whole group yielded to some extent with the later weakness in the market.

In the money market interest rates were not changed, but the outgo to the interior continued on a liberal scale. The growth of stringency in foreign markets, especially London and Berlin, promises renewed pressure upon New York for gold, although the bills of commercial exchange in the market today were sufficient to depress the sterling rate a fraction. Last week's small exactions by the Subtreasury were due to the large outgo from that institution on account of pensions and on account of the renewal of bond conversions and premium payments forced by the measures taken by the Secretary of the Treasury to withdraw government deposits secured by the called 2 per cent bonds unless substitution were made of other bonds.

The majority of bonds showed declines, but there were a few advances. Total sales, par value, $876,000. United States old 4s and new 4s, registered, declined ¼ per cent, the new 4s coupon ⅝, and the refunding 2s, when issued, the 3s and 5s ⅛ in the bid price.

Money on call firmer at 1¾@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange heavy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾@486, for demand and 483¾@483¾ for 60 days. Posted rates 484 and 488. Commercial bills, 482½@482¾. Silver certificates, 62¾@63¼. Bar silver, 62¾. Mexican dollars, 49¾. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Sp. 24.	Sp. 17.	Closing—
Amn. Sugar	25,000	113¾	113¾	113¾	114¼	
Do pfd	200	114½	114½	114½		
Amn. Tobacco ..	3,300	86	85¾	85¾		
Amn. Tinplate ..	1,000	24¾	24¾	24¾		
Do pfd	100	77	77	77		
Amn. Smelting	100	83¾	83¾	83¾		
Adams Express	100	123¼	123¼	123¼		
Am. Steel & Wire	1,900	70¾	69¾	70¾	70¼	
Do pfd	700	97	96	96¾	96¾	
Atchison	6,300	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	
Do pfd	14,200	68¾	67¾	68¼	68¼	
Amn. Steel Hoop.	1,200	65¾	65	65¼	17	
Do pfd	100	85	85	85¼		
Anaconda	400	42¾	41	42		
Amn. Linseed	100	9	9	9		
Do pfd	200	51	51	51		
Amn. Malting Co.	100	1¾	1¾	1¾		
Am. Car Foundry	1,000	58	57	58	58¼	
Do pfd	500	118¾	118¾	118¾		
Ann Arbor Ry pfd	100	44¾	44¾	44¾		
Amn. Iron	400	30¾	30¾	30¾		
Amn. Coal	100	150	150	150		
Bkln. Rap. Tran	48,500	50¾	48	49¾	50¼	
Brunswick	100	6	6	6		
Balto. & Ohio	9,000	97¾	96½	96¾	96¾	
Do pfd	1,900	96¾	96¾	96¾		
C. & A.	10,200	121¾	120¾	121¾	121	
C. & N. W.	100	158½	158½	158½	111	
C., M. & St. P.	11,700	113¾	112¾	113¾	114	
Do pfd	1,000	104¾	103¾	104	103¾	
C., R. I. & P.	1,900	104¾	103¾	104	49	
Canada Southern.	1,400	48½	48	48¾		
Ches. & Ohio	1,000	23¾	23¾	23¾		
Cent. R. R. of N. J	1,000	128¼	128	128¼	128¼	
C. C. C. & St. L.	700	70¾	70	70¾	70¾	
Canadian Pacific	100	104	104	104	104	
Con. Gas N. Y.	1,300	165¾	164	164		
Col. & Southern	100	24	24	24		
Col. & Hock. Iron	1,900	30¾	29¾	29¾		
C. I. & L.	400	20¼	20	20		
C. C. C. I. Co pfd	200	10	10	10		
Chi. Gt. Western.	1,000	10¼	10	10		
Cont. Tobacco	1,200	24¾	23¾	23¾	24½	
Do pfd	400	76	76	76		
Del. & Hudson	400	108¼	108	108¼		
D. & Rio G. pfd	200	65¼	65¼	65¼		
D. M. & Ft. Dodge	200	40	40	40		
Erie	2,700	15¾	15	15¾	15¾	
Erie 2d pfd	300	30¾	30¼	30¾	30¾	
Do 1st pfd	4,900	80¾	80¼	80¾	80¾	
Federal Steel	1,300	63¾	63	63¾		
Do pfd	400	103	103	103	103	
General Electric	100	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	
Glucose	200	150¼	150¼	150¼	149½	
Gt. North. pfd	200	180¼	180¼	180¼		
Hocking Valley	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17	
Do pfd	1,000	117¾	117¾	117¾	117	
Iowa Central	300	17¼	17¼	17¼	17	
Int. Paper	1,000	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	
Do pfd	600	61¼	60	61	60	
Louis. & Nash	5,000	70	69¼	69¾	69¾	
L. E. & W.	200	25	25	25	25¼	
Do pfd	300	93¼	92¾	92¾	92¾	
Laclede Gas	400	69	67½	67½		
M. W. S. Chi. pfd.	100	81¼	81¼	81¼		
M. St. P. & S. S. M	60	18	18	18	20	
Manhattan	6,100	97	96	96¾	96¾	
M., K. & T. pfd	100	37¼	37¼	37¼		
Mex. Cent. Ltd	2,900	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	
Missouri Pac.	8,700	97¾	97	97¼	97¼	
Minn. & St. Louis.	700	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	
National Biscuit	700	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	
Northern Pac.	17,400	69	68¾	68¾	69	
Do pfd	500	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	
National Steel	1,400	52¾	52¼	52¾	52¾	
Do pfd	1,100	92¾	92¼	92¾	92¾	
N. Y. Central	1,800	131¾	131¾	131¾	131¾	
Norfolk & Wes	600	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	
Do pfd	100	74	74	74		
North Amn. Co.	100	14½	14½	14½		
N. Y. Ont. & W.	300	19¼	19	19¼		
Ontario & West	100	17	17	17		
Or. Short Line	300	116	115	115		
Or. R. & Nav.	1,000	44¼	43¾	44¼	44¼	
Nat. Tube	500	62	62	62	61¾	
Do pfd	400	93	93	93	93¼	
People's Gas	48,500	86	82¾	83¼	86¼	
Penna. R. R.	10,700	125¾	124¾	125¼	125¾	
Pressed Steel Car.	500	45¾	45¼	45¾	45¾	
Pullman	100	183	183	183		
Pressed Steel Car.	500	35¾	35¼	35¾	35¼	
Third Ave.	100	114	114	114		
Tenn. Coal & Iron	11,000	54¾	53¾	54	55¼	
Union Pacific	13,900	71¾	71¼	71¼	71¼	
Do pfd	2,200	84	83¾	84		
Un. Bag & Paper.	400	34¾	34¼	34¼	34¼	
Do pfd	400	93¾	93¾	93¾	94¼	
U. S. Rubber pfd.	100	91¼	90¾	90¾	91¼	
U. S. Leather	2,100	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	
Do pfd	600	66	66	66	66	
Wheeling & L. E.	300	23¾	23	23¾	23¾	
Do 2d pfd	800	22¾	22¼	22¾	22¾	
Wabash	100	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	
Do pfd	600	40¾	40	40¾	40¾	
Wisconsin Cent.	400	19¾	19¼	19¾	19¾	
Do pfd	100	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	
Western Union	100	78¼	78¼	78¼	79	

Total sales, 360,070 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	125	United States	45
American	170	Wells	122

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, when issued, reg.	103¾	U. S. old 4s, reg.	113¾
Do coup.	103¾	U. S. 5s, reg.	113¾
U. S. 3s, reg.	109½	Do coup.	113¾
Do coup.	109½	U. S. 5s, 10-40	108
U. S. new 4s, reg.	133¾	Dis. of Col. 3.65s	122

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS TO A. M. TO 3 P. M.

42000 Atch gen 4s	100¾@101	2000 MK-T 1st 5s.	104½
12000 do reg.	100¾@101¼	2000 MK-T 1st 4s..	90
100000 do adj.	84¼@85	2000 Mo P con 6s..	117
3000 AG Ex 4s	103¾	10000 do 5s 1920..	91½
5000 A Co 4½s	109¾	10000 Met St Ry 5s	117¾@118
20000 B-O S W 2½s	93¾	2000 Met El 1st..	115¼
2000 do 3½s	93¾	2000 NYC deb 6s..	130¾
12000 do 4s	100¾	3000 Nor-So 1st 6s.	113
2000 Bkln Un G 5s.	115¾	11000 N-W con 4s..	97¾@98
43000 C G con 5s.	97¾@98	22000 NP gen 3s..	64¾
15000 do 1st inc.	24@43	28000 do prior 4s..	103¾
5000 Chi Term 4s.	93	18000 NYG-E 4s..	93¾
5000 C-N-W con ..	139½	10000 N Starch 6s.	100
5000 do gold bonds reg.	109¼	5000 OSL con 5s..	103
11000 CCC-StL gen.	97	5000 P-E 1st 6s..	108¼
2000 C Sp 1st.	108¼	40000 Pac gen 4s..	98¾@99¼
1000 C M-St P 8s con	137	10000 do 4s.	98¾@99¼
Minn.	119	14000 StL-IM 5s.	112¾
19000 C-Ogden 5s.	115¾	22000 do con 5s..	110¾
54000 C Pac gtd 4s	98	5000 StL-SF 1st.	85¾
29000 C-O gen 4½s	106¼@106¾	35000 do 2d.	73¾
34000 CRI-P 4s	97¾@98	17000 So P 4s.	77¾@78
9000 do 5s	106¾@106¾	11000 SR-Pac inc.	68¼
2000 Col & Sou 4s.	93¾	11000 So Ry 5s.	108¾
5000 D-RG con 4s.	98¾	5000 T-OCW div.	112¾
5000 D-I R 5s.	107	2000 Third Av 4s..	122¾
10000 DM-M lg 5s.	107	1000 U S 4s 1907.	116
5000 GB-W deb 5s.	74¾	5000 do new reg.	114¾
15000 GH-Sa. 1st..	98¾	2000 do coup.	114¾
3000 Ia Cent 1st..	113	4000 U S Leath 6s.	114
5000 Int Paper 6s.	103@107½	9000 Wab 2d.....	100¾
2000 L-N St L div	128¼	49000 do deb 6s..	25¾@26¾
4000 L-N 4s.	98¼@99	5000 Wis C 4s.	84½@85¾
5000 LE-W 2d.....	117	2000 W S gtd 4s..	104¾
Total sales, $906,000.		2000 do reg	112

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities in the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The tone of the local stock market was firmer today. There was almost an entire cessation of the recent liquidation and new buying orders more than took care of the decreased bear selling. New York was a good buyer of the Atchison, Federal Steel stock and some of the arbitrage stocks in this market, and a seller of Burlington and Sugar.

Home railroads were dull and heavy. New Haven lost ½ to 209½; and Albany 1, to 245. Elevated was 1 lower, at 147; and Massachusetts Electrics was unchanged, at 22. Dominion lost ¼ to 98; and Gas and Coke bonds were firm at 99 and 99¼ sales. American Telephone lost ½ to 138; and Erie ½ to 96¾. New England was offered at 123 and 120 was bid. U. S. Oil was up to 16.

The coppers were irregular, with weak and strong spots. Butte and Montana attracted attention, the former breaking 1¼, to 84¾, and the latter ⅛, to 306. Arcadian was off 1, to 16; Parrott ⅛, to 39½; and Utah ⅛, to 28. Amalgamated advanced ⅛, to 85¼; Osceola 1, to 65; and Old Dominion ⅛, to 16.

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities in London, Berlin, and Paris.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram:

The markets here continued dull and featureless today, shipments of gold to the continent having a depressing effect. Americans, after a weak opening, rallied on a report that the coal strike had been settled. No confirmation of this being received and New York offering no support, prices weakened and closed only a little above the worst. Tintos were weak on a slight fall in copper. Money was in strong demand, the market applying to the Bank of England for a large sum at 4½ per cent for one week. The bank lost £303,000 gold in German coin and received £158,000 from Australia.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The outgo of gold to Germany today, amounting to £303,000, stiffened discounts. Money is hardening, partly because tomorrow 2,000,000 of Treasury bills must be paid for. The Jewish holidays and the approach of the settlement check fresh engagements. The Stock Exchange in the town was cheerful, except in the case of Americans, which, at the opening, were weak in sympathy with the New York market, and owing to fears of strike developments and dearer money. Later, however, they rallied. Business was of an entirely professional character. Grand Trunks were weak, copper shares were lower and Kaffirs had a sagging tendency.

Consols for money, 98 7-16; consols for the account, 98⅝. Atchison, 27¼; Canadian Pacific, 80½; St. Paul, 114¾; Illinois Central, 118; Louisville, 71¾; Union Pacific pfd, 73¾; New York Central, 130¾; Erie, 11; Pennsylvania, 64¾; Reading, 17¾; Erie first pfd, 42¾; Northern Pacific pfd, 76¾; Grand Trunk, 6¾; Anaconda, 6⅝; Rand Mines, 4⅝. Bar silver, dull, 28 15-16d per ounce. Money, 3½ per cent. Short bills, 4 per cent; three months' bills, 4 per cent.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The tendency of business on the bourse today was to be flat, the China news being considered less favorable. In most of the departments there was a continuance of selling. Rentes were firm and there was a good investment demand.

BERLIN, Sept. 24.—Business was quiet on the bourse today, owing to many of the leading operators being absent. International securities were neglected. Americans were weak, notably Northern Pacifics, on unfavorable traffic receipts. Banks and industrials declined owing to the continuance of selling.

In the New York Mining Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Mining stocks:

Cholar		Ontario	575
Crown Point	10	Ophir	50
Con. Cal. & Va.	105	Plymouth	5
Deadwood	45	Quicksilver	150
Gould & Curry	30	Do pfd	700
Hale & Norcross	18	Sierra Nevada	53
Homestake	8000	Standard	400
Iron Silver	65	Union Con.	17
Mexican	25	Yellow Jacket	20

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24.—Today's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $134,692,290; gold, $76,804,712.

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Chicago Stock-Yards receipts and shipments of live stock today:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Sept. 24	20,000	600	30,000	30,000
Total last week	50,508	2,722	155,940	70,650
Previous week	58,713	2,813	143,016	67,499
Cor. week 1899	59,810	3,082	141,806	84,389
Shipments—				
Monday, Sept. 24	5,500	760	8,000	2,500
Total last week	20,340	707	28,215	9,080
Previous week	20,413	582	33,076	12,103
Cor. week 1899	19,093	280	34,424	8,028

Monday's receipts with comparisons at four points:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	20,000	40,000	25,000
Kansas City	6,000	6,000	4,000
Omaha	10,600	1,600	10,700
St. Louis	3,900	4,900	1,500
Totals	51,500	50,500	41,400
Cor. day last week	44,000	46,000	40,400
Cor. day 1899	40,000	42,200	45,000

Packers purchased 27,900 hogs and shippers 6,000, leaving 14,500 in the pens. Armour bought 5,000, Anglo-American 4,000, Hammond & Lunham 3,000, Continental 7,000, Hammond 1,600, Lipton 1,500, Morris 2,900, Swift 7,000, and butchers 1,400. Trade was active and 5@10c higher. Sales ranged at $5.20@5.30 for prime to fancy heavy, $5.10@5.20 for good to choice mixed, $5.00@5.10 for fair to good mixed, $4.90@5.00 for packing grades, $4.85@4.95 for light, $5.12½@5.20 for pigs, $3.50@4.75 for bulk of sales, $5.10@5.15 for choice to prime assorted, and $5.00@5.10 for prime heavy. Sheep—Receipts, 10,000. Market slow, lower. Western muttons, $3.00@4.00; stock sheep, $3.25@3.65; lambs, $4.00@4.80.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,700 natives, 6,300 Texans, 1,500 calves. Market about steady. Prices as follows: Native shipping steers, $4.00@5.25; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.15@5.50; steers under 1,000 lbs, $3.25@5.15; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.60; cows and heifers, $2.40@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.25@4.00; Texas and Indian steers, $3.20@4.85; cows and heifers, $2.30@3.70. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000. Market 5@10c lower. Pigs and lights, $5.40@5.50; packers, $5.15@5.35; butchers, $5.40@5.60. Sheep—Receipts, 1,900. Market steady. Lambs, $4.00@5.15; muttons, 4.00; lambs, $4.25@5.25; culls and bucks, $2.25@3.75; stockers, $2.50@3.25.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000, including 9,000 Westerns. Market steady on best, slow, lower on medium and common. Native steers, $4.00@5.75; cows and heifers, $4.00@4.70; Texas steers, $3.25@4.25; cows and heifers 10c lower, $3.10@4.25; canners, $1.50@2.90; stockers and feeders steady to lower, $3.25@4.65; calves, $3.00@5.50; bulls, stags, etc., $2.50@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 1,400. Market 2@10c lower. Heavy, $5.00@5.12½; mixed, $5.10@5.15; light, $5.12½@5.20; pigs, $3.50@4.75; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.15. Sheep—Receipts, 10,000. Market slow, lower. Western muttons, $3.00@4.00; stock sheep, $3.25@3.65; lambs, $4.00@4.80.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,700 natives, 6,300 Texans, 1,500 calves. Market about steady; good steers steady; others lower; bulls and cows lower; steers, $4.50@5.80; bulls, $2.75@4.00; cows, $1.70@3.50. Cables quote live cattle slow at 10¾@12c; sheep, 11@12c; shipments, none. Calves—Receipts, 2,302; slow and 25c off. Hogs—Receipts, 5,033; 5c lower; sheep, $3.00@3.75; tops, $5.00; grassers and butchers, $3.00@3.50; mixed and fed calves, $3.62½@4.25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 23,381; sheep, 15@20c off; lambs, 25@40c lower; sheep, $3.00@4.50; culls, $2.50; lambs, $4.50@6.00. Canada lambs, $5.50@6.00; culls, $3.50@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 12,202; market easier at $5.80@6.00.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,900, including 2,000 Texans. Market a shade easier. Native shipping steers, $4.25@5.40; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.15@5.50; steers under 1,000 lbs, $3.25@5.15; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.60; cows and heifers, $2.40@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.75; bulls, $2.25@4.00; Texas and Indian steers, $3.20@4.85; cows and heifers, $2.30@3.70. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000. Market 5@10c lower. Pigs and lights, $5.40@5.50; packers, $5.15@5.35; butchers, $5.40@5.60. Sheep—Receipts, 1,900. Market steady. Lambs, $4.00@5.15; muttons, 4.00; lambs, $4.25@5.25; culls and bucks, $2.25@3.75; stockers, $2.50@3.25.

CHECK WHEAT ADVANCE.

BIG RUSSIAN SHIPMENTS A BEAR FACTOR.

Coupled with an Increase on Ocean Passage and in the Domestic Visible Supply They Depress Prices—Continued Rains in Northwest and Strong Markets There a Contending Bull Influence—Trade in Other Cereals and Provisions.

Large world's shipments, an increase of over 2,000,000 bu in the amount on passage, and an increase of over 1,100,000 bu in the domestic visible supply, were the chief news factors which made for lower prices of wheat in yesterday's market, while contending with them for the controlling influence were renewed rains in the Northwest and strong markets there. At first the Northwest situation occupied the larger place in the eyes of the speculative trade, and there was a gain at the opening of ½@⅝c. But the ability of Russia and the Danubian countries to export 3,766,000 bu of wheat, more than the total exports from this country for the week, an increase of 1,480,000 bu over their own record for the previous week, and 680,000 bu ahead of the corresponding week last year, was a disturbing element in the calculations of some holders, and caused considerable liquidation. It suggested the possibility of liberal competition from those countries with America, whenever the price became satisfactory, in supplying the deficiencies of the rest of Europe, the total shipments being rather more than the estimated weekly needs, 7,986,000 bu, to 7,458,000 bu the week before, and 7,371,000 bu last year. Prices shaded off about 1c, and then hesitated until the posting of the figures of the visible supply, when there was a further drop of ½c. But the rains Northwest, with a prediction of more in the three States last night, convinced some of the local traders the selling had been overdone, and their buying caused a rally of ½c, closing prices showing a loss of ⅝@⅞c. October range was from 70¼c to 77⅝c, with the close at 78¼c. The early selling, which counted most against the price, was by commission houses—Harris, Logan, Ware-Leland, and Schwarz-Dupee being prominent. The Northwest was a buyer, the Southwest a fairly active seller. Foreigners were reputed sellers. The amount on passage increased 2,186,000 bu, to 27,152,000 bu, compared with 27,480,000 bu last year, when there was an increase of 52,000 bu. The visible supply, with an increase of 1,066,000 bu, reached a total of 54,998,000 bu, compared with 39,288,-000 bu last year, when there was an increase of 440,000 bu. Local stocks in public houses grew larger by 467,000 bu, and are 13,369,000 bu. The Northwest had 850 cars, to 784 the week before and 1,891 last year. Primary receipts, however, showed a gain, being 1,727,476 bu, to 1,594,282 last year. Primary shipments were 791,285 bu, to 665,480 bu last year. Export clearances were heavy at 746,137 bu. There was a good local cash business for millers' account, sales being 160,000 bu No. 1 Northern, but there was nothing done for export, and the seaboard reported 120,000 bu. The slack business here was due in part to firm views of holders, there being bids for hard winter at 2c under September, c. i. f. Buffalo, a narrowing of the discount by ⅝c, considering the reduction in lake rates. Minneapolis gained ⅛c for cash and 1-16c December, and Duluth was unchanged. Other domestic markets were weak, New York losing ⅛c and St. Louis ⅜@⅝c. The Liverpool market was narrow, with the range for futures ¼d and the close unchanged to ¼d lower. Spot was steady to ¼

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

125, Sept. 20 [N. T. Sharman to E. Hillebrand] 2,500
Leavitt-st., 120 s of Homer, w f, 24x100, Sept. 21 [G. Muller to Charles H. Wulff] 1,500
N. 40th-av., n w cor Potomac, e f, 50x124½, Sept. 6 [Title Guar. and Trust Co. to Godfried Jacobs] 1,800
120th-st., 74 w of Wallace, s f, 124x100, Sept. 21 [Louis Cohen to Lizzie Cohen] 3,000
St. Louis-av., 200 n of Carroll, e f, 25x120¼, incumbrance of $3,200, Sept. 19 [John A. Usher to Ulick Bourke] 5,000
Robinson-av., 183 s of Chicago, e f, 40x125, [35th Ward], Sept. 8 [H. Monheimer to Andrew J. Mason] 3,300
Lincoln-av., s w cor Carmen, e f, 22x101 1-3, Sept. 4 [Mary Brunton to Magdalena Fox] 2,000
Gage-ct., 108 w of Western-av., n f, 50x125, Sept. 20 [J. E. Carmody to C. P. Rabe] 1,000
Flournoy-st., 105 w of Albany-av., s f, 25x99, Sept. 18 [Henry Friend to Miriam L. Graham] 6,800
Cottage Grove-av., 195 s e of 24th-st., e f, 25x100, Sept. 13 [Illinois Conference Assn. of 7th Day Adventists to Tillie E. Donohue] 4,900
St. Lawrence-av., 157 s of 45d-st., w f, 19-99-100x126, Sept. 18 [John Tesner to James Donohue] 4,000
Cornelia-av., 206 e of Racine-av., s f, 25x125, incumbrance $1,000, Sept. 11 [K. Knoesing to M. Gerkensmeyer] 2,500
George-st., 138 w of Southport-av., s f, 25x125, Aug. 8 [John P. Wagner et al. to Katharina Steines] 1,500
Hoyne-av., 84 s of Greenwich-st., e f, 20x100, Sept. 22 [H. Wolge et al. to Auguste Beyertuss] 1,650
Marion-st., 110 s of Division-st., e f, 20x107, Sept. 20 [Barbara Waldorf to Jacob C. Waldorf] 1,500
Huron-st., 122 e of Orleans, n f, 25x100, Sept. 24 [Wm. J. Gibbons to Anthony Gibbons], revenue $6 1
Same property, Sept. 24 [Anthony Gibbons to Maggie Gibbons], revenue $3 1
Olive-st., 123 n of Ashland, w f, 24x112 1-3, Sept. 21 [J. F. Dwyer to Catherine Dwyer], revenue $1 1
Van Buren-st., 228 w of Aberdeen, n f, 20x100, Sept. 21 [August Caruso to Frank Caruso] 1,900
Van Buren-st., 255 w of Aberdeen, n f, 25x100, Sept. 21 [August Caruso to Frank Caruso] 1,900
Langley-av., 109 s of 42d-st., e f, 25x134, Sept. 10 [Louis F. Wagner to Wm. E. Foulks] 1,900
Grand-blvd., 247 n of 44th-st., w f, 50x180, Sept. 21 [John Trayner to Charles J. Trayner] 12,000
Kimbark-av., 179 s of 63th-st., e f, 21x165, Sept. 21 [Newton C. Wheeler to Chas. G. Rage], incumbrance $5,000 9,000
Premises 33 and 35 Willis-ct., 25x72 each, and 32 and 38 Willis-ct., 20x72 each, Sept. 18 [Edmund A. West to Chas. W. Kellogg] 7,500
Premises 11 Raleigh-ct., 25x72, and 9, 30, 31 Willis, 20x72 each, Sept. 13 [Edmund A. West to Lizzie A. Kellogg] 7,500
Premises 5943 and 5945 Calumet-av., 50x x110, and appurtenances, leasehold interest therein, Sept. 21 [John Berry et al., by M. C., to Helen Quivey] 80,000
Warren-av., 151 s of Lincoln-st., n f, 26x125, Sept. 10 [Ed. A. Margetson to Catherine Ryan] 2,000
Kedall-st., 192 e of Taylor, e f, 24x100, Sept. 17 [Mary Dettmann et al. to Olga S. Hohers] 1,500
Woodlawn-av., 126 n of 80th-st., w f, 50x122½, Sept. 20 [M. Kaiser to Lena Manke], incumbrance $1,000 3,000
State-st., s of 55th-st., 50x100, Sept. 20 [Edward Grace to Michael J. Joyce] 4,500
Vincennes-av., s e cor 36th-st., w f, 99x180 [except e 86 ft and s 40½ ft], and all improvements, Sept. 22 [Jno. W. McKinnon to Ervyn E. Busby] 200,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the building department yesterday:
Dawes & Kaiser, 1-story brick additional, 78-84 Curtis-st. ..... $ 1,800
Sam Brown, jr. & Son, three 1-story brick cottages, 37-39-41 Foster-av. 4,500
C. Nelson, 2-story brick private barn, 5314 Morgan-st. 1,600
Board of Education, 3-story brick schoolhouse, 4111-29 Calumet-av. 120,000
F. Novotny, 3-story brick flat, 1641 W. 22d-st. 8,000
J. Mittelstadt, 2-story brick flat, 1296 W. 16th-st. 3,000
Paula H. Fink, 2-story brick flat, 3169 Jackson-blvd. 5,000
C. Karsten, 2-story brick store and flat, 1971 Armitage-av. 5,000
E. Engebretson, 1-story frame cottage, 807 N. Noble-st. 1,000
L. C. Bode, 1-story frame cottage, 1054 N. 40th-ct. 1,000
H. Nelson, two 1-story frame cottages, 1934-1940 McLean-av. 2,000
J. Carlson, 1-story frame cottage, 2483 Ontario-st. 1,000
S. B. Gross, fourteen 1½-story frame dwellings, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 616, 618, 606, 607, 611, 615, 617 Costello-av. 24,500
S. E. Gross, twelve 1½-story frame dwellings, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1161, 1159, 1157 N. Lawndale-av. 21,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:
Olney Electric Light and Power company, Olney; capital, $25,000; operating electric light, power, and heating plant; incorporators, Henry E. Hughes, Edward S. Hughes, William Bower.
Mississippi Valley Brokerage and Investment company, East St. Louis; capital, $100,000; to transact real and commission business; incorporators, William M. Leftwich, Meredith B. Johnson, Joseph J. Mullally.
Barrios Diamond company, Chicago; diamonds and jewelry business; capital, $2,500; incorporators, L. Weirg, Sam Brown, Frank Rose.
Purves Heating company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing heating apparatus; incorporators, Thomas C. Purves, John G. M. Appleton, William H. Miller.
Manhattan Laundry company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; laundry business; incorporators, Charles M. Foell, W. N. Gemmill, J. R. Perry.
Canton Publishing company, Canton; capital, $5,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, J. W. Strong, C. B. Adams, R. A. Perkins.
Catholic Publishing company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, John J. Mahoney, Mildred A. Mahoney, Eugene F. O'Riordan.
Cook County Shoe Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; manufacturing boots and shoes; incorporators, John F. Hartray, Benjamin Shaw, Daniel Shaw.
Fine Arts Journal, Chicago; capital, $10,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, F. J. Campbell, W. De Mos, H. W. Faust.
Krag Manufacturing company, Chicago; name changed to the Tengwall File and Ledger company.
Columbia Feather company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing and mercantile; incorporators, Sidney Shaw, Frederick W. Haake, Gale Blocki.
Foreign incorporations:
Sherman-Worrell Fruit company, East Orange, N. J.; capital, $2,000,000; capital in Illinois, $2,500.
Electrolysis-Proof Conduit Manufacturing company, San Francisco, Cal.; capital stock, $200,000; capital in Illinois, $3,500.

TRIBUNE READY REFERENCE DIRECTORY.

Art, Beveled, and Stained Glass.
The Flanigan & Biedenweg Co., 67 to 63 Illinois-st.

Assayers and Refiners.
DICKMAN & MACKENZIE, 1224 Rookery. M. 4515.
GOLDSMITH BROS., 63 Washington-st. Bullion bought & sold. Prompt & accurate assay of ore.

Bakery Goods.
Ask your grocer FOR BRYCE'S STAR BREAD. PALM'S HOME BAKERY, 379-81 W. Harrison.
PIPER'S MA-MA BREAD. Like mamma made it.

Birds and Taxidermy.
GREBASCH BIRD STORE, 117 Dearborn-av.
KAEMPFER'S BIRD STORE, 88 State-st.

Building, Curb, and Sidewalk Stone.
Charles L. Boyd, Receiver, 305 Chamber of Com.

Butchers' Supplies, Refrigerators, Etc.
Paul J. Daemicke Co., 240 E. Lake. Tel. M. 3773.

Buyers of Old Gold and Silver.
LIPMAN, 99 Madison. Cash for all precious metals.

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S. D. CHILDS & CO., 140 Monroe-st.

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GUNTHER, C. F., Bonbons and Chocolates. Send for wholesale or retail catalogue. 212 State-st.

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STAMBEN & BLOME, Unity Bldg. Central 12.

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COOK & McLAIN, 80 Dearborn. M. 3047. Oak. 539.
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Detective Agencies.
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DYCHE'S PRESCRIPTION DRUG STORE—N. W. cor. State and Randolph-sts. Tel. Central 2558.

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J. RISWIG, 208-10 Randolph. Tel. M. 3750.

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H. L. TOLMAN, 929 Opera-House Bldg.

Fine Fur Garments and Repairing.
CHICAGO FUR CO., 157 State. Catalogue free.

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Fire and Liability Insurance.
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JOHN C. SCHUBERT & CO., 8. W. COR. MONroe and Wabash-av. Telephone Main 2358.

Furnaces and Steam Heating.
Barker & Jackson furnaces, the best in use; steam and hot water heating. Large stock second-hand furnaces, very low; steel and gas ranges; cleaning and repairing. 1818 Wabash-av.

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YATES, 900 Lakeside Bldg., 216 Clark-st.

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Liquid Hair Soap.
Keeps hair from turning gray, removes dandruff, etc. Mme. M. Hessler, specialist for the growth of hair. Marshall Field Annex, Room 930-934.

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High-class, agency for "Connelly," New York. Maison Nouvelle, 310 Wabash, Auditorium.

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BEEK, 22 Washington. Eyeglasses, artificial eyes.
BOERLIN CO., LOUIS, 88 Washington-st.
BORSCH & CO., scientific opticians, 103 Adams.
MANASSE, L., Tribune Building, 88 Madison-st. $1 BUYS BEST SPECK. F. Morgan, 93 Madison.

Paper Dealers.
Empire Paper Co., 177-179 Monroe-st. M. 5046.

Parquet and Hardwood Floors.
CHICAGO FLOOR CO., 155 Wabash. Catalog free.
E. B. MOORE & CO., 48 Randolph. Tel. M. 779.

Patent Lawyers.
LOTZ, R. W., 163 Randolph-st. Pamphlet free.
MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 163 Randolph-st.
T. SUNDERLAND, 6805 Union-av., Normal Park.

Physicians.
DR. CARROLL, Specialist. Diseases of men only. 130 Dearborn-st. Private Tel., Central 3013.

Picture Frames, Mats, and Regilding.
F. A. BRYDEN & CO., 331 Wabash. Tel. H. 1957.

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RYAN & HART CO., 22 and 24 Custom House-pl.

Rubber, Brass, and Steel Stamps.
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Gregg's Shorthand School, 57 Washington-st.

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GEO. E. COLE & CO., 86 and 88 Dearborn-st.

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PHONOGRAPH EXCHANGE, 73 5TH-AV.

Trusses, Deformity Apparatus.
E. WOLFERTZ, 60 5th-av. Ruptures positively cured with my new improved truss. Trusses from $2 to $15. Elastic stockings, etc. Catalogue.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—A POSITION OF SOME kind in wholesale house by Southerner, age 22, strong, some experience; will work cheap; wish to learn; highest reference. G G 810, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, STEnographer, typewriter; does not sacrifice spelling, accuracy, and grammatical construction for speed; references. Address G A 528, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AGE 27, in general banking goods; thoroughly experienced; reasonable salary; A1 reference. Address W 744, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper in general office; German young man; reasonable salary. Address V 333, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, NEAT appearing, accurate at figures, good penman; salary $7; references furnished. W 750, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper, office and business man. S 234, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN IN private family as butler and general worker; has a good knowledge of his business, is honest, reliable, and satisfactory; good reference. Address X 903, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COLORED MAN AND wife, good cook, man housework; private family; wife, 201 Dearborn-av., rear.

SITUATIONS WANTED — MAN AS BUTLER, wife as cook; good reference. Address 2962 State-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; WILLing, best city reference. Address W 755, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED first-class coachman; best refs. W 740, Tribune.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED stenographer and typewriter; good speller; rapid, accurate, and reliable; permanent; refs. Address V 845, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT MALE stenographer, 3 years' experience; Remington. Address W 769, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER and general office man; rapid and accurate; reasonable salary. Address W 774, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG EXperienced bookkeeper and stenographer; ten years with last employer. X 926, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—ON FARM BY MARried man, age 37, as manager; can do all kinds of work; experienced nearly all my life; can furnish good references. Address C. A., Daily News, Aurora, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 23 years old; unmarried and lives at home; good references and bond if required; good accountant; salary no object. Address W 757, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN EMployed in office would like care of horse, cow, horse, or other work about place for board and room. Address W 748, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — JAPANESE PHYSIcian, Doane Medical College, can make nerve, massage a specialty; references, city physicians. K. MORIHIRA, M. D., 2462 Wentworth-av.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 21, IN large establishment; able and willing to do anything. Address W 773, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY SINGLE COLORED man as cook; good habits; competent. Call, 4 days, 2409 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—TO REPRESENT GOOD, reliable house; going to South America at once. Address X 933, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — COLORED MAN; ANY kind of steady work; references. 3202 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG FIRST-class bartender; best refs. W 741, Tribune.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—DARK GRAY OVERCOAT, TAKEN BY mistake from parlor car by passenger on Michigan Central train arriving in Chicago at 5:25 p. m. Saturday. Reward if returned to 1323 Marquette Bldg.

LOST—WILL FINDER OF 2 BLANK BOOKS, containing list of names, please return to 2 Lake-st. elevated, please notify owner where to call for same; reward. Address W 760, Tribune office.

LOST — SUNDAY NIGHT, SILK BELT WITH old fashioned silver buckle, 4302-st. car to Rockwell-Wentworth-av. to 63d-st. Return 520 E. 44th-st., 3d flat. Suitable reward.

LOST—SIDE SATCHEL CONTAINING TICKET to Peoria, on Illinois Central R. R. Paulina-st. before 9 o'clock this morning for reward.

LOST — SUNDAY, GOLD SOVEREIGN, SET as watch charm. Finder return and receive $10 reward. A. W. DRAPER, 125 Dearborn-st.

LOST—SMALL DIAMOND CROWN STICK PIN. By returning same to the Winnemac, Ellis and Oakwood-avs., finder will get suitable reward.

LOST—POCKETBOOK IN ILL. SAVINGS BANK. Please return key and one-half the money to First flat, 352 Belden-av.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—A. W. T.: PLEASE CALL AND see R. H. M. at Reaper Block at once. I. J. T.

INSTRUCTION.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, AUDITORIUM (TOWER).
The BERLITZ METHOD is the only natural method by which pupils speak and think in the new language at the very first lesson.
TRIAL LESSONS FREE.
PARIS EXPOSITION, 1900.
2 gold medals. 2 silver medals.

LEARN PALMISTRY—A RELIABLE BUSIness. For terms apply at the Zanclg's School of Palmistry, 271 Wabash-av.

SHORTHAND FOR PROFESSIONAL USE IN three months, book, $1; for private use in one month, book, 25c; day, evening, and mail courses; convincing proofs of superiority. KIMBALL'S TRAINING SCHOOL, 118 ADAMS.

JENNER EVENING MEDICAL COLLEG, 196-198 S. Washington-st.—Gives complete medical education; term beginning now; write for catalog.

CHICAGO BUSINESS COLLEGE, 69 WABASH-av.—Thorough courses; personal instruction; all term, day and evening. Tel. Main 2970. Cat. free.

RECEPTIONS AND CLASSES OPEN NOW, 8 P. m.; all styles of dancing. Bennett Institute, Hall 455, 26 E. Van Buren-st.

PENMANSHIP, ARITH., GRAMMAR, LITERAture, letter writing; private course; $5. Bennett Inst., 438 Athenæum Bldg., 26 Van Buren.

TELEGRAPHY, ON RAILROAD AND COMMERcial lines; practical work; $25 month; positions given; investigate. Second floor, 73 Jackson-st.

PIANO LESSONS GIVEN BY YOUNG STUDENT; 25 cents lesson; references Ziegfeld. 271 Rush-st., second flat.

PRIVATE NIGHT SCHOOL OPENS OCT. 1—Stenography and business courses, 50 cents per week. E. R. RILYIA, Principal, 95 Dearborn-av.

MANDOLIN, GUITAR, BANJO; $3 TERM; BEgin now; Italian professor. 73 Jackson-blvd.

SINGING AS A SCIENCE; VOICES TESTED free. MARY M. SHEDD, 905 Steinway Hall.

EXPERIENCED TEACHER DESIRES PUPILS; best city refs. Address TUTOR, 3636 Indiana-av.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL ALL YEAR—3 MOS., nights, $10. Jones Bus. College, 100 Washington.

DRAMATIC ART, ELOCUTION, ORATORY, PENcing. LESTER SHAFFNER, 81 S. Clark-st., R. 24.

TYPEWRITERS.

BARGAINS IN ALL LEADING MAKES OF MAchines; excellent machines rented, $3 monthly; large assortment always on hand. W. C. GOODHUE & CO., R. 8, 125 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 4154.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED TO RENT MOVING PICTURE MAchines; please state terms. Address G O 160, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MIDDLEBY OVEN NO. 3; PRICE $100. at 6100 Wentworth-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED — AS CASHIER AND bookkeeper in grocery and market; 8 years' experience; A1 references; 8. S. G O 404, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED telephone switchboard operator; willing to do office work; best of references. G W 501, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BRIGHT YOUNG woman, who understands business and is a willing, conscientious worker. X 917, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, BY exceptionally good young saleslady. Address X 882, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED YOUNG lady as cashier; experience, refs. W 746, Tribune.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—AS LADY'S MAID BY Swedish girl; good hairdresser; best references furnished; no objection to traveling. Address M188 THEKLA HELANDER, 5937 Marshfield-av.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY, TRAINed nurse, will assist with housework for board, room and small wages. Address F K 474, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG GIRL DESIRES second work; willing to assist with children. Address M188 S., 767 42d-st., 3d flat.

SITUATION WANTED—SECOND WORK, BY a first-class Swedish-American girl. Please call Tuesday, 5414 5th-av., 1st flat, rear; no postals.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN-AMERICAN, first-class cook; no washing or ironing; private family best of references. W 771, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — COLORED GIRL, second work or waitress; So. Side; ref.; good wages. Call 459 W. 69th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NORWEGIAN GIRL; housework; no children. 323 W. Ohio-st., second floor, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG FRENCH-Swiss girl, newcomer; understands taking care of children. 663 Washington-blvd.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED GIRL; chamber work, maid, or light general housework. C. JOHNSON, 2214 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE girl for 2d work; best of references; N. S. Address F F 232, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — RESPECTABLE COLored girl, day work, as second girl; experienced. 2332 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GIRLS FOR GENeral housework; work for one second girl. 3723 Vincennes-av.

SITUATION WANTED—CARE OF FURNISHed apartment; excellent girl; hours 8 to 7; S. S. Address W S 63, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED girl for housework; city references. 2721 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT 2D girl as seamstress; best of references furnished. Address F M 817, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED GIRL as maid, waitress, office, or flat work. 2920 State-st., rear.

SITUATION WANTED — BY SWEDISH EXPErienced second girl; small American family; references. 5636 Lake-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT COOK and laundress; American family; wages $6. 2914 South Park-av.

SITUATION WANTED — BY 1ST-CLASS Southern cook; colored. 2714 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPETENT cook; city or suburbs. 3723 Vincennes-av.

SITUATION WANTED — TO ASSIST WITH housework for room and board. P 8 511, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED WOMan, general housework. Address 1439 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GENERAL HOUSEwork or second girl. 4903 Calumet-av., Flat 4½.

SITUATION WANTED — AS CHAMBERMAID. Inquire LULU PERKINS, 110 E. Erie.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED girl in small family; North Side. W 745, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—GOOD PLACE TO DO pastry; wages, $5. Address W 776, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL TO assist in housework. X 902, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK, BY A girl with good refs. Address 5743 Armour-av.

Housekeepers.

LADY WITH RESPECTABLE WIDOWER, 8 years' experience. 1728 Milwaukee-av. Call from 2 to 4:30 p. m. only.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—NURSE OR LADY'S maid; best refs. HOUSE DOSE, 4837 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WET-NURSE, IN good family. 48 String-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—DRESSMAKING IN families, $1.25 per day; lunch only. Address DRESSMAKER, 310 Michigan-av., Room 50.

SITUATION WANTED — GOOD DRESSMAKER would like making in families; references. Address X 927, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SEWING AT HOME. 175 East Indiana-st., top flat. Alice O'Hara.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH GIRL AS dressmaker. 2450 Wentworth-av., 2d floor, front.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HANDKERSS WANTS day work; drop postal; no callers. 4620 Langley-av., basement.

SITUATION WANTED—DAY WORK, BY EXperienced laundress in private families. 1030 Noble-av.

SITUATION WANTED—WASHING BY GOOD washwoman; will take it out of the house. 121 Sleight-st.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR washing by the day. 2535 Calumet-av., 1st floor.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COOKS, 2D GIRLS, nurses, laundresses, waitresses, chambermaids, housekeepers, housemen, nurse girls, couples, general domestics. Established 15½ years. Telephone 869 North. 132 N. Clark-st. MATHEWS.

SITUATIONS WANTED — HAVE NUMBER first-class girls for positions; all nationalities. MISS BROWN, 529 S. Clark-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COOKS, SECONDS, nurses, housework, with references. Tel. S. 860. Woman's Exchange, 3310 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COOKS, SECONDS, nurses and general girls. FIRST, 280 E. 43d-st.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS Lady stenographer; wholesale preferred; salary, $12 to $15 per week; best references. Address W 780, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY STEnographer; some exp., with machine; $5. Address S 343, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOgrapher; good writer and speller; rapid, accurate; reasonable salary. Address W 779, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS STENOGRAPHER; 6 months' experience; moderate salary to begin. Address W 739, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT LADY stenographer; 5 years' experience; Smith or Rem.; salary reasonable; best refs. X 922, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A YOUNG LADY stenographer. Address 417 Maxwell-st.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — TO READ BY THE hour to invalids or shut-in persons, by middle-aged woman who has had a number of years' experience in the work; terms moderate. Address N 917, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A GERMAN NURsery governess. Address MARIE AIRES, 2973 Indiana-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS woman; day work of any kind. Call 2700 South Park-av.

SITUATION WANTED—ANY KIND OF WORK by the day; references given. T 511, Tribune.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

RECEIVER'S SALE—ESTATE OF LOUIS H. Manson, trading as Manson Cycle company, bankrupt. By order of court I will sell all the property of the said Manson coming to me as receiver and consisting of machinery, etc., bicycles complete and in process, furniture and fixtures; also my interest in lots 1 to 7, and 12, 13, and 14, blk. 4, Ridgely's add., at corner Pratt, Morgan, and West Superintendent's; also one lot of accounts.

Bids will be received by me and are to be for all or parcels of the property, and to be accompanied by a certified check for 25 per cent of the amount of such bid. Right reserved to bid in; bid must not be less than the total bids in parcels. Bids will be presented to the United States District Court on Oct. 4, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., and are subject to the approval of the Judge of said court.

Inventory can be examined at my office or at above premises. PATRICK DAVENPORT, Receiver in above estate, 1407 Title and Trust Bldg., Chicago.

THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the by-laws a meeting of the stockholders of the CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the General Offices of the Company, Monadnock Building, in the City of Chicago, on Tuesday, Oct. 2, 1900, at 11 o'clock a. m. For the purpose of this meeting the books of the company will be closed at 12 o'clock noon Sept. 22, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock a. m. Oct. 3.
ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.
New York, Sept. 19, 1900.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

THE GREAT NORTHERN ACADEMY OF Dancing will teach you to waltz, two-step, glide, polka, schottische, Pembroke glide, and three new society dances, debut, fantasy, and Belifield, for $2. 75-75 Jackson-blvd.

DANCING—BALLROOM, SOCIETY DANCES; best instruction and music; large hall; Tues. and Friday receptions at 8; Sat. 4; 10 lessons, $2.50. Bennett Inst., 438 Athenæum Bldg., 26 Van Buren.

ARTISTIC STAGE DANCING, STEP, JIG, BUCK and wing, reel, clog, skirt. Spanish dancing taught. JOHN R. BENNETT, 438, 26 E. Van Buren-st.

STAGE AND BALLROOM DANCING; PRIVATE lessons; special attention to children. 69 Maple-st.

METCALFE'S DANCING SCHOOL REOPENS at 3120 Forest-av., Saturday, Oct. 6. Private lessons daily at 2138 Michigan-av.

KRETLOW'S SCHOOL FOR DANCING AND deportment begins Monday, Oct. 1, 1900; send for circulars. 401 Webster-av.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND POOL TAbles; rented tables, with privileges of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 268 Wabash.

ELEGANT BRUNSWICK POOL AND BILLIARD tables, sell, rent, reasonable. Fowler, 672 VanBuren.

OPTICIANS.

EYES NEED GLASSES? CLINIC PRICES; BEST advice and skill; $1 upwards; guaranteed. EYE College, 1023 Masonic Temp. We teach glass fitting.

PRINTING.

1,000 CARDS, 50 CTS.; ENVELOPES $1.50. C. F. FLATTAU, printer, 181 Clark-st. Central 84. We bar resident, unused postals.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

CORRESPONDENT — IN PHOTOGRAPHIC goods department of large house; must be thoroughly experienced and capable of dealing direct with the consumer. Address G L 875, Tribune office.

INVOICE CLERK—MUST WRITE GOOD, plain hand; good position to right party. Address W 759, Tribune office.

LEDGER MAN — FIRST-CLASS EXPERIenced, who can bond with Fidelity Co. Address, stating age, refs., experience, and salary expected, G G 112, Tribune office.

MAN—BRIGHT, YOUNG, ACTIVE, FOR PRICing and extending; prefer one experienced in electrical goods; salary $7. X 923, Tribune office.

PHARMACIST—REGISTERED—MUST SPEAK German; single; state salary. Address T 555, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN IN GENTS' FURNISHING goods department; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Fulton and Desplaines-sts.

YOUNG MAN OF ABOUT 17 AS OFFICE BOY; must write good hand, be well recommended, and live with parents; salary $25 per month. Address W 761, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—IN DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Fulton and Desplaines-sts.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—TO REPRESENT A NEW YORK FIRM THROUGHOUT THE WEST. MEN OF ABILITY, WHO KNOW WHERE AND HOW TO FIND MANAGERS OF ADVERTISING DEPARTMENTS. MAY SECURE AN EXCEPTIONALLY PROFITABLE OPPORTUNITY BY CALLING ON ALBERT H. HARRIS, AUDITORIUM HOTEL, BETWEEN 8 AND 10 A. M. OR 2 AND 3 P. M. ON WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 26. AFTER THAT DATE WRITE TO SAME ADDRESS.

ASSISTANT MANAGER AND SOLICITOR—FOR old established printing house; experienced man preferred; state ref. Address S 463, Tribune office.

CAPABLE MEN OUTSIDE OF CHICAGO TO sell mackintoshes to men and women; tailoring or other agents whose work brings them in direct contact with the consumer can make money with our goods; we pay no salaries, but you make your own selling price and profit. Applicants state what they have sold and for whom. Write to Inter-State Rubber Co., 221 5th-av., Chicago.

CANVASSERS—EVERYWHERE FOR MURAT Halstead's book on the Galveston disaster; quick seller; best terms; outfits free. LINDBERG & CO., 52 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

CITY SALESMEN—GOOD MEN, WITH BEST references, to solicit high-class specialty; liberal terms. Sempire Clock Co., 803 Fisher Building.

CLOAK MAN—EXPERIENCED RETAIL; ONE who understands his business, capable of taking charge of floor; also a good salesman. EDWARD B. GROSSMAN & CO., 172 State-st.

HOUSE CANVASSERS—EITHER SEX; CITY and country; transportation furnished. Traynor Music company.

MEN FOR CITY TRADE; NONE BUT EXperienced men need apply; $20 weekly salary. League American Druggists, 57 Franklin-st.

SALESMAN—A FIRST-CLASS, EXPERIENCED woolen salesman to sell goods over an old territory, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and a portion of Illinois; only those who have been and are selling woolens to good trade in the above territory need apply. Address Henry C. BIDDLE & CO., Philadelphia, Penna.

SALESMAN—TO SELL OUR FINE GROCERIES in towns or country; profitable, steady, desirable; headquarters for carload men; established 25 years; satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. G. W. GAVERIN & BROWNE CO., Chicago.

SALESMAN OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address. The right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply between 9 and 11 a. m. International Society [DAVIS], 521 Wabash-av.

SALESMAN — AN EXPERIENCED INSTALLment salesman to sell our line of household goods from wagon. C. F. ADAMS CO., 221 State-st., 3d floor.

SALESMAN—BRIGHT, CAPABLE, AND ENERgetic salesmen to represent our company in Cook County. Best of references required. Address F R 818, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—UP-TO-DATE, CLEAN-CUT, CApable man, to represent a large institution in Chicago and vicinity. First-class references required. Address F R 819, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—WITH TRADE, TO SELL WRAPping paper in city; salary, or commission. Address T 604, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN ON SWEATers and cardigans, to the trade. Liberty Knitting Mills, 153 Market-st.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS, FOR SPECIAL work; good salary. Send for A1 references. Address F R 820, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — WE DESIRE TO CALL YOUR special attention to our new publication, A Library of Universal Literature," comprising science, biography, fiction, and the great orations, 64 volumes; printed on a fine grade of paper, large, clear type, wide margins, and beautiful illustrations; this set will have an unusually large sale. I. P. ROBINSON, 524 Rand-McNally Bldg.

SALESMEN—THREE, OF MORE THAN AVERage business ability, 30 years of age, to associate themselves with a large Chicago company; must be able to furnish good references as to

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE, PLEASANT south room; excellent accommodation; steam heat; 920. Tribune office.

3RD-ST.—STONE RESIDENCE, DELIGHT- rooms and location; best board; moderate

8 E. 26TH-ST, BETWEEN ELLIS AND LAKE- Newly furnished rooms with board; res- gentlemen preferred.

PRAIRIE-AV.—IN A LARGE DOUBLE good rooms, board; have 2 fine parlors strictly first-class.

CORNER OF 62D-ST. AND STEWART-AV.— and room.

MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR AUDITORIUM— central location; rooms, table, and refs.

WABASH-AV., B. KOHN'S PRIVATE dining-house; reasonable prices.

LAKE-AV.—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, BOARD, block Kenwood station, I. C. H.

MICHIGAN-AV. — LARGE SUITE AND rooms with board; detached house; steam.

WASHINGTON-AV.—DESIRABLE OUT- rooms, modern, with board; 11 min. to city.

LAKE-AV.—PRIVATE FAMILY WISH 2 large room, overlooking lake.

North Side.

-ST.—THE ARDMORE, JUST OPENED, furnished in May; fine table; single running water; walking distance. 1365. MRS. S. J. KAUTZ.

BORN-AV.—STEAM-HEATED ROOMS board; ten minutes' walk; choice location. G. C. GRAY.

TOR-ST., NR. DIVISION-ST. AND LAKE drive—Maison-du-Nord; modern, unique, for people of refinement; reasonable.

ELLSVUE-PL.—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS couples or gentlemen; fine residence locality; cooking; first-class in every detail.

BORN-AV.—LARGE DOUBLE OUT- rooms, nicely furnished; private bath; ex- table.

ONTARIO-ST.—FRONT ALCOVE, WITH bath for three gentlemen; other rooms; good

EARBORN-AV.—FURNISHED FRONT rooms; other rooms, with board; also day board-

SALLE-AV.—FINE ROOMS FOR ONE excellent board.

HURON-ST.—DOUBLE AND SINGLE modern; with board; walking distance.

ELDEN-AV., E. OF CLARK—BACK PAR- front room alcove, with board.

Hotels.

HOTEL JACKSON-BLVD. AND —Having thoroughly renovated and our hotel of 150 rooms, single and we are prepared to offer extraordinary rates for the winter season to families single gentlemen. Our location makes our very desirable for business-men, being only unsurpassed, and every appointment up to date. age solicited. J. J. TAYLOR, Prop.

CLIFTON HOTEL, FORMERLY House (European plan), corner Monroe Wabash-av.; 200 outside, cool, airy rooms, $3.00 upward. House refurnished through- SAMUEL GREGSTEN, Proprietor.

HOLLAND, 83D-ST. AND LAKE-AV.— minutes to city; steam heat, electric lights, suites and accommodations first- Telephone Oak. 192

ONTARIO, N. STATE AND ONTARIO- first-class family and transient hotel; spe- location to families wishing to stop a short to the city. GEO. P. HARLOW, Prop.

CANADA HOTEL, RUSH AND OHIO-STS.— SINGLE AND EN SUITE; CAFE IN 10 MINUTES' WALK TO BUSI- CENTER; PRICES MODERATE.

CUMMINGS, 257 AND 259 ONTARIO- Large front rooms, also single; steam heat, water, first-class table; walking distance.

WYCHMERE (EUROPEAN), 187H-ST. hot water, free ice, gas range; the new and modern- desirable for families and bachelors.

HATES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV. block from S. S. elevated, I. C., and electric steam heat. Tel. Oak. 656. Am. and Eur. plan.

BURGH HOTEL, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD. two and three; also single, with pri- Tel. 1088 South. W. F. ORCUTT.

ALABAMA, ELLIS AND BOWEN-AVS.—ELE- fine table; new, elegant. 792 Oakland.

ROLAND HOTEL, 167 AND 169 MADISON-ST.— with bath; 1 person. Rec. 3 persons, $1.

Miscellaneous.

COME SIT IN THE OFFICE AND have full particulars laid plainly be- fore you. Rooms, $3. HouseKeeping and furnished flat, $13 to $25. Locate you in a few and move trunk free. Retail Co., 860, 189 La Salle-st.

BOARD WANTED.

—TWO ROOMS WITH BOARD FOR 2 aged 5, and man and wife, within miles of courthouse. Address X 905, Tribune

—AND ROOM—IN PRIVATE FAMILY young gentleman; South; near Elevated; rea- Address X 854, Tribune office.

—AND ROOM—NEAR UNIVERSITY, BY lady student; Address W 749, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—545 MICHIGAN-AV., NICELY FUR- nished rooms for gentlemen only; walking dis-

TO RENT—4301 LAKE-AV., FLAT B, NICE rooms; all conveniences; near I. C. and Lake Park.

TO RENT—3308 LAKE-AV., FURNISHED rooms for gentlemen only; everything new Sept. 1st; steam heat; walking distance.

TO RENT—2110 INDIANA-AV., PRIVATE FAM- will rent large, well-furnished parlor, with to traveling man, $20 per month.

TO RENT—TWO NICE, LIGHT, FURNISHED for housekeeping. 3617 Rhodes-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FUR. ROOMS; STEAM $440 Cottage Grove-av.; $1.50. Flat K.

TO RENT—270 MICHIGAN-BLVD., PLEASANT finished front rooms; modern; near Auditorium.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS, and bath. 422 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—2128 INDIANA-AV., FURNISHED room; also single; modern improvements.

North Side.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS; COM- for housekeeping; walking distance. 416 E. -st.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS; heat; bath; private family; telephone.

TO RENT—SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS; hot water; walking. 173 N. State-st., -st.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED, LARGE FRONT room; running water; bath; heat. 529

TO RENT—261 E. SUPERIOR-ST.—DESIRABLE good location; steam; walking distance;

TO RENT—WELL FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; modern. 215 Schiller-st., Flat B 1.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 197 E. Erie-st.

TO RENT—FOR WINTER, 9-ROOM MODERN 552 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—4494 DEARBORN-AV.—ELEGANT rear rooms, $8; single or en suite.

TO RENT—547 LA SALLE-AV., CHOICE DOU- steam, modern; gentlemen only.

TO RENT—201 ONTARIO-ST., SUITE ROOMS; furnished; also large front room.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—IMMEDIately; 1 Suite of

BERG LACE MAK- broidery work at home; born-st., Room 740.

SMALL FAMILY; NO Calumet-av., second

GENERAL HOUSE- Take Lake-st. L to Indiana.

GENERAL HOUSE- with or without wash- av., cor. Jackson.

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NT GIRL FOR GEN- girl is kept. 4033

GENERAL HOUSE- 4927 St. Lawrence-av.

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FOR GENERAL 508 E. 45th-st.

GENERAL HOUSE- -av., 1st flat.

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IRDRESS— re are especially adapted to fill the demand for paid; 4 weeks' term n at once for fall term. -ave.

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ERS, 88 WASHING- diamonds, old gold, ex- ispensable parties sell-

Miscellaneous.

LIST YOUR HOUSES AND FLATS SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 146 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—M. WALKER & CO., 63D-ST. AND Monroe-av. Phone Oakland 208. Modern up-to-date apartments, polished floors, steam heat, and janitor service, etc.

TOWER-CT. BUILDING—6210 to 6218 Madison- av., choice 5, 6, and 7 rooms, new building, inte- rior quarter-sawed oak floors, large, light rooms; $27.50 to $40; close to I. C. trains and elevated.

6130 AND 6132 MONROE-AV., NEW BUILD- ING—Choice large light 7 and 8 room apartments; interior in Flemish and antique oak, white en- amel, mahogany, consoles, refrigerators, hall trees, etc.; medium price to first-class tenants; agent at the building, 2d floor.

SAN ANTONIA BUILDING (NEW)—N. w. cor. of Madison-av. and 61st-st.; 5, 6, and 7 rooms, polished oak floors, refrigerators, light rooms; close to I. C. express and elevated; $32.50 to $40.

PLYMOUTH BUILDING—6341 to 6351 Washing- ton-av., choice 6-room apartments, only $22.50, up.

DAGMAR BUILDING, 6400 to 6408 Madison-av., choice 3 and 4 room apartments, steam heat, $18 to $19; one block from elevated and I. C. trains.

MONTEREY BUILDING—61 to 67 39th-st., near Cottage Grove-av., 4 and 5 rooms, steam heat and hot water, janitor service; $15 to $22.50.

ELRENO BUILDING—450 and 361 E. 63d-st., 5- room modern apartments, polished oak floors; $26.

ALAMEDA BUILDING (NEW)—6130 and 6132 Michigan-av., 5 and 6 rooms, polished oak floors, iron balconies; $35 to $37.50.

6448 AND 6450 KIMBARK-AV.—2d floors, 8 rooms, $40 per month; choice location. Office open Sundays and evenings.

TO RENT—BY L. M. SMITH & BRO., 3947 COT- tage Grove-av. Phone Oak: 656.

THE CUMMINGS, N. E. COR. 51ST AND GRAND-BLVD., a few 5 and 7 room flats; they are going fast; prices on cor. flats have been re- duced from $30 to $60, and from $70 to $50; also some of the 5-room flats have been cut from $2.50 to $2 per mo. Agent on premises to show flats.

3846-50 ELLIS-AV.—We have 3 choice flats of 7 and 8 rooms; this is a new bldg., and has every convenience; rooms are exceptionally large and light; the prices are from $45 to $55.

105-109 47TH-ST., one minute walk from the 47th Kenwood sta.; there are 3 apartments of 7 and 8 rooms; every room is large and light; the bldg. is new; prices from $50 to $65.

The above are exceptional opportunities. See them.

OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED FLATS.—

3504 Rhodes-av., 6 rooms, 2d flat..... $27.50
415 E. 40th-st., cor. Grand-blvd., 8 r..... 27.50
699 E. 49th-st., nr. Grand-blvd., elegant 5- room 2d flat..... 50.00
552 E. 49th-st., 7 rooms, 1st flat..... 35.00
4714 Evans-av., 2d flat, 6 rooms..... 28.00
4444 Champlain-av., 1st flat, 6 rooms..... 25.00
4527 Vincennes-av., 5 rooms, 1st, 2d, and 3d.. 35.00
4735 Prairie-av., beautiful 8-r. flat..... 41.50

MYRON A. PEARCE, 85 Dearborn-st. Branch offices, 3502 Rhodes-av., 424 E. 47th-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.—

4016-18 Michigan-blvd., finest 5 and 6 room apart- ments in city; near Board of Trade trains, Alley L, 39th-st., 43d, State-st., and Indiana-av. cars; steam heat, hot water, janitor service; finish, tile entrance and bathrooms, mantel, console, sideboard, hall tree, refrigerator, medicine case, and gas range, and all modern improvements. Agent on premises.

TO RENT—NOTICE: NEW 8-ROOM PRAIRIE- av. apartments; stone fronts, swell bays, all rooms exceptionally large and light, finished in mahogany, enamel, and quarter-sawed oak, fix- tures and equipments elegant and of latest de- sign, marble entrances, carpeted stairs, raised decorative work, etc.; apartments 92 feet deep; ready Oct. 1; $45 and $50. 5806 to 5816 Prairie-av. NEWBURY & CO., 204 Dearborn. Tel. Cent. 1055.

TO RENT—5400 INDIANA-AV.

12 new 6-room and bath flats. 4636 Calumet-av.

10 new 6-room and bath flats. Most elegant in Chicago. Only $25 up. Only $30 up. Call at once and leave requests. Agents on premises daily.

TO RENT—HYDE PARK, NEAR ILL. C. EX- press trains, $27.50 to $35, light 8-room modern flats; steam, hot water, airy back porch, cemented laundry and storage rooms; beautiful residence lo- cation; time from building to Randolph-st. only 20 minutes. 5215 and 5217 Kimbark-av.

TO RENT—

Pine 6-r., steam-heated 1st flat, n. w. cor. 65th and Farnell-av.; $25.

3 to 5-r., steam heat: 5224 Lake-av., $10 and up. A. S. TERRILL, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—SMALL SUITES; STEAM HEAT, hot water, free ice, gas range; the new and mod- ern; desirable for families and bachelors.

TO RENT—6 AND 7 ROOM APARTMENTS, $10, $11 and $12; 4 rooms, $20. E. ORRIS HART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cent. 2844.

TO RENT—7-R. FLAT, FACING GROVELAND- av.; steam heat, polished oak flooring; near I. C. trains; location very desirable; good view of lake; price $18. D. H. KEYES, Owner, 29 33d.

TO RENT—FINE BLDG.; SPECIAL PRICES. PALAIS ELYSEE, 3 rooms, $24; 4 rooms, $28. FLEUR-DE-LIS, 3 rms., $23; 4 rms., $23 to $27. S. W. COR. WABASH-AV. AND 86TH-ST.

TO RENT—4721 LANGLEY-AV.

2d flat, 8 rooms..... $37.50
3d flat, 8 rooms..... 35.00
Steam heat, hot water, polished floors, janitor.

TO RENT—BARGAINS IN 5-ROOM FLATS; new; strictly modern; only $25.00: 6538-42 W. Bush- asb-av., near 55th-st. station Alley L. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—LES TOURS, COR. 44TH AND IN- diana-av., 5 and 6 rooms, steam heat, high class. DRAPER & KRAMER, 47th and Calumet-av. Open Sundays and evenings.

TO RENT—3135 INDIANA-AV., ELEGANT 7- room modern apartment. DANIEL HARDIN, Owner, 217 31st-st.

TO RENT—HODGES BLDG., 3 AND 4 ROOM flats; steam, hot water, etc.; location convenient for business-men. Apply at elevator, 90 22d-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 3, 4, AND 5 ROOM FLATS; low rent. KINSEY & STANDISH, 95 Washington- st. Branch office, 462 E. 55th-st. Open eves.

TO RENT—MODERN FLATS, STEAM HEAT, $22 to $25 mo.; 336 55th-st., near Kimbark-av. See janitor or H. W. BUCHMAN, 3101 State-st.

TO RENT—495 43D-ST., NEAR GRAND-BLVD., 5, 4-room flats; bath and gas; $15 and $16. HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE 3 AND 4 ROOM FLATS; steam, hot water; $14, $16. 3537 Cottage Grove.

TO RENT—CHOICE FLATS; STEAM, HOT WA- ter; $14, $18. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, GAS ranges, etc.; $10 up. 2329 Calumet-av.

TO RENT — OREGON APARTMENTS, 1526 Mich.-av.; new, 3 to 6 rooms; elegant. 640 South.

TO RENT—PLEASANT 4 AND 5 ROOM FLATS. 1818 Wabash-av. BARKER & JACKSON.

TO RENT—CHOICE FLATS; STEAM, HOT WA- ter; $14, $18. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—5425 JACKSON-AV., 1ST FLAT, SIX rooms; furnace; gas range; owner.

TO RENT—MODERN, CLEAN, 4 AND 5 ROOM apts., $25, $16; adults; tel. 3826 Rhodes-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT NEW 4-ROOM FLAT. 554 E. 46th-pl., near Vincennes-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—416 AND $25—ELEGANT NEW MOD- ern steam-heated 4 and 5 room flats; gas ranges, porcelain plumbing, hot water, all conve- niences; fine neighborhood; near Garfield Park; 3096 Wilcox-av. ALBERT WAHL, 171 La Salle- st., R. 1. Call 12 to 2 p. m. Janitor on premises.

TO RENT—NEW 7-R. FLATS, STEAM HEAT, every modern convenience. 541 S. Francisco- av.; $30 and $35.

281 W. North-av., 4-r. steam heat. A. S. TERRILL, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—5-ROOM NEW, MODERN FLATS and 9 rooms and basement new, modern houses one block from Garfield Park, the most attractive and select district in the city. Inquire of MR. GUN- LOCK, 1646 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—7 AND 8 ROOM NEW, MODERN flats. MRS. WALRATH, 2d flat, 146 St. Louis-

TO RENT—544 W. MADISON-ST., COR. LAFLIN 7 large light rooms; $20. E. GOODRIDGE & CO., 86 Washington-st.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT, COR. OF WHIPPLE and 12th-sts.

North Side.

TO RENT—IN THE MAJESTIC. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF BUILDING, 52 and 54 Walton-pl., cor. Rush-st. Two apartments of six and one of seven rooms and bath; steam heat, janitor service, passenger and freight elevators, telephone, and every other modern convenience; first-class in every respect. Apply to janitor, or G. F. FISCHER, 1220 Stock Exchange Bldg.

TO RENT— OCTOBER 1ST, IN THE SEASONS BUILDING, 810 to 824 Evanston-av.; choice eight and seven room steam-heated apartments, with bath and janitor service; moderate rentals. Apply at build- ing to janitor or G. F. FISCHER, 1220 Stock Exchange Building.

TO RENT—632 LA SALLE-AV., OVERLOOKING Lincoln Park, modern 7 and 8 room apartments; steam heat, hot water, laundry, dining and store rooms, 2 bathrooms. Apply 628 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—TURNER BUILDING, WRIGHT- wood-av. and N. Clark-st., choice steam heated flats, all improvements, $20 to $35. Inquire at office of the building or see janitor.

TO RENT—OTTAWA BUILDING, CORNER Chicago-av. and State-st.; flats of 5 and 6 rooms each; janitor on premises. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HANDSOME, MODERN, 8 ROOM flats; every convenience; $40 and $45; 1782 Wrightwood-av. Inquire of janitor.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FLATS, THE FLORENCE and Kirkwood, near the lake; modern improve- ments. Office, 18 Bellevue-pl., walking distance.

TO RENT—ELEGANT, MODERN 9-R. FLATS, light and airy, very large rooms, just completed; rent moderate. 911 Hamilton-ct., cor. Deming-st.

TO RENT—ONE STRICTLY MODERN 8-ROOM flat; steam heat, etc.; walking distance. 51 Lin- coln Park-blvd., near Chicago-av.

TO RENT—NEW MODERN 1ST FLOOR FLAT of 5 rooms; $30. 1731 Oakdale-av.

TO RENT—NEW 6 AND 8 ROOM MODERN flats; 2 blocks east of elevated. 1438 Wilson-av.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—FLATS OR HOUSES ALL OVER THE city; send for printed list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 987.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—7-ROOM FURNISHED apartment, east of Clark, south of Lincoln Park; also 7-room unfurnished; desirable location; con- venient to transportation; first-class. J. FLOYD, 164 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OF 5 or 4 rooms, October to May, South Side, for 3 adults; must be first-class in every particular. Address X 904, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—6 OR 7 ROOMS, HEAT- ed, modern, nicely located on North Side; very desirable tenants. Address X 911, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, about 6 rs., steam; W. S. preferred. X 916 Tribune

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—STORES AND LIVING-ROOMS; steam heat, hot water. 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—STORE AND LIVING ROOMS WITH steam heat. 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—3849 STATE-ST., STORE. DANIEL HARDIN, 217 31st-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—NEW STORE AND BASEMENT, 572 W. 12th-st.; low rent. LOUDENBACK & CO., 95 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN BUILD- ing S. W. cor. State and Van Buren-sts. SEY- MOUR MORRIS, 140 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—$15 PER MONTH—LARGE, LIGHT office; fine vault, elevator, steam heat, janitor service. Apply Room 74, 119 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE STEAM HEATED OF- fices in Harmarket Theater Building. Elevator till 1 p. m. daily. See janitor.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM, WITH STEN. SERV.; Tel., Dun's, desk; vault; $10. 520 Ashland Block.

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TO RENT—SEVERAL FLOORS, 25X90 FEET; freight and passenger elevators; steam heat; with or without power. 254 E. Madison-st. Floor, with power, 22x70. 201 Dearborn-st. Apply to LAZARUS SILVERMAN, 2d floor, 201 Dearborn.

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TO RENT — LIGHT FLOORS, WITH POWER, steam heat, freight and passenger elevators, and electric light. 153 and 155 W. Jackson-blvd. See engineer.

TO RENT—HALLS.

TO RENT—HALLS FOR BALLS, CARD PAR- ties, receptions, or socials. Apply to STEW- ARD, Oakland club, Oakwood and Ellis-avs.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS, A large, light factory, centrally located, with power; suitable for printing or manufacturing. Apply To Madison-st., Room 14.

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TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

WANTED—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT—SHOP, 14,000 SQUARE feet, with ample power to run light manufactur- ing business; state rental, including power and light. Address G W 468, Tribune office.

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LEASEHOLDS TO SELL AND WANTED.

LEASEHOLD OF HOTEL FOR SALE. AD- dress G G 105, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

MANUFACTURERS, CAPITALISTS, INVEST- ors, and promoters should notice this list of in- ventions for sale at reasonable figures: Fend- neau's railroad switch, Draper's chemical process for tanning leather, Griffin's pool ball collector, Guiltman's preservative for eggs, Booth's mail bag catcher and deliverer, Hick's mouth opener for animals, Walton's improved shirt sleeve, Robin- white's hat, coat, and umbrella holder, Bascom's pneumatic shoe sole, Andre's hand elevator at- tached to step ladders, Waterman's automatic pen holder, Lewis' nutlock, Rasmus & Hanson's auto- matic car wheel device. Other valuable patents for sale. Persons desiring to purchase in any particular line should call on us at once. We as- aid inventors to get capital and assist capitalists to find meritorious inventions. We have clients seek- ing partners to furnish money with which to patent their ideas. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

E. L. FRANK & CO., "The Reliable Brokers," obtain quickest results in selling any legitimate business for spot cash; no commission payable until sale is perfected. Telephone Main 1005. 420 Ashland Block.

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HALF INTEREST IN CORPORATION MANU- facturing furniture, iron specialties; large prof- its; good reasons for selling; price $5,500; in- vestigation solicited. W 977, Tribune office.

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FOR SALE—DECIDED BARGAIN—FACTORY building, 50x100, with 2 floors; West Side; equipments complete; occupied as tailor shops. KABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st. (2d.)

A RESPONSIBLE FIRM WANTS TO INTRO- duce American goods into Mexico; references ex- changed. DE LA HUERTA, Sucesores, Guaymas, Sonora, Mexico.

AN ACTIVE BUSINESS-MAN WITH CAPITAL as an associate to extend a good, cash paying business (est. 20 yrs.); bank refs. Address P R 509, Tribune office.

WANT TO PURCHASE A GOOD PAYING BUSI- ness, $2,000 to $3,000; or would buy an interest if services can be used. Address P R 823, Tribune office.

WANTED TO RENT MOVING PICTURE MA- chines; please state terms. Address G O 160, Tribune office.

I HAVE PATENTED LIFE SAVING NET FOR fires; reference, Chicago fire dept.; will sell at reasonable price. Address J. DICK, 1848 87th-pl.

CORNER CIGAR STORE IN PROMINENT HO- tel. S. Side; rent, $50; heat, light; clearing $150 monthly; for $900. COLSEN, Peoria Block.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $275; HALF IN- terest in established business; guarantee $100 month. Address V 366, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OLD-ESTABLISHED WHOLE- sale route; $85 per week guaranteed. For par- ticulars call or address 1200 Hanson-av.

WANT PROMOTER TO SYNDICATE A NEAR by summer resort. Address W 763, Tribune.

MAIL ORDER BUSINESS AT HOME: $5.75 starts you. Address W 754, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FINELY EQUIPPED RESTAU- rant and delicatessen, South Side. Room 906.

$6 PARTS MAIL ORDER BUSINESS AT HOME; big profits. 606, 134 E. Van Buren-st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

ENTIRE CONTENTS OF BEAUTIFULLY FUR- nished home at owner's residence, 3612 Prairie- av.; parlor suits costing $150 each, solid mahog- any; dining-room suite, $600; leather couch, fur- niture, leather couch and easy chairs, solid ma- hogany bookcase, solid mahogany davenport, brass beds, hair mattresses, odd dressers, chiffoniers, wardrobe, gold mirrors, parlor tables, rockers, drapes, curtains, rugs, other goods. Also good mahogany upright piano, $100 if taken at once. These goods are like new, without a scratch, used less than 3 months; will sell separately at once. Day or evening.

FOR SALE—MAGNIFICENT FURNITURE OF 18-room residence; finest productions of Eu- ropean and American art; Dresden, brass, and iron beds, solid mahogany and bird's-eye maple cham- ber suits, oak dressers, odd chiffoniers, ladies' dressing tables, solid mahogany parlor suite, odd rockers, fancy chairs, go-cart, leather couch and chairs, magnificent dining-room suite, with china closet and leather chairs; ladies' desks, book- cases, roll-top desk, combination bookcase in oak and mahogany, fine rugs, heaters, range, large triplicate mirror, palms, pillows, etc.; cheap at once. 545 N. Clark-st.

MUST VACATE TOMORROW; WILL SACRI- fice today costly furniture, nearly new, in the 12- room residence, 1443 Michigan-av., containing im- ported Turkish rugs, davenport, full Turkish bou- parlor chairs, Vernis Martin table, complete din- ing-room set, paintings, draperies, curtains, bric- a-brac, combination writing desk, solid brass and iron beds, hair mattresses, solid mahogany and birdseye maple dressers and chiffoniers, leather couch, Turkish rugs, hall rack, etc. Call bet. 10 and 5 o'clock.

STOVES AND RANGES—FULL LINE "MAJES- tic" malleable iron and steel ranges, from $27 up; will burn soft as well as hard coal, also gas and wood; heating stoves, new; parlor stoves, "Old Favorite;" brands guarantee of quality; "Beauty" oil heaters, absolutely no odor. Call or send for circulars and booklets. ORR & LOCKETT HARDWARE CO., 71 and 73 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—MUST SACRIFICE AT ONCE MY cooking furniture of 18 rooms; consists of bed- case, dressers, chiffoniers, brass and iron beds, leather couch, Turkish leather rockers, dining- room suit, with leather chairs, solid mahogany parlor suit, fancy tables, rockers, imported rugs, cribs, baby carriage; everything nearly new; sep- arate or together. 24 Lincoln-av., near Clark-st.

FOR SALE—CONTENTS 10 ROOMS; FINE FUR- niture; absolute sale; parlor suits, brass beds, rockers, leather couch, leather Turkish chairs, dressers, chiffoniers, dressing tables, parlor tables, dining table, and leather chairs; sideboard, rugs, desk, upright piano. 1423 Michigan-av.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—SPECIAL SALE EVERY day, slightly used furniture; cheapest place in Chicago. 65 to 75 E. 31st-st. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

FOR SALE—WALNUT BEDS AND SPRINGS, carpets, chairs, sofas, dining tables, and side- boards. Windsor-Clifton Hotel, Wabash and Monroe.

MUST SELL 5,000 YARDS OF CARPET RE- turned from hotel, at 3815 State-st.

WILL BUY FURNITURE IN LARGE OR small lots and pay good prices. STANDARD FURNITURE CO., 389 State-st.

TO RENT—FURNITURE OF 1 PARLOR AND 3 bedrooms, in perfect condition; purchased May 1; leaving the city. Address X 812, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ONE PARLOR AND COOKING stove; also two bedsteads. OTTO BERGER, 181 Lincoln-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP HOUSEHOLD FURNI- ture; almost new. 1527 Belmont-av., Flat Y.

CASH PAID FURNITURE, HOTELS, HOUSES, flats, etc. WALLS, 581 W. Madison-st.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

LAST WEEK OF OUR SEPTEMBER SALE— We will slaughter prices on every article in the store. Desks $12 up. The Baker Safe & Desk Co., 47 Dearborn-st.

DESKS—WE MAKE THEM; LARGE VARIETY; factory prices; bargains in new, damaged, and used. Desks—Cash for your old desk, or new one in exchange. STAFFORD, Steinway Hall.

WANTED—ROLL-TOP DESK AND CHAIR, typewriter cabinet, letter file cabinet, letter press table. Address W 772, Tribune office.

CARPET CLEANING.

NEW PROCESS COLORS RESTORED; FINEST work guaranteed; best references; send for estimates. Imperial Carpet-Cleaning Co., C. E. Nichols, Mgr., 1201 Stock Exchange Bldg. Phone Main 1325.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's castoff clothing.

STAMPS, COINS, PICTURES, ETC.

STAMPS FOR COLLECTORS; ALBUMS, SUP- plies; price list free. F. WOLHEIM & CO., 75 Sta-

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A CONTRACTOR WILL SELL OR exchange for clear vacant property in Hyde Park an improved and well rented property; small in- cumbrance. Address D. 408 Chamber Commerce.

FOR SALE—DOCKS, WAREHOUSE OR MFG. sites, at Chicago; central location; or rent. WALLACE BROS., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE—LOTS $99; ¼ PRICE, $1 WK.; NO int.; great bargains. Jas. Jay Smith, 204 Dear'n.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, A MOST desirable residence, slightly situated on one of the best South Side avenues; large, new furnace and other modern improvements; sunlight in every room; complete repair; near a railroad station, ca- ble, and electric cars; possession given immediate- ly. S. D. WARD, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HERE IS A GREAT BARGAIN; 60 lots at $125 each, east of Ashland-av., south of 69th; solid block, $7,500 for all; these lots will bring double the price now if sold singly and on terms; don't wait, but act. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE, RENT, OR EXCHANGE—5-STORY brick building, 100x100 ft., on Pacific-av., bet. Harrison and Polk-sts., for manufacturing or stor- age; good railroad facilities. Apply to LAZARUS SILVERMAN, second floor, 201 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—6020 LOOMIS-ST., LARGE 2-FLAT on brick foundation; rents $42; this month, 1 yea; price $6,000; or equity. WATSON & BART- LETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAPEST LOT ON SOUTH SIDE; improvements in and paid for; 58x185; near Alley L station, and Ill. Cent. R'y; big snap; $7.50 ft. McKEE & POAGUE, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SNAP—50 FT. ON SO. CHICAGO- av.; near Rhodes

LAWYERS.

DOES ANY ONE OWE YOU ANY MONEY? WE quickly collect wages, notes, board bills, rent, and claims of every description on percentage; no fee of any kind to pay in advance; BY OUR SYSTEM ANY BILL CAN BE COLLECTED; we charge a small commission only and take it out of the bill when collected; this system insures your claims the most vigorous attention, as we get nothing until we make collections; we collect more bad debts than any other agency in Chicago; NO COLLECTION, NO PAY. THE GREENE AGENCY, 502, 59 Dearborn-st. Tel. Central 871.

TROUBLES AND PRIVATE AFFAIRS, "ANY KIND," quickly settled; money for injuries to person, property, etc.; experienced lawyer. Advice free. Call or write. Morris, 116 Dearborn-st., R. 603.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN-ST., established 1864. Advice free. Confidential; quiet service; references: 9,000 successful clients.

LAWYER GIVES FREE CONSULTATION; costs advanced; cheap and confidential service; bankruptcy for total cost $40. R. 820, 123 La Salle.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

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THE METROPOLITAN CAMERA CO., 275 Wells-st., will sell you a camera and outfit for 25c a week; old cameras taken in exch.; free lessons.

4X5 FOLDING CYCLONE, $5.95; CAMERAS EXchanged. Central Camera Co., 81 Adams-st.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—$350—HALF INTEREST, burlesque show; handsomest costume; elegant paper; everything complete. MANAGER, 226 Dearborn-st., Room 610.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

WANTED—BOARDING, MUSIC SCHOOL, OR convent, outside city, for girl; exchange. Address G A 647, Tribune office.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

AMERICAN LINE—
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON [LONDON].
Sailing Wednesday at 10 a. m.
Shortest and most convenient route to London.
Excellent connections at Paris.
SS. St. Louis.....Oct. 3 | SS. St. Louis.....Oct. 24
SS. New York...Oct. 10 | SS. New York...Oct. 31
SS. St. Paul.....Oct. 17 | SS. St. Paul.....Nov. 7
PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL.
Sailings every Saturday.
SS. Pennland...Sept. 29 | SS. Waesland...Oct. 13
SS. Rhynland.....Oct. 6 | SS. Belgenland...Oct. 27
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.
Sailings every Wednesday at noon.
SS. Friesland....Oct. 3 | SS. Westernland.Oct. 17
SS. Southwark...Oct. 10 | SS. Kensington...Oct. 24
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Telephone Central 1111. 143 La Salle-st.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICES.
CHERBOURG, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.
Aller ...Sept. 27, 8 am | Trave ...Oct. 13, 10 am
K. W. d. G.Oct. 2, 10 am | K. W. d. G.Oct. 9, 10 am
Lahn ...Oct. 9, 10 am | K.W. d. G.Oct.30, 10 am
Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON, BREMEN.
Fr. d. Gr....Oct. 4, noon | Fr. d. Gr...Nov. 8, 9 am
CHERBOURG, PARIS, BREMEN.
F'ss Irene.Sep. 29, 10 am | G. Kur'st..Oct. 11, 10 am
Mediterranean Service.
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA
Ems.....Oct. 6, 2 pm | Aller.....Oct. 20, 2 pm
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 90 and 92 Dearborn-st.

GERMAN MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE—
†NORTH-GERMAN LLOYD. *HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
NAPLES AND GENOA VIA GIBRALTAR OR ALGIERS BY EXPRESS STEAMERS.
*Columbia.....Nov. 3 | †Aller.....Nov. 24
†Kaiser Wm. II..Nov. 10 | *Werra.....Dec. 1
*F. Bismarck..Nov. 17 | *Columbia.....Dec. 8
FOR ALEXANADRIA, EGYPT, Jan. 5, 22; Feb. 2.
Return tickets available for the steamers of either line from Naples, Genoa, Gibraltar, Hamburg, Bremen, London, Southampton, Paris, and Cherbourg.
North German Lloyd, Oelrichs & Co., Agents, 5 Broadway, N. Y.
Hamb'g-American Line, 37 Broadway, N. Y.
H. Claussenius & Co., 92 Dearborn-st.
Hamb'g-American Line, N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-st.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
TWIN SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE TO PLYMOUTH (LONDON) CHERBOURG (PARIS) AND HAMBURG.
K. Friedrich....Sept. 27 | A. Victoria.....Oct. 11
Columbia.....Oct. 4 | DEUTSCHLND. Oct.18
TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE TO PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, AND HAMBURG.
Alex. T. to CHERBOURG AND HAMBURG.
Bulgaria.....Sept. 29 | Belgravia .....Oct. 9
Pennsylvania.....Oct. 6 | Pretoria .....Oct. 13
*Sails for Hamburg direct.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts., Chicago.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMERS—
NEW YORK, GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY.
Furnessia.....Sept. 29 | Nov. 3
Ancheria.....Oct. 20 | Nov. 24
Ethiopia.....Oct. 6 | Nov. 24
Astoria.....Oct. 27
City of Rome.....Oct. 3
Or with tour embracing Scotland, England, and Ireland, Berths secured now for best accommodations. Apply to any of our local agents or
HENDERSON BROTHERS,
176 Jackson-blvd., Chicago, Ill.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840.
The Twin-Screw Steamships
CAMPANIA and LUCANIA,
620 ft. long, 13,000 tons, among the largest, fastest, and most magnificent in the world.
UMBRIA, ETRURIA, 520 ft. long, 14,500 H.-P.
IVERNIA and SAXONIA (New Twin-Screw), 600 feet long, 13,000 tons.
Saturday sailings from New York and Boston.
Cunard line record—5 days, 7 hours, 23 minutes.
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
French line—New York to Havre—Paris in one week.
Sailing every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Gascogne....Sept. 27 | La Touraine .....Oct. 11
L'Aquitaine.....Oct. 4 | La Lorraine.....Oct. 18
Fast Express Steamers. Company special vestibuled train Havre-Paris in four hours. Reduced cabin rates, $25 and upwards.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Oceanic .....Oct. 3 Oct. 31 Nov. 28 Dec. 26
Teutonic .....Oct. 10 Nov. 7 Dec. 5 .....
Germanic .....Oct. 17 Nov. 14 Dec. 12 .....
Majestic .....Oct. 24 Nov. 21 Dec. 19 .....
Cymric .....Oct. 30 Dec. 4 .....
THE LOW WINTER RATES NOW IN FORCE.
R. STOCKET FRENCH, General Western Agent.
Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

SHORT ROUTE TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION.
HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
New York, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, via Boulogne-sur-Mer, 2½ hours distant from either Paris or London. New twin-screw steamers Potsdam, Statendam, and Rotterdam. Rates, 1st-class, $60 and up; 2d-class, $42.50. Other steamers carry one class of cabin passengers, $42.50 and upward.
Holland-Amer. Line, 80 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—
VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Pennsylvania S. S. Co. From San Francisco:
RIO DE JANEIRO, Oct. 2; COPTIC, Oct. 10;
AMERICA MARU, Oct. 17. For rates, freight or passenger, apply to
W. G. NEIMYER, Agent, 238 Clark-st., Chicago.

EGYPT AND PALESTINE—
Two tours, leaving New York Sept. 22 and Oct. 20.
70 DAYS. $620.
EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO VISIT THE ORIENT.
Everything first-class. Membership limited.
Write for illustrated itinerary.
HENRY GAZE & SONS, 220 S. Clark-st.

DOMINION LINE—
Fastest Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL, VIA QUEENSTOWN.
S. S. NEW ENGLAND, 11,600 TONS, OCT. 10.
MONTREAL—QUEBEC—LIVERPOOL.
S. S. DOMINION, SEPT. 29.
Richards, Mills & Co., 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

BEAVER LINE, ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
Montreal, Quebec, to Liverpool and Londonderry.
Lowest rates in all classes.
Lake Superior....Sept. 28 | Lake Ontario.....Oct. 5
TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS.
C. F. WENHAM, General Agt., 152 S. Clark-st.
Telephone Central 1569.

AZORES, NAPLES, AND GENOA—
MEDITERRANEAN LINE NEW STEAMERS.
Cabin $50 and up to Azores; to Italy $65 and up.
Tartar Prince....Oct. 6 | Spartan Prince..Nov. 24
Teviot Prince.....Oct. 27 | Tartar Prince....Dec. 1
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 61 Broadway, N. Y.
Romano & Schiarone, G. W. Agts., 355 S. Clark-st.

TO EUROPE VIA ALL OCEAN LINES.
WM. A. FLETCHER, Expert Tourist Agent.
Removed from Clark-st. to new office, 103 Adams-st. Steamer berths reserved in advance.

Lake Navigation.

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE—
Fare, $4 cents to St. Joseph and Benton Harbor on day boats; direct line to Grand Rapids and all Michigan and Indiana points.
Leave 8 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. daily.
Special Saturday 2 p. m. and Sunday 10 a. m.
Dock foot of Wabash-av. Tel. Cent. 2162.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—
For Milwaukee, 8 p. m. daily; for Grand Haven, Muskegon, and Grand Rapids, 7:45 p. m., except Sunday; for Sheboygan and Manitowoc, 8 p. m., except Friday and Sunday; for Green Bay ports, 8 p. m., Wednesday and Saturday. Docks, foot Michigan-av. Tel. Central 76.

MICHIGAN CITY — STEAMER AMERICA, daily, 7:30 p. m. State-st. bridge. Returns 8 a. m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3831 MAIN. Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local to Burlington, Ia.	† 8:30 am	† 2:00 pm
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle	† 8:30 am	† 4:10 pm
Rochelle, Rockf'd, Forreston	† 8:20 am	† 2:00 pm
Local to Ill. and Iowa	*11:30 am	† 7:00 am
All points in Texas	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Galesburg & Quincy	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Clinton, Moline, Rock Island	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk	* 4:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Denver, Utah, California	* 4:00 pm	* 9:30 am
Ottawa and Streator	* 4:00 pm	*10:55 am
Sterling, Rochelle, Rockford	† 4:30 pm	*10:55 am
Lincoln, Omaha, Bluffs	* 5:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Kansas City & St. Joseph	* 5:30 pm	* 9:25 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 5:30 pm	* 9:25 am
Quincy and Kansas City	*10:55 pm	*10:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	*10:55 pm	*10:00 am
Omaha, Lincoln, Denver	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Salt Lake, Ogden & Calif.	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

CHICAGO AND ALTON—UNION PASSENGER Station, Canal-st. bet. Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Cent. 1707.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Joliet Accommodation	* 9:00 am	* 7:30 pm
Prairie State Exp.—St. Louis	* 9:00 am	* 6:00 pm
The Alton Limited—St. Louis	*11:15 am	* 4:30 pm
The Alton Limited—Peoria	*11:15 am	* 4:30 pm
Peoria and Kansas City	* 3:00 pm	* 1:45 pm
Dwight Accommodation	* 5:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Kan. City, Denver & Calif's	* 5:30 pm	* 9:40 am
St. Louis Palace Express	* 5:00 pm	* 7:15 am
St. Louis & Chicago Night Ltd.	*11:30 pm	* 6:00 am
Peoria & Bystand'r Night Ex.	*11:30 pm	* 7:15 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.—MAPLEwood Route. Grand Central Station, 12th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams. Phone 2280 Cent.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis & St. Paul Express	* 8:30 am	* 6:25 pm
Kas. C. City, St. Jos.	* 8:55 am	*10:00 pm
Des Moines, Marshall'n	*11:30 am	* 7:30 pm
Shannon & Byron Local	* 5:10 pm	*10:20 am

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L'Aquitaine.....Oct. 4 | La Lorraine.....Oct. 18
Fast Express Steamers. Company special vestibuled train Havre-Paris in four hours. Reduced cabin rates, $25 and upwards.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Oceanic .....Oct. 3 Oct. 31 Nov. 28 Dec. 26
Teutonic .....Oct. 10 Nov. 7 Dec. 5 .....
Germanic .....Oct. 17 Nov. 14 Dec. 12 .....
Majestic .....Oct. 24 Nov. 21 Dec. 19 .....
Cymric .....Oct. 30 Dec. 4 .....
THE LOW WINTER RATES NOW IN FORCE.
R. STOCKET FRENCH, General Western Agent.
Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

SHORT ROUTE TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION.
HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
New York, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, via Boulogne-sur-Mer, 2½ hours distant from either Paris or London. New twin-screw steamers Potsdam, Statendam, and Rotterdam. Rates, 1st-class, $60 and up; 2d-class, $42.50. Other steamers carry one class of cabin passengers, $42.50 and upward.
Holland-Amer. Line, 80 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—
VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Pennsylvania S. S. Co. From San Francisco:
RIO DE JANEIRO, Oct. 2; COPTIC, Oct. 10;
AMERICA MARU, Oct. 17. For rates, freight or passenger, apply to
W. G. NEIMYER, Agent, 238 Clark-st., Chicago.

EGYPT AND PALESTINE—
Two tours, leaving New York Sept. 22 and Oct. 20.
70 DAYS. $620.
EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO VISIT THE ORIENT.
Everything first-class. Membership limited.
Write for illustrated itinerary.
HENRY GAZE & SONS, 220 S. Clark-st.

DOMINION LINE—
Fastest Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL, VIA QUEENSTOWN.
S. S. NEW ENGLAND, 11,600 TONS, OCT. 10.
MONTREAL—QUEBEC—LIVERPOOL.
S. S. DOMINION, SEPT. 29.
Richards, Mills & Co., 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

BEAVER LINE, ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
Montreal, Quebec, to Liverpool and Londonderry.
Lowest rates in all classes.
Lake Superior....Sept. 28 | Lake Ontario.....Oct. 5
TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS.
C. F. WENHAM, General Agt., 152 S. Clark-st.
Telephone Central 1569.

AZORES, NAPLES, AND GENOA—
MEDITERRANEAN LINE NEW STEAMERS.
Cabin $50 and up to Azores; to Italy $65 and up.
Tartar Prince....Oct. 6 | Spartan Prince..Nov. 24
Teviot Prince.....Oct. 27 | Tartar Prince....Dec. 1
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 61 Broadway, N. Y.
Romano & Schiarone, G. W. Agts., 355 S. Clark-st.

TO EUROPE VIA ALL OCEAN LINES.
WM. A. FLETCHER, Expert Tourist Agent.
Removed from Clark-st. to new office, 103 Adams-st. Steamer berths reserved in advance.

Lake Navigation.

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE—
Fare, $4 cents to St. Joseph and Benton Harbor on day boats; direct line to Grand Rapids and all Michigan and Indiana points.
Leave 8 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. daily.
Special Saturday 2 p. m. and Sunday 10 a. m.
Dock foot of Wabash-av. Tel. Cent. 2162.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—
For Milwaukee, 8 p. m. daily; for Grand Haven, Muskegon, and Grand Rapids, 7:45 p. m., except Sunday; for Sheboygan and Manitowoc, 8 p. m., except Friday and Sunday; for Green Bay ports, 8 p. m., Wednesday and Saturday. Docks, foot Michigan-av. Tel. Central 76.

MICHIGAN CITY — STEAMER AMERICA, daily, 7:30 p. m. State-st. bridge. Returns 8 a. m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3831 MAIN. Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local to Burlington, Ia.	† 8:30 am	† 2:00 pm
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle	† 8:30 am	† 4:10 pm
Rochelle, Rockf'd, Forreston	† 8:20 am	† 2:00 pm
Local to Ill. and Iowa	*11:30 am	† 7:00 am
All points in Texas	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Galesburg & Quincy	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Clinton, Moline, Rock Island	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk	* 4:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Denver, Utah, California	* 4:00 pm	* 9:30 am
Ottawa and Streator	* 4:00 pm	*10:55 am
Sterling, Rochelle, Rockford	† 4:30 pm	*10:55 am
Lincoln, Omaha, Bluffs	* 5:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Kansas City & St. Joseph	* 5:30 pm	* 9:25 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 5:30 pm	* 9:25 am
Quincy and Kansas City	*10:55 pm	*10:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	*10:55 pm	*10:00 am
Omaha, Lincoln, Denver	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Salt Lake, Ogden & Calif.	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

CHICAGO AND ALTON—UNION PASSENGER Station, Canal-st. bet. Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Cent. 1707.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Joliet Accommodation	* 9:00 am	* 7:30 pm
Prairie State Exp.—St. Louis	* 9:00 am	* 6:00 pm
The Alton Limited—St. Louis	*11:15 am	* 4:30 pm
The Alton Limited—Peoria	*11:15 am	* 4:30 pm
Peoria and Kansas City	* 3:00 pm	* 1:45 pm
Dwight Accommodation	* 5:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Kan. City, Denver & Calif's	* 5:30 pm	* 9:40 am
St. Louis Palace Express	* 5:00 pm	* 7:15 am
St. Louis & Chicago Night Ltd.	*11:30 pm	* 6:00 am
Peoria & Bystand'r Night Ex.	*11:30 pm	* 7:15 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.—MAPLEwood Route. Grand Central Station, 12th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams. Phone 2280 Cent.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis & St. Paul Express	* 8:30 am	* 6:25 pm
Kas. C. City, St. Jos.	* 8:55 am	*10:00 pm
Des Moines, Marshall'n	*11:30 am	* 7:30 pm
Shannon & Byron Local	* 5:10 pm	*10:20 am

Schlesinger & Mayer

announce for today and tomorrow their

grand autumn opening correct Paris millinery.

An expose depicting the freshest fashions from the French designers. For real millinery magnificence, for proper mode and precept, Chicago's most correct dressers must, as in former seasons, depend upon S. & M.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY. Ticket office, 212 Clark-st. Tel. Cent. 721. Oakley av. & Wells-st. Station.

The Colorado Special	Leave.	Arrive.
Moines, Omaha, Denver	*10:00 am	*8:30 pm
Des Moines, Omaha, C. Bluffs		*7:42 am
Salt Lake, San Francisco	* 2:30 pm	*9:30 am
Los Angeles, Portland	*10:30 pm	*8:30 pm
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City	* 2:30 pm	*9:30 am
Sioux City, Omaha, Des	* 5:30 pm	*9:55 am
Moines	* 2:30 pm	*9:02 am
Mason City, Fairmont, Clear	* 5:30 pm	*7:45 am
Lake, Parkersburg, Traer	†10:30 pm	†8:30 pm
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	*10:30 pm	*8:30 pm
Dixon, Sterling, C. Rapids	†12:35 pm	†2:35 pm
Black Hills and Deadwood	*10:30 pm	*7:45 am
Duluth Limited	*10:00 pm	*7:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 9:00 am	*9:30 am
Janesville, Madison, Eau	* 5:30 pm	*12:30 pm
Claire	*10:30 pm	*7:45 am
Winona, La Crosse, Madison	* 9:00 am	*3:05 pm
Winona, La Crosse & Western	* 5:30 pm	*9:45 pm
and Minneapolis	*10:10 pm	*7:00 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Nee-	* 9:00 am	*4:10 pm
nah, Appleton, Green Bay	†11:30 am	†7:00 pm
Oshkosh, Appleton Jct	* 5:00 pm	*11:15 pm
Green Bay and Menominee	* 5:00 pm	*4:00 pm
Milwaukee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Ironwood & Rhinelander	† 9:00 am	*9:30 am
Oshk'h, G. Bay, Men'minee, Marquette & Ontonagon	* 5:00 pm	*9:30 pm
Green Bay, Florence, Hurley	*10:30 pm	*7:30 am
Davenport, Rock Island	Lv. *10:00 a. m.,	†12:35
p. m.	*10:30 p. m.	Davenport	Lv. 15:30 p. m.,	p. m.
Rockford and Freeport	Lv. *7:28 a. m.,	*8:45 a. m.
†10:10 a. m.,	†4:45 p. m.,	*6:30 p. m.,	†11:40 p. m.
Rockford	Lv. *7:28 a. m.,	*2:02 p. m.,	*6:30 p. m.
Beloit and Janesville	*8:00 a. m.,	*4 p. m.,	*5:00 p. m.
†8:30 a. m.,	†4:45 p. m.,	†6:30 p. m.	
Janesville	*5:05 p. m.,	*10 p. m.	*10:15 p. m.
Milwaukee	Lv. *8 a. m.,	4 a. m.,	†7 a. m.,	*3 a. m.,	†11:30 a. m.,	†2 p. m.,	*3 p. m.,	†5 p. m.,	*10:30 p. m.	Dly.	‡Ex. Sun.	§Sun.	‖Sat. aDly. to Green Bay. cEx. Monday. †Ex. Sat. aDly. to Menominee.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
G. Bay, L. Mt., Marquette	* 9:00 am	† 9:45 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	* 9:30 am	† 9:45 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 9:00 am	* 9:45 pm
Delavan, Wausau, Merrill	† 9:00 am	† 9:45 pm
Madison and West	† 9:00 am	† 4:00 pm
Delavan-Beloit	*11:30 am	† 4:00 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 2:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	† 2:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Delavan, G. Bay, Portage	† 5:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
Mad. & du Chien & West	† 5:00 pm	† 9:30 am
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	* 4:00 pm	*10:25 am
Madison, Janesville	† 5:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	* 6:15 pm	* 7:35 am
Rockford and Beloit	* 6:15 pm	* 8:30 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, S'x City, Des Moines	* 6:15 pm	* 8:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Pioneer Limited	* 8:30 pm	* 9:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Fast Mail	* 9:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Green Bay, Iron Mountain, Wharton, Calumet, Marq.	*10:35 pm	* 7:00 am
The Copper Country Lim.		
St. Paul—Minneapolis	*10:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, etc	*10:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Ced. Rap.—K. City—S'x City	*10:25 pm	*10:55 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	*10:25 pm	*10:55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver	*10:25 pm	*10:55 pm
Milwaukee, depart	*3:00 a. m.,	†7:00 a. m.,	*9:00 a. m.,	*11:30 a. m.,	*3:00 p. m.,	*5:00 p. m.,	*6:30 p. m.,	*10:30 p. m.	*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon. ‖Sun.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Passenger Station: Van Buren, near Clark-st. City ticket office, cor. Adams and Dearborn-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Fast Mail to Des Moines	* 2:30 am	* 1:45 pm
Illinois & Davenport Mail	* 9:00 am	* 7:50 pm
Des Moines & Iowa Mail	† 9:00 am	* 2:00 pm
Peoria Express	* 2:00 pm	* 7:50 pm
Washington & Uskaloosa	† 9:00 am	† 4:45 pm
Joliet Express	*11:45 am	* 3:45 pm
Joliet Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	* 8:30 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis	* 4:00 pm	*10:45 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	* 4:00 pm	* 7:50 am
Peru Accommodation	† 6:00 pm	† 8:30 am
Joliet Special	* 5:00 pm	† 8:50 am
K. City, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Atch., Colo. & Tex. Exp.	* 5:45 pm	* 9:55 am
Peoria	* 5:45 pm	† 4:45 pm
Omaha, Lincoln, Fairbury	* 5:45 pm	* 9:55 am
Local to Davenport	† 1:00 pm	* 7:50 pm
Big Five to Denver, C. Springs, Pueblo, Omaha and Lincoln. Composite Lib'y Buffet car. Dining car service.	*10:00 pm	* 7:50 am
Cedar Rap., St. Paul & Min.	*10:00 pm	* 7:50 am
Kas. City, Atch., St. Joe, Des Moines, Omaha, Tex. & Col.	*11:30 pm	† 7:00 am
Peoria & Davenport	*11:30 pm	† 7:00 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park Row. Trains for the South (except fast mail) can also be taken from